#### **DIAGNOSIS & TESTING**

## **Communications Network**

## **Principles of Operation**

There are three module communication networks connected to the Data Link Connector (DLC), **Controller Area Network, (CAN)**, **Standard Corporate Protocol (SCP)**, and **International Standards Organisation (ISO)**. CAN and SCP are unshielded twisted pair cable; data bus + and data bus -, while ISO is a single wire system. (The exceptions to this are the Adaptive Damping Control Module (ADCM), the Engine Control Module (ECM), and the Air Conditioning Control Module, (A/CCM) which have two wires). The networks can be connected to the Jaguar approved diagnostic system or scan tool by the DLC.

The SCP communication network remains operational even with the severing of one of the bus wires. Communications will also continue if one of the bus wires is shorted to ground or battery positive voltage (B+), or if some, but not all, termination resistors are lost.

The ISO network, however, will not function if the circuit is damaged.

Modules may log DTCs if power supply or ground is interrupted. Supply and ground tests are in this section under the DTC number flagged, or by module name in the pinpoint tests.

Some faults may occur without logging a network DTC. If this is the case, refer to the wiring diagrams to determine which network includes the faulty circuit, and follow the pinpoint test indicated in the DTC index.

The instrument cluster (IC) is connected to the CAN and SCP communication networks, and forms a 'gateway' between the networks. The networks share information, allowing sensors to serve more than one network.

## Inspection and Verification

- 1. Verify the customer concern.
- 2. Confirm which, if any, warning lights and/or messages were displayed on the instrument cluster.

#### NOTE

If any warning lights and/or messages were displayed when the fault occurred, refer to the Driver Information table for DTCs associated with the display, then to the DTC index table for possible sources and actions. Some warnings will appear to clear when the ignition is cycled. This is often because the warning has flagged as a result of one of the vehicle's on-board diagnostic routines having run to detect the fault. If the same routine is not run when the ignition is switched **ON**, the warning will not reflag until the routine does run. See the DTC summaries for drive cycle routines.

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3. Visually inspect for obvious signs of mechanical or electrical damage.

## **Visual Inspection Chart**

## Electrical

## General

- Fuses (see table)
- Wiring harness
- Correct engagement of electrical connectors
- Loose or corroded connections

#### **Controller Area Network (CAN)**

- Instrument cluster (IC)
- J-Gate (gear shift) illumination module (GSI)
- Engine control module (ECM)
- Transmission control module (TCM)
- ABS/Traction control module (ABS/TCCM)
- Vehicle speed interface module (VSIM)

## **Standard Corporate Protocol (SCP)**

- Instrument cluster (IC)
- Body processor module (BPM)
- Security and locking control module (SLCM)
- Passenger door control module (PDCM)
- Driver door control module (DDCM)
- Passenger seat control module (PSCM)
- Driver seat control module (DSCM)

## **International Standards Organisation (ISO)**

- Restraints control module (RCM)
- Adaptive damping control module (ADCM)
- Engine control module (ECM)
- Key transponder module (KTM)
- Air conditioning control module (A/CCM)
- Body processor module (BPM)

## **Fuse Identification Chart**

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supercharged  10 Amp Engine control module Engine compartment fuse box  10 5 Amp Engine control module EMS fuse box  17 15 Amp Body processor module Driver side fuse box  18 Amp Body processor module Driver side fuse box  19 Amp Body processor module Driver side fuse box  10 Amp Body processor module Driver side fuse box  10 Amp Restraints control module Driver side fuse box  10 Amp Restraints control module Driver side fuse box  10 Amp Restraints control module Driver side fuse box  10 Amp Transmission control module Driver side fuse box  10 Amp Transmission control module  10 Amp Transmission control module Driver side fuse box  EMS fuse box  EMS fuse box  10 Amp Transmission control module Driver side fuse box  EMS fuse box  EMS fuse box  Emgine compartment fuse box  10 Amp ABS/Traction control module Driver side fuse box  Engine compartment fuse box	Fuse	Rating	Circuit	Location
10	04	5 Amp, naturally aspirated, 10 Amp supercharged	Engine control module	EMS fuse box
15 Amp	05	10 Amp	Engine control module	Engine compartment fuse box
Body processor module   Driver side fuse box	10	5 Amp	Engine control module	EMS fuse box
15 Amp	17	15 Amp	Body processor module	
10 Amp Restraints control module Driver side fuse box 14 10 Amp Restraints control module Driver side fuse box 14 10 Amp Restraints control module Driver side fuse box 15 Amp, naturally aspirated, 10 Amp Supercharged Transmission control module Driver side fuse box 16 5 Amp Transmission control EMS fuse box 18 30 Amp ABS/Traction control module Driver side fuse box 18 30 Amp ABS/Traction control module Driver side fuse box 19 ABS/Traction control Engine compartment fuse box 10 Amp ABS/Traction control Engine compartment fuse box 11 D Amp ABS/Traction control Engine compartment fuse box 12 D Amp Adaptive damping control module Driver side fuse box 18 Adaptive damping control fuse box 19 Adaptive damping control fuse box 20 Amp Adaptive damping control fuse box 21 D Amp Adaptive damping control fuse box 22 D Amp Adaptive damping control fuse box 23 D Amp Adaptive damping control fuse box 24 D Amp Adaptive damping control fuse box 25 D Amp Adaptive damping control fuse box 26 D Amp Adaptive damping control fuse box 27 D Amp Adaptive damping control fuse box 28 D Amp Adaptive damping control fuse box 39 D Amp Air conditioning control fuse box 40 D Amp Air conditioning control fuse box 41 D Amp Air conditioning control fuse box 42 D Amp Air conditioning control fuse box 43 D Amp Air conditioning control fuse box 44 D Amp Air conditioning control fuse box 45 D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D	05	15 Amp	Body processor module	Driver side fuse box
Restraints control module   Driver side fuse box	07	15 Amp	Body processor module	Driver side fuse box
14 10 Amp Restraints control module Driver side fuse box   15 Amp, naturally aspirated, 10 Amp supercharged   10 10 Amp	04	10 Amp	Restraints control module	Driver side fuse box
04       5 Amp, naturally aspirated, 10 Amp supercharged       Transmission control module       EMS fuse box         01       10 Amp       Transmission control module       Engine compartment fuse box         16       5 Amp       J-Gate illumination module       Driver side fuse box         18       30 Amp       ABS/Traction control module       Engine compartment fuse box         16       30 Amp       ABS/Traction control module       Engine compartment fuse box         04       5 Amp       ABS/Traction control module       Engine compartment fuse box         01       10 Amp       Vehicle speed interface module       Engine compartment fuse box         02       20 Amp       Adaptive damping control module       Luggage compartment fuse box         04       05 Amp       Adaptive damping control module       Luggage compartment fuse box         06       10 Amp       Air conditioning control module       Passenger side fuse box         12       10 Amp       Air conditioning control module       Driver side fuse box         14       10 Amp       Instrument cluster       Driver side fuse box         14       10 Amp       Security and locking control module       Luggage compartment fuse box         15       25 Amp       Passenger door control module       Driver side fuse box	05	5 Amp	Restraints control module	Driver side fuse box
supercharged module  1 10 Amp Transmission control module  5 Amp J-Gate illumination module  18 30 Amp ABS/Traction control module  19 ABS/Traction control module  10 Amp ABS/Traction control module  11 ABS/Traction control module  12 ABS/Traction control module  13 ABS/Traction control module  14 ABS/Traction control module  15 Amp ABS/Traction control module  16 Brigine compartment fuse box  17 Adaptive damping control Luggage compartment fuse box  18 Adaptive damping control module  19 Adaptive damping control module  10 Amp Air conditioning control module  10 Amp Air conditioning control module  11 Amp Air conditioning control module  12 Brigine compartment fuse box  13 ABS/Traction control Luggage compartment fuse box  14 DAmp Air conditioning control module  15 Amp Instrument cluster Driver side fuse box  16 DAmp Air conditioning control module  17 DAmp Air conditioning control module  18 SAmp Instrument cluster Driver side fuse box  19 Amp Assenger door control module  10 Amp Assenger door control module  11 DAmp Assenger side fuse box  12 Driver seat control module  13 Driver side fuse box  14 Driver side fuse box  15 Driver side fuse box  16 Driver side fuse box  17 Driver side fuse box  18 Driver side fuse box  19 Driver side fuse box  10 Driver side fuse box  11 Driver side fuse box  12 Driver side fuse box  13 Driver side fuse box  14 Driver side fuse box  15 Driver side fuse box  16 Driver side fuse box  17 Driver side fuse box  18 Driver side fuse box  19 Driver side fuse box  10 Driver side fuse box  10 Driver side fuse box  11 Driver side fuse box  12 Driver side fuse box  13 Driver side fuse box  14 Driver side fuse box  15 Driver side fuse box  16 Driver side fuse box  17 Driver side fuse box  18 Driver side fuse box  19 Driver side fuse box  10 Driver side fuse box  10 Driver side fuse box	14	10 Amp	Restraints control module	Driver side fuse box
module box  J-Gate illumination module Driver side fuse box  ABS/Traction control module box  ABS/Traction control Engine compartment fuse box  Description of the post of the pos	04			EMS fuse box
ABS/Traction control module  16 30 Amp  ABS/Traction control module  17 ABS/Traction control module  18 ABS/Traction control module  19 ABS/Traction control module  10 Amp  ABS/Traction control Engine compartment fuse box  10 Amp  ABS/Traction control Engine compartment fuse box  10 Amp  ABS/Traction control Engine compartment fuse box  10 Amp  Adaptive speed interface module  Adaptive damping control Luggage compartment fuse box  10 Amp  Adaptive damping control module  Adaptive damping control fuse box  Adaptive damping control module  Adaptive damping control fuse box  Adaptive damping control fuse box  Adaptive damping control module  Air conditioning control module  Driver side fuse box  Driver side fuse box  10 Amp  Instrument cluster  Driver side fuse box  Driver side fuse box  11 D Amp  Instrument cluster  Driver side fuse box	01	10 Amp		Engine compartment fuse box
module box  ABS/Traction control module box  ABS/Traction control module box  ABS/Traction control module box  Bengine compartment fuse box  O1 10 Amp Vehicle speed interface module box  O2 20 Amp Adaptive damping control module Luggage compartment fuse box  O4 05 Amp Adaptive damping control module Luggage compartment fuse box  O6 10 Amp Air conditioning control module Driver side fuse box  O7 10 Amp Instrument cluster Driver side fuse box  O8 10 Amp Driver door control module Driver side fuse box  O8 Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  O9 Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  O1 20 Amp Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  O1 20 Amp Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  O1 20 Amp Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  O1 20 Amp Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  O1 20 Amp Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  O2 Passenger side fuse box  O3 Passenger side fuse box  O4 Passenger side fuse box  O5 Amp Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  O6 Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  O7 Passenger side fuse box  O8 Passenger side fuse box  O9 Passenger side fuse box  O1 20 Amp Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  O1 Passenger side fuse box  O1 Passenger side fuse box	16	5 Amp	J-Gate illumination module	Driver side fuse box
module box  ABS/Traction control module box  10 Amp	18	30 Amp		Engine compartment fuse box
module   box	16	30 Amp		Engine compartment fuse box
module box  Adaptive damping control fuse box  Passenger side fuse box  Air conditioning control fuse fuse box  Driver side fuse box  Air conditioning control fuse fuse fuse box  Driver side fuse box  Driver side fuse box  Adaptive damping control fuse box  Passenger side fuse fuse fuse fuse fuse fuse fuse fus	04	5 Amp		Engine compartment fuse box
module fuse box  Adaptive damping control fuse box  Adaptive damping control fuse box  Air conditioning control module  10 Amp  Air conditioning control module  Box  Air conditioning control module  Driver side fuse box  Driver side fuse box  Instrument cluster  Driver side fuse box  Instrument cluster  Driver side fuse box  Driver door control module  Driver side fuse box  Passenger side fuse box  Driver seat control module  Driver side fuse box  Driver side fuse box  Driver seat control module  Driver side fuse box  Driver side fuse box  Driver seat control module  Driver side fuse box	01	10 Amp		Engine compartment fuse box
module fuse box  Air conditioning control passenger side fuse box  12 10 Amp Air conditioning control module  B 5 Amp Instrument cluster Driver side fuse box  14 10 Amp Instrument cluster Driver side fuse box  Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box	02	20 Amp		
module box  Air conditioning control module  Driver side fuse box  Instrument cluster Driver side fuse box  Instrument cluster Driver side fuse box  Instrument cluster Driver side fuse box  Security and locking control Luggage compartment fuse box  Driver door control module Driver side fuse box  Driver door control module Driver side fuse box  Driver door control module Driver side fuse box	04	05 Amp		
module  18 5 Amp Instrument cluster Driver side fuse box  14 10 Amp Instrument cluster Driver side fuse box  15 Amp Security and locking control fuse box Driver door control module Driver side fuse box  Driver door control module Driver side fuse box  Passenger door control Passenger side fuse box  Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  Passenger side fuse box  Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  Passenger side fuse box  Passenger seat control Passenger side fuse box  Passenger side fuse box	06	10 Amp		
14 10 Amp Instrument cluster Driver side fuse box  Security and locking control Luggage compartment fuse box  15 25 Amp Driver door control module Driver side fuse box  Passenger door control Passenger side fuse box  O1 20 Amp Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  Passenger seat control module Driver side fuse box	12	10 Amp		Driver side fuse box
01       5 Amp       Security and locking control module       Luggage compartment fuse box         15       25 Amp       Driver door control module       Driver side fuse box         15       25 Amp       Passenger door control module       Passenger side fuse box         01       20 Amp       Driver seat control module       Driver side fuse box         01       20 Amp       Passenger seat control module       Passenger side fuse box         01       20 Amp       Passenger seat control module       Passenger side fuse box	18	5 Amp	Instrument cluster	Driver side fuse box
module fuse box  15	14	10 Amp	Instrument cluster	Driver side fuse box
Passenger door control Passenger side fuse box  Driver seat control module  Driver side fuse box  Passenger side fuse box  Passenger seat control passenger side fuse box  Passenger seat control passenger side fuse box	01	5 Amp		
module box  1 20 Amp Driver seat control module Driver side fuse box  2 Amp Passenger seat control module Passenger side fuse box	15	25 Amp	Driver door control module	Driver side fuse box
01 20 Amp Passenger seat control Passenger side fuse module box	15	25 Amp		_
module box	01	20 Amp	Driver seat control module	Driver side fuse box
06 5 Amp Key transponder module Driver side fuse box	01	20 Amp		
	06	5 Amp	Key transponder module	Driver side fuse box

<sup>4.</sup> Where the Jaguar approved diagnostic system is available, complete the S93 report before clearing any or all fault codes from the vehicle.

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#### NOTE:

If a DTC cannot be cleared, then there is a permanent fault present that flags again as soon as it is cleared. (The exception to this is P1260, which will only clear following an ignition OFF, wait one minute, ignition ON cycle after rectification.)

5. If the cause is not visually evident and the Jaguar approved diagnostic system is not available, use a scan tool to retrieve the fault codes before proceeding to the DTC index chart, or the symptom chart if no DTCs are set.



## A CAUTION:

Diagnosis by substitution from a donor vehicle is NOT acceptable. Each vehicle is configured to it's own VID block, and substitution of control modules may not only not confirm a fault, but may cause faults in the vehicle being tested and/or the donor vehicle.



## **CAUTION:**

Electronic modules are sensitive to static electrical charges. If exposed to these charges, damage may result.



## CAUTION:

When probing connectors to take measurements in the course of the pinpoint tests, use the adaptor kit, part number 3548-1358-00.

#### NOTE:

When performing electrical voltage or resistance tests, always use a digital multimeter (DMM) accurate to 3 decimal places, and with an up-to-date calibration certificate. When testing resistance, always take the resistance of the DMM leads into account.

#### NOTE:

Check and rectify basic faults before beginning diagnostic routines involving pinpoint tests.

- 6. If an obvious cause for an observed or reported concern is found, correct the cause (if possible) before proceeding to the next step
- 7. If the cause is not visually evident, verify the symptom and refer to the DTC index.

## **Driver Information Chart**

## NOTE:

Use this table to identify DTCs associated with the message centre display, then refer to the DTC index for possible sources and actions.

#### NOTE:

For definitions of Default Modes, see the foot of this table.

Warning light	Message	Default Mode	DTC
Amber	Restricted performance, DSC fault, DSC system fault	Engine speed limited, reverse throttle progression enabled	P1637
Amber	Restricted performance	Engine speed limited, reverse throttle progression enabled	P1638
Amber	Restricted performance	Engine speed limited, reverse throttle progression enabled	P1642
Amber	Restricted performance	Engine speed limited, reverse throttle progression enabled	P1643
Amber	Cruise not available	Cruise (speed) control inhibited	P1696
Amber	Restricted performance/gearbox fault	Gearbox default to set gear	P1796
Amber	Restricted performance/gearbox fault	Engine speed limited, reverse throttle progression enabled	P1797

#### **Default mode Definitions**

#### LIMP-HOME MODE

- Throttle motor off
- Throttle motor relay off
- Throttle motor circuit off
- Fuel intervention
- Cruise (speed) control Inhibited

## LIMP-HOME UNAVAILABLE

- Power limitation
- Vehicle speed limited to 74.5 mph (120 kph)
- Reverse throttle progression enabled \*
- Cruise (speed) control Inhibited

#### REVERSE THROTTLE PROGRESSION

Throttle opening limited to maximum 30%

#### NOTE:

\* The throttle operation uses the same map as for reverse gear.

## **ENGINE SPEED LIMITED**

- Engine runs normally, up to 3000 RPM
- Engine speed restricted to 3000 RPM maximum, by fuel cut-off

#### **HIGH IDLE**

- Throttle valve kept in fixed position by motor
- Cruise (speed) control Inhibited

## **SAFETY REDUNDANCY**

- Power limitation
- Vehicle speed limited to 74.5 mph (120 kph)
- Reverse throttle progression enabled

• Cruise (speed) control Inhibited

## **Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) index**

DTC	Description	Possible Source	Action
P1637	CAN ABS/TCCM token missing	CAN open circuit fault:     ABS/TCCM to ECM      CAN also to its in it fault.	For CAN open circuit tests, Goto << <b>R</b> >> for vehicles with supercharger,
		CAN short circuit fault	Goto << <b>\$</b> >>
		ABS/TCCM failure	for vehicles without supercharger. For CAN short
		• ECM failure	circuit tests, Goto < <t>&gt; . Contact dealer technical support for advice on possible module failure.</t>
P1638	CAN IC token missing	CAN open circuit fault: IC to ECM	For CAN open circuit tests,
		CAN short circuit fault	Goto << <b>R&gt;&gt;</b> for vehicles with supercharger,
		• IC failure	Goto << <b>\$</b> >>
		• ECM failure	for vehicles without supercharger. For CAN short circuit tests, Goto < <t>&gt; . Contact dealer technical support for advice on possible module failure.</t>
P1642	CAN circuit	CAN short circuit fault	For CAN short circuit tests,
	malfunction	Control module failure - check for additional logged DTCs to locate control module source	Goto < <t>&gt; . Contact dealer technical support for advice on possible module failure.</t>
P1643	CAN TCM token missing	CAN open circuit fault: TCM to ECM	For CAN open circuit tests, Goto << <b>R</b> >>
	eeg	CAN short circuit fault	for vehicles with supercharger,
		• TCM failure	Goto << <b>S&gt;&gt;</b> for vehicles without
		• ECM failure	supercharger. For CAN short circuit tests, Goto < <t>&gt; . Contact dealer technical support for advice on possible</t>
			module failure.
P1649	ECM flash programming circuit malfunction	ECM to DLC circuit: short circuit to ground, short circuit to battery	For ECM flash programming circuit tests, Goto << <b>W</b> >> .
None	SCP circuit malfunction	Short circuit fault in SCP network	For SCP circuit tests, Goto << <b>U</b> >>
None	ISO circuit malfunction	Short circuit fault in ISO network	For ISO circuit tests, Goto << <b>V</b> >>

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## Power Supply/Ground test index

Description	Possible Source	Action
BPM supply or GROUND failure	BPM permanent supply fault	For BPM circuit tests,
	BPM GROUND fault	Goto << <b>A&gt;&gt;</b>
SLCM supply or GROUND failure	SLCM permanent supply fault	For SCLM circuit
	SLCM GROUND fault	tests, Goto << <b>B</b> >>
PDCM supply or GROUND failure	PDCM permanent supply fault	For PDCM circuit tests, Goto << <b>C</b> >>
	PDCM GROUND fault	
DDCM supply or GROUND failure	DDCM permanent supply fault	For DDCM circuit tests,
	DDCM GROUND fault	Goto << <b>D</b> >>
PSCM supply failure	PSCM permanent supply fault	For PSCM circuit tests, Goto < <e>&gt;</e>
DSCM supply failure	DSCM permanent supply fault	For DSCM circuit tests, Goto < <f>&gt;</f>
IC supply or GROUND failure	IC permanent supply fault	For IC circuit tests,
	IC ignition switched supply fault	Goto << <b>G</b> >>
	• IC GROUND fault	
RCM supply or GROUND failure	RCM ignition switched supply fault	For RCM circuit tests, Goto << <b>H</b> >>
	RCM GROUND fault	•
ADCM supply or GROUND failure	ADCM permanent supply fault	For ADCM circuit tests,
	ADCM ignition switched supply fault	Goto << <b>l&gt;&gt;</b>
	ADCM GROUND fault	
KTM supply or GROUND failure	KTM permanent supply fault	For KTM circuit tests,
	KTM accessory switched GROUND fault	Goto << <b>J&gt;&gt;</b>
	KTM ignition switched GROUND fault	
	KTM GROUND fault	
A/CCM supply or GROUND failure	A/CCM permanent supply fault	For A/CCM circuit tests,
	A/CCM ignition switched supply fault	Goto << <b>K</b> >>
	A/CCM ignition switched GROUND fault	
	A/CCM GROUND fault	

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ECM supply or GROUND failure	<ul><li>ECM permanent supply fault</li><li>ECM ignition switched supply fault</li></ul>	For ECM circuit tests, Goto < <l>&gt;</l>
	• ECM GROUND fault	
TCM supply or GROUND failure	TCM permanent supply fault	For TCM circuit tests, Goto << <b>M</b> >>
	<ul> <li>TCM ignition switched supply fault</li> </ul>	
	TCM GROUND fault	
ABS/TCCM supply or GROUND failure	ABS/TCCM permanent supply fault	For ABS/TCCM circuit tests,
	<ul> <li>ABS/TCCM ignition switched supply fault</li> </ul>	Goto << <b>N&gt;&gt;</b>
	ABS/TCCM GROUND fault	
GSI module supply or GROUND failure	GSI module ignition switched supply fault	For GSI module circuit tests,
	GSI module GROUND fault	Goto << <b>0</b> >>
Data Link Connector (DLC) supply or GROUND	DLC permanent supply fault	For DLC circuit tests,
failure	<ul> <li>DLC ignition switched supply fault</li> </ul>	Goto << <b>P&gt;&gt;</b>
	<ul> <li>DLC ignition switched GROUND fault</li> </ul>	
	DLC logic GROUND fault	
Vehicle speed interface module (VSIM) supply or GROUND failure	VSIM ignition switched supply fault	For VSIM circuit tests, Goto << <b>Q</b> >>
	<ul> <li>VSIM GROUND fault</li> </ul>	•

## **Pinpoint tests**

## A: BPM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

## NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

## NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

## A1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY (1) TO THE BPM

- 1. Disconnect the BPM electrical connector, FC14.
- 2. Measure the voltage between FC14, pin 80 (N) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the BPM and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box, (fuse 05) and the high power protection module. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

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#### -> No

Goto << A2>>

## A2: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY (2) TO THE BPM

1. Measure the voltage between FC14, pin 104 (NW) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the BPM and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box, (fuse 07) and the high power protection module. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << A3>>

## A3: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY (3) TO THE BPM

1. Measure the voltage between FC14, pin 79 (NG) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the BPM and battery. This circuit includes the passenger side fuse box, (fuse 17) and the high power protection module. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << A4>>

## A4: CHECK THE IGNITION SWITCHED GROUND (1) TO THE BPM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between FC14, pin 41, (RW) and GROUND.

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. This circuit includes the ignition switch. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << A5>>

## A5: CHECK THE IGNITION SWITCHED GROUND (2) TO THE BPM

1. Measure the resistance between FC14, pin 15, (WU) and GROUND.

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. This circuit includes the ignition switch. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << A6>>

## A6: CHECK THE ACCESSORY SWITCHED GROUND TO THE BPM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the ACC position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between FC14, pin 32, (WR) and GROUND.

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. This circuit includes the ignition switch. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible BPM failure.

#### **B: SLCM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT**

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

## **B1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY (1) TO THE SLCM**

- 1. Disconnect the SLCM electrical connector, BT40.
- 2. Measure the voltage between BT40, pin 06 (NR) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the SLCM and battery. This circuit includes the luggage compartment fuse box, (fuse 01) and the high power protection module. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << B2>>

## **B2: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY (2) TO THE SLCM**

1. Measure the voltage between BT40, pin 15 (NW) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the SLCM and battery. This circuit includes the luggage compartment fuse box, (fuse 10) and the high power protection module. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << B3>>

## **B3: CHECK THE LOGIC GROUNDS TO THE SLCM**

1. Measure the resistance between BT40, pins 13, 14 and 15 (BK) and GROUND.

## •Is any resistance greater than 5 ohms?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible SLCM failure.

#### C: PDCM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

#### NOTE

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

#### C1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY TO THE PDCM

- 1. Disconnect the PDCM electrical connector, DP10.
- 2. Measure the voltage between DP10, pin 01 (N) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the PDCM and battery. This circuit includes the passenger side fuse box, (fuse 15) and the high power protection module. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << C2>>

## C2: CHECK THE LOGIC GROUND TO THE PDCM

1. Measure the resistance between DP10, pin 08 (BK) and GROUND.

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << C3>>

## **C3: CHECK THE POWER GROUND TO THE PDCM**

1. Measure the resistance between DP10, pin 17 (B) and GROUND.

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible PDCM failure.

## D: DDCM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

#### D1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY TO THE DDCM

- 1. Disconnect the DDCM electrical connector, DD10.
- 2. Measure the voltage between DD10, pin 01 (N) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the DDCM and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box, (fuse 15) and the high power protection module. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << D2>>

#### D2: CHECK THE LOGIC GROUND TO THE DDCM

1. Measure the resistance between DD10, pin 08 (BK) and GROUND.

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << D3>>

#### D3: CHECK THE POWER GROUND TO THE DDCM

1. Measure the resistance between DD10, pin 17 (B) and GROUND.

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible DDCM failure.

## **E: PSCM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT**

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

## **E1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY TO THE PSCM**

- 1. Disconnect the PSCM electrical connector, SP05.
- 2. Measure the voltage between SP05, pin 05 (NR) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the PSCM and battery. This circuit includes the passenger side fuse box, (fuse 1) and the high power protection module. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

Goto <<**E2>>** 

## **E2: CHECK THE GROUND TO THE PSCM**

1. Measure the resistance between SP05, pin 02 (B) and GROUND.

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible PSCM failure.

## F: DSCM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

## NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

## F1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY TO THE PSCM

- 1. Disconnect the DSCM electrical connector, SD05.
- 2. Measure the voltage between SD05, pin 05 (NR) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the DSCM and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box, (fuse 1) and the high power protection module. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

## -> No

Goto << F2>>

## F2: CHECK THE GROUND TO THE DSCM

1. Measure the resistance between SD05, pin 02 (B) and GROUND.

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible DSCM failure.

## **G: IC POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT**

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

#### G1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY TO THE IC

- 1. Disconnect the IC electrical connector, FC25.
- 2. Measure the voltage between FC25, pin 15 (R) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the IC and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box, (fuse 18) and the high power protection module. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << G2>>

## **G2: CHECK THE IGNITION SWITCHED SUPPLY TO THE IC**

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between FC25, pin 01 (WG) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the IC and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box, (fuse 18) and the ignition switch. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << G3>>

#### G3: CHECK THE LOGIC GROUND TO THE IC

1. Measure the resistance between FC25, pin 04 (BK) and GROUND.

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

Goto << G4>>

#### **G4: CHECK THE POWER GROUND TO THE IC**

1. Measure the resistance between FC25, pin 16 (B) and GROUND.

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

#### -> Vec

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible IC failure.

## **H: RCM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT**

#### NOTE

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

## H1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY (1) TO THE RCM

- 1. Disconnect the RCM electrical connector, FC30.
- 2. Measure the voltage between FC30, pin 07 (RW) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the RCM and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box, (fuse 04) and the high power protection module. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

Goto << H2>>

## H2: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY (2) TO THE RCM

1. Measure the voltage between FC30, pin 08 (RW) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the RCM and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box, (fuse 04) and the high power protection module. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

## -> No

Goto << H3>>

## H3: CHECK THE IGNITION SWITCHED SUPPLY (1) TO THE RCM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between FC30, pin 06 (W) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the RCM and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box, (fuse 14) and the ignition switch. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

Goto << H4>>

## H4: CHECK THE IGNITION SWITCHED SUPPLY (2) TO THE RCM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Disconnect the RCM electrical connector, FC29.
- 3. Measure the voltage between FC29, pin 07 (WG) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the RCM and battery. This circuit includes the luggage compartment fuse box, (fuse 05) and the ignition switch. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

Goto << H5>>

#### **H5: CHECK THE LOGIC GROUNDS TO THE RCM**

- 1. Measure the resistance between FC30, pin 12 (BK) and GROUND.
- 2. Measure the resistance between FC29, pin 04 (BK) and GROUND.

#### •Is either resistance greater than 5 ohms?

## -> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible RCM failure.

## I: ADCM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

#### I1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY TO THE ADCM

- 1. Disconnect the ADCM electrical connector, BT69.
- 2. Measure the voltage between BT69, pin 27 (NW) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the ADCM and battery. This circuit includes the luggage compartment fuse box (fuse 02). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

Goto << 12>>

#### 12: CHECK THE IGNITION SUPPLY TO THE ADCM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between BT69, pin 11 (WR) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the ADCM and battery. This circuit includes the luggage compartment fuse box (fuse 04). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

Goto << 13>>

#### 13: CHECK THE GROUND TO THE ADCM

1. Measure the resistance between ADCM, pin 18 (B) and GROUND.

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible ADCM failure.

## J: KTM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

#### J1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY TO THE KTM

- 1. Disconnect the KTM electrical connector, FC22.
- 2. Measure the voltage between FC22, pin 04 (NR) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

## -> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the KTM and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box (fuse 06). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

## -> No

Goto << J2>>

#### J2: CHECK THE LOGIC GROUND TO THE KTM

1. Measure the resistance between FC22, pin 12 (BK) and GROUND.

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << **J3**>>

## **J3: CHECK THE IGNITION SWITCHED GROUND (1) TO THE KTM**

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between FC22, pin 14 (WU) and GROUND.

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << J4>>

## J4: CHECK THE IGNITION SWITCHED GROUND (2) TO THE KTM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between FC22, pin 13 (WR) and GROUND.

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible KTM failure.

## K: A/CCM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

## K1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY TO THE A/CCM

- 1. Disconnect the A/CCM electrical connector, AC04.
- 2. Measure the voltage between AC04, pin 05 (NW) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the A/CCM and battery. This circuit includes the passenger side fuse box (fuse 06). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << K2>>

#### K2: CHECK THE RELAY SWITCHED SUPPLY TO THE A/CCM

- 1. Make sure the air conditioning isolate relay is engaged.
- 2. Measure the voltage between AC04, pin 02 (GW) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the A/CCM and battery. This circuit includes the passenger side fuse box (fuse 06) and the isolate relay. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << K3>>

#### **K3: CHECK THE IGNITION SWITCHED SUPPLY TO THE A/CCM**

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between AC04, pin 01 (WU) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the A/CCM and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box (fuse 12) and the ignition switch. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << K4>>

## K4: CHECK THE IGNITION SWITCHED GROUND TO THE A/CCM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between AC04, pin 03 (WR) and GROUND.

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << K5>>

#### **K5: CHECK THE GROUND TO THE A/CCM**

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between AC04, pins 13 (B) and 20 (BK) and GROUND.

## •Is either resistance greater than 5 ohms?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible A/CCM failure.

#### L: ECM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

#### L1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY TO THE ECM

- 1. Disconnect the ECM electrical connector, EM83.
- 2. Measure the voltage between EM83, pin 20 (NR) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the ECM and battery. This circuit includes the EMS fuse box (fuse 04). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

Goto << L2>>

#### L2: CHECK THE IGNITION SUPPLY TO THE ECM

- 1. Reconnect the ECM electrical connector, EM83.
- 2. Disconnect the ECM electrical connector, EM82.
- 3. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 4. Measure the voltage between EM82, pin 09 (W) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the ECM and battery. This circuit includes the engine compartment fuse box (fuse 05). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

## -> No

Goto << L3>>

## L3: CHECK THE EMS SWITCHED SUPPLY (1) TO THE ECM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Make sure the EMS relay is energised.
- 3. Measure the voltage between EM82, pin 13 (WR) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the ECM and battery. This circuit includes the EMS fuse box (fuse 10). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

Goto << L4>>

## L4: CHECK THE EMS SWITCHED SUPPLY (2) TO THE ECM

- 1. Reconnect the ECM electrical connector, EM82.
- 2. Disconnect the ECM electrical connector, EM81.
- 3. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 4. Make sure the EMS relay is energised.
- 5. Measure the voltage between EM81, pin 17 (WR) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the ECM and battery. This circuit includes the EMS fuse box (fuse 10). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

Goto << L5>>

#### L5: CHECK THE GROUND TO THE ECM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Disconnect the ECM electrical connector, EM84.
- 3. Disconnect the ECM electrical connector, EM85.
- 4. Disconnect the ECM electrical connector, EM80.
- 5. Measure the resistance between the ECM pins and GROUND as follows:
  - EM80, pins 29, 21, 03, 31 and GROUND.
  - EM81, pins 21, 08 and GROUND.
  - EM84, pins 01, 16, 22 and GROUND.
  - EM85, pins 07,06 and GROUND.

## •Are any of the resistances greater than 5 ohms?

## -> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible ECM failure.

## M: TCM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

#### M1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY TO THE TCM

- 1. Disconnect the TCM electrical connector, EM07.
- 2. Measure the voltage between EM07, pin 26 (NR) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the ECM and battery. This circuit includes the EMS fuse box (fuse 04). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << M2>>

## M2: CHECK THE IGNITION SUPPLY (1) TO THE TCM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between EM07, pin 54 (WB) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the ECM and battery. This circuit includes the engine compartment fuse box (fuse 01). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << M3>>

## M3: CHECK THE IGNITION SUPPLY (2) TO THE TCM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between EM07, pin 55 (WB) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the ECM and battery. This circuit includes the engine compartment fuse box (fuse 01). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << M4>>

#### M4: CHECK THE GROUND TO THE TCM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between EM07, pin 06 (B) and GROUND.
- 3. Measure the resistance between EM07, pin 34 (B) and GROUND.

## •Is either resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible TCM failure.

## N: ABS/TCCM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

## N1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY (1) TO THE ABS/TCCM

- 1. Disconnect the ABS/TCCM electrical connector, LF37.
- 2. Measure the voltage between LF37, pin 09 (NR) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the ECM and battery. This circuit includes the engine compartment fuse box (fuse 18). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << N2>>

## N2: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY (2) TO THE ABS/TCCM

1. Measure the voltage between LF37, pin 25 (NW) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the ECM and battery. This circuit includes the engine compartment fuse box (fuse 16). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << N3>>

## N3: CHECK THE IGNITION SUPPLY TO THE ABS/TCCM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between LF37, pin 20 (WU) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the ECM and battery. This circuit includes the engine compartment fuse box (fuse 04). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << N4>>

#### N4: CHECK THE GROUND TO THE ABS/TCCM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between LF37, pin 08 (B) and GROUND.
- 3. Measure the resistance between LF37, pin 24 (B) and GROUND.

## •Is either resistance greater than 5 ohms?

#### -> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible ABS/TCCM failure.

#### O: GSI MODULE POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

#### 01: CHECK THE IGNITION SUPPLY TO THE GSI MODULE

- 1. Disconnect the GSI module electrical connector, FC88.
- 2. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 3. Measure the voltage between FC88, pin 01 (WR) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the GSI module and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box (fuse 16). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << 02>>

## **O2: CHECK THE LOGIC GROUND TO THE GSI MODULE**

1. Measure the resistance between FC88, pin 06 (BK) and GROUND.

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible GSI module failure.

## P: DLC POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

#### NOTE

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

## NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

#### P1: CHECK THE PERMANENT SUPPLY TO THE DLC

1. Measure the voltage between the DLC, pin 16 (NW) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the DLC and battery. This circuit includes the driver side fuse box (fuse 13). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << P2>>

#### P2: CHECK THE IGNITION SUPPLY TO THE DLC

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between the DLC, pin 09 (WU) and GROUND.

#### •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between the DLC and battery. This circuit includes the luggage compartment fuse box (fuse 05). For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << P3>>

#### P3: CHECK THE IGNITION SWITCHED GROUND TO THE DLC

- 1. With the ignition switch still in the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between the DLC, pin 01 (WU) and GROUND.

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << P4>>

#### P4: CHECK THE ACCESSORY SWITCHED GROUND TO THE DLC

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the ACC position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between the DLC, pin 08 (WR) and GROUND.

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto <<**P5**>>

## P5: CHECK THE LOGIC GROUND TO THE DLC

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between the DLC, pins 04 and 05 (BK) and GROUND.

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

NO fault found with supplies and grounds to the DLC. Check DTCs. Refer to the DTC index for actions.

#### Q: VSIM POWER SUPPLY OR GROUND FAULT

#### NOTE:

Before beginning any power supply tests, make sure the vehicle battery is fully charged and in good condition.

#### NOTE:

Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position after testing.

#### Q1: CHECK THE IGNITION SUPPLY TO THE VSIM

- 1. Disconnect the VSIM electrical connector, EM74.
- 2. Turn the ignition switch to the ON position.
- 3. Measure the voltage between EM74, pin 03 (WB) and GROUND.

## •Is the voltage less than 10 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the circuit between EM74, pin 03 and battery. This circuit includes the engine compartment fuse box (fuse 01) and the ignition switch. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams.

-> No

Goto << Q2>>

## Q2: CHECK THE GROUND TO THE VSIM

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between EM74, pin 04 (B) and GROUND.

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams.

-> No

CONTACT dealer technical support for advice on possible module failure.

## R: CHECK THE CONTROLLER AREA NETWORK INTEGRITY, VEHICLES WITH SUPERCHARGER

#### NOTE:

A tolerance of +/- 10% should be used when testing the network.

#### NOTE:

For vehicles without adaptive speed control, bypass the tests for vehicle speed interface module and adaptive speed control module.

## R1: CHECK THE CAN NETWORK FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between DLC, pins 06 (Y) and 14 (G).

## •Is the resistance 180 ohms?

-> Yes

Goto << R2>>

-> No

Goto << R10>>

#### R2: CHECK THE ABS/TCCM CAN + CIRCUIT FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Disconnect the ABS/TCCM electrical connector, LF37.
- 2. Measure the resistance between LF37, pin 05 (Y) and DLC, pin 06 (Y).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R3>>

## R3: CHECK THE ABS/TCCM CAN - CIRCUIT FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between LF37, pin 15 (G) and DLC, pin 14 (G).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R4>>

## R4: CHECK THE ASCCM (WHERE FITTED) CAN + CIRCUIT FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Disconnect the ASCCM electrical connector, LF61.
- 2. Measure the resistance between LF61, pin 12 (Y) and DLC, pin 06 (Y).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R5>>

## R5: CHECK THE ASCCM (WHERE FITTED) CAN - CIRCUIT FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between LF61, pin 11 (G) and DLC, pin 14 (G).

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R6>>

## R6: CHECK THE CAN + CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE ASCCM (WHERE FITTED) AND THE ABS/TCCM FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between LF37, pin 05 (Y) and LF61, pin 13 (Y).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R7>>

# ${\bf R7}: \ {\bf CHECK} \ {\bf THE} \ {\bf CAN}$ - CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE ASCCM (WHERE FITTED) AND THE ABS/TCCM FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between LF37, pin 15 (G) and LF61, pin 14 (G).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R8>>

# R8: CHECK THE CAN + CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE VSIM (WHERE FITTED) AND THE DLC FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Disconnect the VSIM electrical connector, EM74.
- 2. Measure the resistance between EM74, pin 15 (Y) and DLC, pin 06 (Y).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R9>>

## R9: CHECK THE CAN - CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE VSIM (WHERE FITTED) AND THE DLC FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between EM74, pin 16 (G) and DLC, pin 14 (G).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R10>>

#### R10: CHECK THE CAN NETWORK FOR SHORT CIRCUIT

- 1. Measure the resistance between DLC, pins 06 (Y) and 14 (G).
  - •Is the resistance less than 180 ohms?
  - -> Yes

Goto << R19>>

-> No

Goto << R11>>

## R11: CHECK THE CAN + CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE DLC AND THE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
- 2. Disconnect the IC electrical connector, FC25.
- 3. Measure the resistance between FC25, pin 10 (Y) and DLC, pin 06 (Y).
  - •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?
  - -> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R12>>

## R12: CHECK THE CAN - CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE DLC AND THE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between FC25, pin 24 (G) and DLC, pin 14 (G).

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R13>>

## R13: CHECK THE CAN + CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER AND THE GSI MODULE FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Disconnect the GSI module electrical connector, FC88.
- 2. Measure the resistance between FC88, pin 09 (Y) and FC25, pin 11 (Y).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R14>>

## R14: CHECK THE CAN - CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER AND THE GSI MODULE FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between FC88, pin 08 (G) and FC25, pin 23 (G).

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto <<R15>>

## R15: CHECK THE CAN + CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE GSI MODULE AND THE ECM FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Disconnect the ECM electrical connector, EM10.
- 2. Measure the resistance between EM10, pin 28 (Y) and FC88, pin 04 (Y).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R16>>

## R16: CHECK THE CAN - CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE GSI MODULE AND THE ECM FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between EM10, pin 27 (G) and FC88, pin 03 (G).

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R17>>

#### R17: CHECK THE CAN + CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE ECM AND THE ABS/TCCM FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Disconnect the ABS/TCCM electrical connector, LF37.
- 2. Measure the resistance between LF37, pin 05 (Y) and EM10, pin 26 (Y).

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R18>>

#### R18: CHECK THE CAN - CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE ECM AND THE ABS/TCCM FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between LF37, pin 15 (G) and EM10, pin 25 (G).

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

NO circuit fault found in network. Recheck DTCs.

## R19: CHECK THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE DLC AND THE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the instrument cluster electrical connector, FC25.
- 2. Measure the resistance between FC25, pins 10 (Y) and 24 (G).

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R20>>

## R20: CHECK THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER AND THE GSI MODULE FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the GSI module electrical connector, FC88.
- 2. Measure the resistance between FC88, pins 09 (Y) and 08 (G).

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R21>>

## R21: CHECK THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE GSI MODULE AND THE ECM FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the ECM electrical connector, EM83.
- 2. Measure the resistance between EM83, pins 25 (Y) and 16 (G).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R22>>

## R22: CHECK THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE ECM AND THE TCM FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the TCM electrical connector, EM72.
- 2. Measure the resistance between EM72, pins H (Y) and L (G).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R23>>

## R23: CHECK THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE ECM AND THE ASCCM (WHERE FITTED) FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the ASCCM electrical connector, LF61.
- 2. Measure the resistance between LF61, pins 12 (Y) and 11 (G).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << R24>>

## R24: CHECK THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE ASCCM (WHERE FITTED) AND THE ABS/TCCM FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the ABS/TCCM electrical connector, LF37.
- 2. Measure the resistance between LF37, pins 05 (Y) and 15 (G).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> **No** Goto <<**R25**>>

# R25: CHECK THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE GSI MODULE AND THE ASCBCM (WHERE FITTED) FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the ASCBCM electrical connector, EM87.
- 2. Measure the resistance between EM87, pins 0 (Y) and 07 (G).

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

NO circuit fault found in network. Recheck DTCs.

## S: CHECK THE CONTROLLER AREA NETWORK INTEGRITY, VEHICLES WITHOUT SUPERCHARGER

#### NOTE:

A tolerance of +/- 10% should be used when testing the network.

#### NOTE:

For vehicles without adaptive speed control, bypass the tests for vehicle speed interface module and adaptive speed control module.

## S1: CHECK THE CAN NETWORK FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between DLC, pins 06 (Y) and 14 (G).

#### •Is the resistance 180 ohms?

-> Yes

Goto <<\$2>>

-> No

Goto <<**S4>>** 

## S2: CHECK THE CAN + CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE VSIM (WHERE FITTED) AND THE DLC FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Disconnect the VSIM electrical connector, EM74.
- 2. Measure the resistance between EM74, pin 15 (Y) and DLC, pin 06 (Y).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << \$3>>

## S3: CHECK THE CAN - CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE VSIM (WHERE FITTED) AND THE DLC FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between EM74, pin 16 (G) and DLC, pin 14 (G).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

NO circuit fault found in network. Recheck DTCs.

## S4: CHECK THE CAN NETWORK FOR SHORT CIRCUIT

- 1. Measure the resistance between DLC, pins 06 (Y) and 14 (G).
  - •Is the resistance less than 180 ohms?
  - -> Yes

Goto <<**S15**>>

-> No

Goto << \$5>>

## S5: CHECK THE CAN + CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE DLC AND THE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
- 2. Disconnect the IC electrical connector, FC25.
- 3. Measure the resistance between FC25, pin 10 (Y) and DLC, pin 06 (Y).
  - •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?
  - -> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << \$6>>

## S6: CHECK THE CAN - CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE DLC AND THE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Measure the resistance between FC25, pin 24 (G) and DLC, pin 14 (G).
  - •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?
  - -> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << \$7>>

## S7: CHECK THE CAN + CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER AND THE GSI MODULE FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Disconnect the GSI module electrical connector, FC88.
- 2. Measure the resistance between FC88, pin 09 (Y) and FC25, pin 11 (Y).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << \$8>>

## S8: CHECK THE CAN - CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER AND THE GSI MODULE FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between FC88, pin 08 (G) and FC25, pin 23 (G).

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << \$9>>

## S9: CHECK THE CAN + CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE GSI MODULE AND THE ECM FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Disconnect the ECM electrical connector, EM83.
- 2. Measure the resistance between EM83, pin 25 (Y) and FC88, pin 04 (Y).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto <<\$10>>

## S10: CHECK THE CAN - CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE GSI MODULE AND THE ECM FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between EM83, pin 16 (G) and FC88, pin 03 (G).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << \$11>>

## S11: CHECK THE CAN + CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE ECM AND THE TCM FOR CONTINUITY

- 1. Disconnect the TCM electrical connector, EM07.
- 2. Measure the resistance between EM07, pin 86 (Y) and EM83, pin 24 (Y).

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << \$12>>

#### S12: CHECK THE CAN - CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE ECM AND THE TCM FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between EM07, pin 85 (G) and EM83, pin 15 (G).

#### •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << \$13>>

## S13: CHECK THE CAN + CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE TCM AND THE ABS/TCCM FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between EM07, pin 83 (Y) and LF37, pin 05 (Y).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto <<\$14>>

# S14: CHECK THE CAN - CIRCUIT BETWEEN THE ASCCM AND THE ABS/TCCM FOR CONTINUITY

1. Measure the resistance between EM07, pin 82 (G) and LF37, pin 15 (G).

## •Is the resistance greater than 5 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the high resistance circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

NO continuity fault found in CAN circuit. CHECK DTCs for possible module fault.

## S15: CHECK THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE DLC AND THE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the battery negative terminal.
- 2. Disconnect the IC electrical connector, FC25.
- 3. Measure the resistance between DLC, pins 06 (Y) and 14 (G).

## •Is the resistance less than 10.000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto <<\$16>>

## S16: CHECK THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE INSTRUMENT CLUSTER AND THE GSI MODULE FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the GSI module electrical connector, FC88.
- 2. Measure the resistance between FC25, pins 11 (Y) and 23 (G).

#### •Is the resistance less than 10.000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto <<\$17>>

# S17: CHECK THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE GSI MODULE AND THE ECM FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the ECM module electrical connector, EM83.
- 2. Measure the resistance between FC88, pins 04 (Y) and 03 (G).

#### •Is the resistance less than 10.000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto <<\$18>>

# ${\sf S18}: {\sf CHECK}$ THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE ECM AND THE TCM FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the TCM module electrical connector, EM07.
- 2. Measure the resistance between EM07, pins 86 (Y) and 85 (G).

#### •Is the resistance less than 10.000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto <<\$19>>

# ${\sf S19}: {\sf CHECK}$ THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE TCM AND THE ABS/TCCM FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the ABS/TCCM module electrical connector, LF37.
- 2. Measure the resistance between LF37, pins 05 (Y) and 15 (G).

## •Is the resistance less than 10.000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << \$20>>

# S20: CHECK THE CAN + AND - CIRCUITS BETWEEN THE ECM AND THE VSIM (WHERE FITTED) FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Disconnect the VSIM module electrical connector, EM74.
- 2. Measure the resistance between EM74, pins 15 (Y) and 16 (G).

## •Is the resistance less than 10.000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

NO circuit fault found in network. Recheck DTCs.

#### T: CHECK THE CONTROLLER AREA NETWORK FOR SHORT CIRCUIT

#### T1: CHECK THE CAN + FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO BATTERY

1. Measure the resistance between pins 06 (Y) and 16 (NW) of the DLC.

## •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << T2>>

## T2: CHECK THE CAN + FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO IGNITION POSITIVE

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 06 (Y) and 09 (WU) of the DLC.

#### •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> **No**Goto <<**T3**>>

#### T3: CHECK THE CAN + FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 06 (Y) and 04 (BK) of the DLC.
- 3. Measure the resistance between pins 06 (Y) and 05 (BK) of the DLC.

#### •Is either resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << T4>>

#### T4: CHECK THE CAN + FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO ACCESSORY SWITCHED GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ACC** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 06 (Y) and 08 (WR) of the DLC.

## •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << T5>>

#### T5: CHECK THE CAN + FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO IGNITION SWITCHED GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 06 (Y) and 01 (WU) of the DLC.

#### •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << T6>>

## T6: CHECK THE CAN - FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO BATTERY

1. Measure the resistance between pins 14 (G) and 16 (NW) of the DLC.

#### •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << T7>>

## **T7: CHECK THE CAN - FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO IGNITION POSITIVE**

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the ON position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 14 (G) and 09 (WU) of the DLC.

## •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Vec

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << T8>>

## **T8: CHECK THE CAN-FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO GROUND**

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 14 (G) and 04 (BK) of the DLC.
- 3. Measure the resistance between pins 14 (G) and 05 (BK) of the DLC.

#### •Is either resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << T9>>

#### T9: CHECK THE CAN - FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO ACCESSORY SWITCHED GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ACC** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 14 (G) and 08 (WR) of the DLC.

#### •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << T10>>

## T10: CHECK THE CAN - FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO IGNITION SWITCHED GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 14 (G) and 01 (WU) of the DLC.

#### •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

NO short circuit fault found in CAN circuit. CHECK DTCs for possible module fault.

#### **U: CHECK THE SCP NETWORK CIRCUIT**

#### **U1: CHECK FOR CORRECT BUS TERMINATION IN THE SCP + NETWORK**

- 1. Measure the resistance between pins 02 (Y) and 05 (BK) of the DLC.
  - •Is the resistance between 90 and 150 ohms?
  - -> Yes

TERMINATION is correct. Check for DTCs indicating a module or circuit fault. Refer to the DTC index.

-> No

Goto << U2>>

#### U2: CHECK THE SCP NETWORK + AND - FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO EACH OTHER

- 1. Measure the resistance between pins 02 (Y) and 05 (BK) of the DLC.
  - •Is the resistance less than 90 ohms?
  - -> Yes

A short circuit to each other in the SCP network will mean the disconnection of the modules and tracing the short by traditional methods.

-> No

Goto << U3>>

## U3: CHECK THE SCP + FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO BATTERY

- 1. Measure the voltage between pins 02 (Y) and 16 (NW) of the DLC.
  - •Is the voltage greater than 3 volts?
  - -> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << U4>>

## U4: CHECK THE SCP + FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO IGNITION POSITIVE

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between pins 02 (Y) and 09 (WU) of the DLC.
  - •Is the voltage greater than 3 volts?
  - -> Ves

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << U5>>

#### U5: CHECK THE SCP + FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 02 (Y) and 04 (BK) of the DLC.
- 3. Measure the resistance between pins 02 (Y) and 05 (BK) of the DLC.

## •Is either resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << U6>>

## U6: CHECK THE SCP + FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO ACCESSORY SWITCHED GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ACC** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 02 (Y) and 08 (WR) of the DLC.

#### •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << U7>>

## U7: CHECK THE SCP + FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO IGNITION SWITCHED GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 02 (Y) and 01 (WU) of the DLC.

## •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << U8>>

#### **U8: CHECK THE SCP-FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO BATTERY**

1. Measure the voltage between pins 10 (U) and 16 (NW) of the DLC.

## •Is the voltage greater than 3 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << U9>>

#### **U9: CHECK THE SCP-FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO IGNITION POSITIVE**

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between pins 10 (U) and 09 (WU) of the DLC.

## •Is the voltage greater than 3 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << U10>>

## U10: CHECK THE SCP - FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 10 (U) and 04 (BK) of the DLC.
- 3. Measure the resistance between pins 10 (U) and 05 (BK) of the DLC.

#### •Is either resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << U11>>

## U11: CHECK THE SCP - FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO ACCESSORY SWITCHED GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ACC** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 10 (U) and 08 (WR) of the DLC.

## •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << U12>>

## U12: CHECK THE SCP - FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO IGNITION SWITCHED GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pin 10 (U) and 01 (WU) of the DLC.

## •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

NO circuit fault found in SCP circuit. CHECK DTCs for possible module fault.

#### V: CHECK THE ISO DATA CIRCUIT

#### V1: CHECK THE BIDIRECTIONAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO BATTERY

1. Measure the voltage between pins 07 (O) and 16 (NW) of the DLC.

## •Is the voltage greater than 3 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << V2>>

#### V2: CHECK THE BIDIRECTIONAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO IGNITION POSITIVE

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between pins 07 (O) and 09 (WU) of the DLC.

#### •Is the voltage greater than 3 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << V3>>

## V3: CHECK THE BIDIRECTIONAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 07 (O) and 04 (BK) of the DLC.
- 3. Measure the resistance between pins 07 (O) and 05 (BK) of the DLC.

## •Is either resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << V4>>

## V4: CHECK THE BIDIRECTIONAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO ACCESSORY SWITCHED GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ACC** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pin 07 (O) and 08 (WR) of the DLC.

#### •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> **No**Goto <<**V5**>>

## V5: CHECK THE BIDIRECTIONAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO IGNITION SWITCHED GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pin 07 (O) and 08 (WR) of the DLC.

## •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << V6>>

## **V6: CHECK THE SERIAL INPUT CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO BATTERY**

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between pins 15 (W) and 16 (NW) of the DLC.

## •Is the voltage greater than 3 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << V7>>

## V7: CHECK THE SERIAL INPUT CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO IGNITION POSITIVE

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the voltage between pins 15 (W) and 09 (WU) of the DLC.

## •Is the voltage greater than 3 volts?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << V8>>

## **V8: CHECK THE SERIAL INPUT CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO GROUND**

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **OFF** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pins 15 (W) and 04 (BK) of the DLC.
- 3. Measure the resistance between pins 15 (W) and 05 (BK) of the DLC.

#### •Is either resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for

normal operation.

-> No

Goto << V9>>

## V9: CHECK THE SERIAL INPUT CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO ACCESSORY SWITCHED GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ACC** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pin 15 (W) and 08 (WR) of the DLC.

## •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?

-> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << V10>>

## V10: CHECK THE BIDIRECTIONAL CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO IGNITION SWITCHED GROUND

- 1. Turn the ignition switch to the **ON** position.
- 2. Measure the resistance between pin 15 (W) and 08 (WR) of the DLC.
  - •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?
  - -> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

NO circuit fault found in SCP circuit. CHECK DTCs for possible module fault.

## W: P1649; ECM FLASH PROGRAMMING CIRCUIT MALFUNCTION

## W1: CHECK THE ECM FCCP CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO GROUND

- 1. Measure the resistance between DLC, pin 12 (U) and GROUND.
  - •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?
  - -> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << W2>>

#### W2: CHECK THE ECM FCCP CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO BATTERY

- 1. Measure the voltage between DLC, pin 12 (U) and GROUND.
  - •Is the voltage greater than 3 volts?
  - -> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

#### -> No

Goto << W3>>

## W3: CHECK THE ECM VFP CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO GROUND

- 1. Measure the resistance between DLC, pin 20 (W) and GROUND.
  - •Is the resistance less than 10,000 ohms?
  - -- Vac

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

Goto << W4>>

## W4: CHECK THE ECM VFP CIRCUIT FOR SHORT CIRCUIT TO BATTERY

- 1. Measure the voltage between DLC, pin 20 (W) and GROUND.
  - •Is the voltage greater than 3 volts?
  - -> Yes

REPAIR the short circuit. For additional information, refer to the wiring diagrams. Test the system for normal operation.

-> No

No fault found in the flash programming circuit. RECHECK the DTCs.