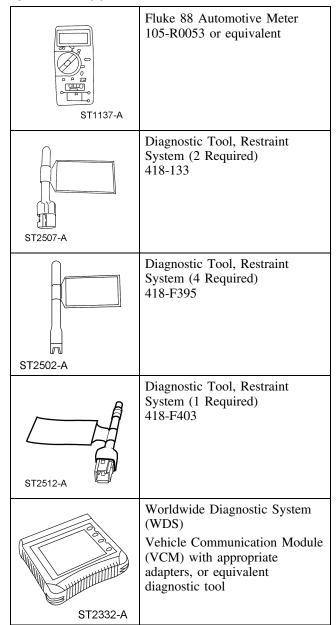
### **DIAGNOSIS AND TESTING**

## Pinpoint Tests — Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS)

Refer to Wiring Diagrams Cell 46 for schematic and connector information.

### Special Tool(s)



# Restraint System Diagnostic Tool Warning

WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.

# Pinpoint Test A: The Air Bag Warning Indicator Is Illuminated Continuously — RCM Disconnected or Inoperative

### **Normal Operation**

**NOTE:** Be sure to cycle the ignition switch and look for a 6-second indicator prove-out without LFCs.

During normal operation, the air bag indicator will illuminate continuously for approximately 6-seconds and then go out after the ignition switch is placed in the ON or START position and no air bag fault exists. The air bag indicator will remain illuminated continuously after 5 cycles of a lamp fault code (LFC), if a fault exists. Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section. Be sure to cycle the ignition switch and look for an approximate 6-second indicator prove-out without LFCs.

The restraints control module (RCM) will communicate diagnostic trouble codes (DTCs) to the diagnostic tool through the data link connector (DLC). If the diagnostic tool displays NO COMMUNICATION when retrieving continuous DTCs, GO to Pinpoint Test Y to troubleshoot the system.

### **Possible Causes**

An air bag indicator that is illuminated continuously can be caused by:

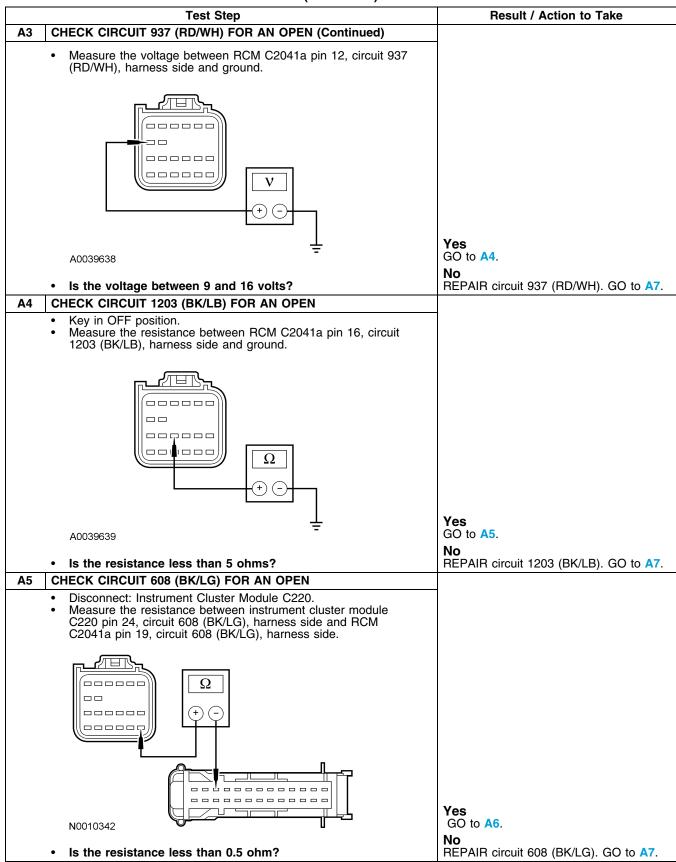
- damaged ignition circuit.
- RCM disconnected from the vehicle harness.
- loss of RCM signal ground.
- · faulted RCM.
- damaged wiring, terminals or connectors.
- loss of RCM ignition feed.
- faulted instrument cluster module.

# PINPOINT TEST A: THE AIR BAG WARNING INDICATOR IS ILLUMINATED CONTINUOUSLY — RCM DISCONNECTED OR INOPERATIVE, LOSS OF IGNITION FEED, OR LOSS OF SIGNAL GROUND

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
<b>A</b> 1	CHECK FOR CONTINUOUS OR ON-DEMAND SELF TEST DTCs	
	WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
	WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
	WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.	
	<b>NOTE:</b> If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.	
	NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system	
	diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.	Yes
	NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before	If continuous DTCs were retrieved, GO to
	releasing the vehicle to the customer.	A2. If on-demand DTCs were retrieved, GO to the Restraints Control Module
	<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> </ul>	(RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC)
	<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.</li> </ul>	Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.
	<ul> <li>Were any continuous or on-demand self test DTCs</li> </ul>	No
	retrieved?	GO to A2.
A2	CHECK THE RCM CONNECTION	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Connect: RCM C2041a.</li> </ul>	Yes GO to A3.
	Make sure RCM C2041a is connected and fully seated.  • Is RCM C2041a fully connected and the connector locking tab engaged?	No CONNECT C2041a and ENGAGE the locking tab. GO to A7.
<b>A</b> 3	CHECK CIRCUIT 937 (RD/WH) FOR AN OPEN	
	<ul> <li>Deactivate the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> </ul>	
		(Continued)

# PINPOINT TEST A: THE AIR BAG WARNING INDICATOR IS ILLUMINATED CONTINUOUSLY — RCM DISCONNECTED OR INOPERATIVE, LOSS OF IGNITION FEED, OR LOSS OF SIGNAL GROUND (Continued)



# PINPOINT TEST A: THE AIR BAG WARNING INDICATOR IS ILLUMINATED CONTINUOUSLY — RCM DISCONNECTED OR INOPERATIVE, LOSS OF IGNITION FEED, OR LOSS OF SIGNAL GROUND (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
<b>A</b> 6	CHECK THE INDICATOR LAMP OPERATION (DRIVE LAMP OFF)	
	<ul> <li>Connect: Instrument Cluster Module C220.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> <li>Connect a fused jumper between the RCM C2041a pin 19, circuit 608 (BK/LG), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
		Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to A7. No
	A0049155  • Is the indicator lamp off ?	REPAIR or INSTALL a new instrument cluster module. REFER to Section 413-01.
A7	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	GO to Ar.
	Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step A1.     Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step A1?	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER
		to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test B: DTC B1869 — Lamp Air Bag Warning Indicator Circuit Open or Short to Ground

#### **Normal Operation**

During normal operation, the air bag indicator will illuminate continuously for approximately 6-seconds and then go out after the ignition switch is placed to the ON or START and no air bag fault exists. The air bag indicator will remain illuminated continuously after 5 cycles of a lamp fault code (LFC), if a fault exists.

If the restraints control module (RCM) detects an open or short to ground on the air bag warning indicator circuit, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B1869 in memory.

#### **Possible Causes**

An open air bag indicator circuit can be caused by:

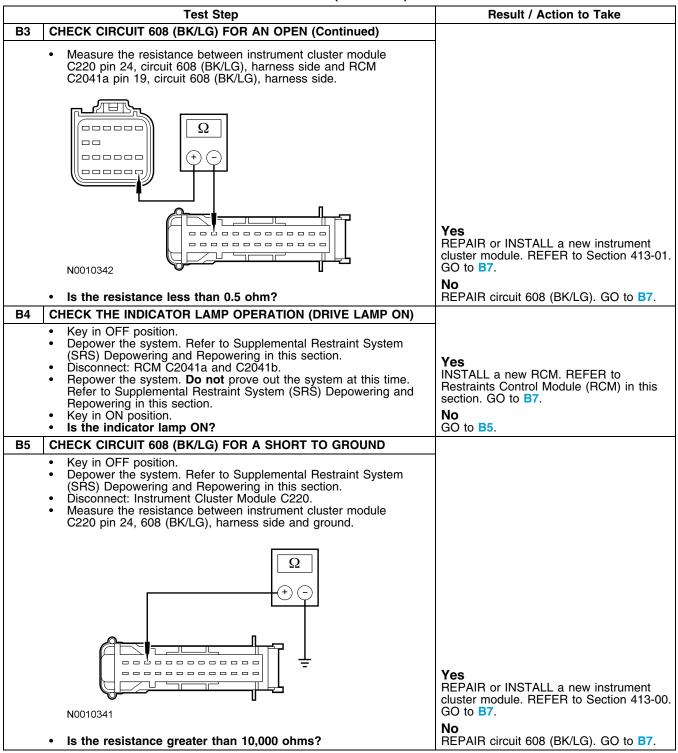
- damaged wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulted RCM.
- a faulted instrument cluster module.

# PINPOINT TEST B: DTC B1869 — LAMP AIR BAG WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT OPEN OR SHORT TO GROUND

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoin	T
Test Step	Result / Action to Take
B1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	_
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.	
NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.	Yes If the air bag indicator lamp does illuminate, GO to B2.
<b>NOTE:</b> The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.	If the air bag indicator lamp does not
Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:	illuminate, GO to B4.
On-Demand Self Test.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.	This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to
Was DTC B1869 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	B6.
B2 CHECK THE INDICATOR LAMP OPERATION (DRIVE LAMP OFF)	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Deactivate the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> <li>Connect a fused jumper lead between RCM C2041a pin 19, circuit 608 (BK/LG), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
A0049155	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to B7.
Is the indicator lamp OFF?	No GO to B3.
B3 CHECK CIRCUIT 608 (BK/LG) FOR AN OPEN	GO 10 BS.
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Disconnect: Instrument Cluster Module C220.</li> </ul>	
Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.	(Continued)
	(Continued)

# PINPOINT TEST B: DTC B1869 — LAMP AIR BAG WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT OPEN OR SHORT TO GROUND (Continued)



# PINPOINT TEST B: DTC B1869 — LAMP AIR BAG WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT OPEN OR SHORT TO GROUND (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
B6	CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B1869 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to B7.
		No CHECK for causes of intermittent open or short to ground on circuit 608 (BK/LG). ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to B7.
B7	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
	<ul> <li>Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step B1.</li> <li>Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step B1?</li> </ul>	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.
		No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test C: DTC B1870 — Air Bag Warning Indicator Circuit Short to Battery

### **Normal Operation**

During normal operation, the air bag indicator will illuminate continuously for approximately 6-seconds and then go out after the ignition switch is placed to the ON or START and no air bag fault exists. The air bag indicator will remain illuminated continuously after 5 cycles of a lamp fault code (LFC), if a fault exists.

If the restraints control module detects a short to battery on the air bag warning indicator circuit, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B1870 in memory. If any other DTCs are detected with this DTC active, the secondary air bag warning will be activated.

### **Possible Causes**

An air bag indicator circuit short to battery can be caused by:

- damaged wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulted RCM.
- a faulted instrument cluster module.

### PINPOINT TEST C: DTC B1870 — AIR BAG WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT SHORT TO BATTERY

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
C1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	Tiesdit / Action to Take
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.  NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system	
diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle	
<ul> <li>over the road.</li> <li>NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.</li> <li>Was DTC B1870 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to C2. No This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to C4.
C2 CHECK CIRCUIT 608 (BK/LG) FOR A SHORT TO BATTERY	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Instrument Cluster Module C220.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> <li>Measure the voltage between instrument cluster module C220 pin 24, circuit 608 (BK/LG), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
V + -	
N0010340	Yes GO to C3. No
• Is the voltage less than 0.2 volt?	REPAIR circuit 608 (BK/LG). GO to C5.
C3 CHECK THE RCM	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> </ul>	
	(Continued)

# PINPOINT TEST C: DTC B1870 — AIR BAG WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT SHORT TO BATTERY (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
C3 CHECK THE RCM (Continued)	
<ul> <li>Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> </ul>	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to C5.
NOTE: DTC B1869 should be retrieved when carrying out the on-demand self test due to an open on circuit 608 (BK/LG), DTC B1870 should not be retrieved at this time.  • Was DTC B1870 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	No REPAIR or INSTALL a new instrument cluster module. REFER to Section 413-01. GO to C5.
C4 CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	
Key in OFF position.     Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.     Was DTC B1870 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	Yes GO to C2.  No CHECK for causes of intermittent short to battery on circuit 608 (BK/LG). ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire bundle. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to C5.
C5 CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step C1.     Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step C1?	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test D: LFC 18/DTC B1884 — PAD Warning Lamp Circuit Failure

### **Normal Operation**

CAUTION: The passenger air bag deactivation (PAD) indicator is part of the hazard switch assembly and cannot be separately serviced.

When the ignition is in the ON position, the PAD indicator prove-out period is initiated by the RCM. The RCM briefly activates the PAD indicator to verify to the occupants correct functional operation of the PAD indicator. Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

If the restraints control module detects an open or short to ground on the PAD indicator circuit, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B1884 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 18 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

### **Possible Causes**

A PAD indicator circuit open can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulted PAD indicator.
- a faulted RCM.

### PINPOINT TEST D: LFC18/DTC B1884 — PAD WARNING LAMP CIRCUIT FAILURE

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
D1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.	
NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system	
(SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system	
diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle	Yes If the PAD indicator does not illuminate.
over the road.  NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before	GO to D2.
releasing the vehicle to the customer.	If the PAD indicator <b>does</b> illuminate, GO
<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:         On-Demand Self Test.</li> </ul>	to D5.
<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:         Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.</li> <li>Was DTC B1884 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to D9.
D2 CHECK THE RCM CONNECTOR	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Inspect the RCM C2041a component side for damaged camming beams.</li> </ul>	
A0039637	

## PINPOINT TEST D: LFC18/DTC B1884 — PAD WARNING LAMP CIRCUIT FAILURE (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
D2	CHECK THE RCM CONNECTOR (Continued)	
	NOTE: The shorting bars can be accessed by prying out the cover from the harness side of the connector. Do not remove or defeat the shorting bars.  Inspect RCM C2041a harness side for worn, damaged or dislodged shorting bars. Inspect for foreign material. Inspect for pushed out connector terminals.	
		Yes CORRECT the connector concerns. GO to
	A0040761	D10.
	Were any RCM connector concerns found?	No GO to D3.
D3	CHECK CIRCUIT 1632 (TN/LB) FOR SHORT TO GROUND	00.00
	<ul> <li>Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Air Bag Deactivation (PAD) Indicator C2039.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between PAD indicator C2039 pin 2, circuit 1632 (TN/LB), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	<u> </u>	Yes GO to D8.
	N0010339	No
	Is the resistance greater than 10,000 ohms?	GO to D4.
D4	CHECK THE RCM	
	Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.	

## PINPOINT TEST D: LFC18/DTC B1884 — PAD WARNING LAMP CIRCUIT FAILURE (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
D4 CHECK THE RCM (Continued)	
Measure the resistance between RCM C2041a pin 15, circuit 1632 (TN/LB), component side and ground.	
Δ A0074095	Yes REPAIR circuit 1632 (TN/LB). GO to D10. No
<ul> <li>Is the resistance greater than 10,000 ohms?</li> </ul>	GO to D8.
<ul> <li>CHECK PAD THE INDICATOR</li> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> <li>Is the PAD indicator ON?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to D8. No GO to D6.
D6 CHECK CIRCUIT 1632 (TN/LB) FOR AN OPEN	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Air Bag Deactivation (PAD) Indicator C2039.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between PAD indicator C2039 pin 2, circuit 1632 (TN/LB), harness side and RCM C2041a pin 15, circuit 1632 (TN/LB), harness side.</li> </ul>	
Ω + -	Yes GO to D7.
Is the resistance less than 0.5 ohm?	REPAIR circuit 1632 (TN/LB). GO to D10.
D7 CHECK CIRCUIT 1850 (YE) FOR AN OPEN	
<ul> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> </ul>	
	(Continued)

## PINPOINT TEST D: LFC18/DTC B1884 — PAD WARNING LAMP CIRCUIT FAILURE (Continued)

PINPOINT TEST D: LFC18/DTC B1884 — PAD WARNING LAN	, ,
Test Step	Result / Action to Take
D7 CHECK CIRCUIT 1850 (YE) FOR AN OPEN (Continued)	
<ul> <li>Measure the voltage between PAD indicator C2039 pin 3, circuit 1850 (YE), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
N0010337  Is the voltage greater than 10 volts?	Yes INSTALL a new PAD Indicator. REFER to Passenger Air Bag Deactivation (PAD) Indicator in this section. GO to D10. No
Is the voltage greater than 10 volts?  D8 CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT	REPAIR circuit 1850 (YE). GO to D10.
NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  • Key in OFF position.  • Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  • Connect: Passenger Air Bag Deactivation (PAD) Indicator C2039 (if previously disconnected).  • Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b (if previously disconnected).  • Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  • Was DTC B1884 retrieved during the on-demand self test?  D9 CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT  • Key in OFF position.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  • Was DTC B1884 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to D10.  No CHECK for causes of intermittent open or short to ground on circuit 1632 (TN/LB). ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to D10.  Yes GO to D2. No CHECK for causes of intermittent open or short to ground on circuit 1632 (TN/LB). ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to D10.
Pefer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step D1.     Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step D1?	Yes  Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No  RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test E: LFC18/DTC B1890 — PAD Warning Lamp Circuit Short to Battery

### **Normal Operation**

When the ignition is in the ON position, the PAD indicator prove-out period is initiated by the RCM. The RCM briefly activates the PAD indicator to verify to the occupants correct functional operation of the PAD indicator. Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

If the restraints control module detects a short to battery on the passenger air bag deactivation (PAD) warning lamp circuit, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B1890 in memory and flash lamp fault (LFC) 18 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Possible Causes**

A PAD indicator circuit short to battery can be caused by:

- damaged wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulted PAD indicator.
- a faulted RCM.

### PINPOINT TEST E: LFC 18/DTC B1890 — PAD WARNING LAMP CIRCUIT SHORT TO BATTERY

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Result / Action to Take
;
tools are for operating the aint system ssible violation of
on the air bag vment, which can
r is a pyrotechnic airing an air bag belt buckle ner. Never probe could result in I result in
estraint system nust be depowered. e restraint system rating the vehicle
Yes agnostic tool:  agnostic tool:  This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to E4.
TO VOLTAGE
Restraint System ction. PAD) Indicator ystem at this time. S) Depowering and

# PINPOINT TEST E: LFC 18/DTC B1890 — PAD WARNING LAMP CIRCUIT SHORT TO BATTERY (Continued)

	(Continued)	
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
	CHECK CIRCUIT 1632 (TN/LB) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE (Continued)	
	<ul> <li>Measure the voltage between PAD indicator C2039 pin 2, circuit 1632 (TN/LB), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	N0010336	Yes GO to E3.
	<ul><li>Is the voltage less than 0.2 volt?</li></ul>	REPAIR circuit 1632 (TN/LB). GO to E5.
E3	CHECK THE RCM	
	<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:         On-Demand Self Test.     </li> <li>NOTE: DTC B1884 should be retrieved when carrying out the on-demand self test due to an open on circuit 1632 (TN/LB), DTC B1890 should not be retrieved at this time.</li> <li>Was DTC B1890 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to E5.  No INSTALL a new PAD Indicator. REFER to Passenger Air Bag Deactivation (PAD) Indicator in this section. GO to E5.
E4	CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B1890 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to E2.  No CHECK for causes of intermittent short to battery on circuit 1632 (TN/LB). ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to E5.
E5	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
	<ul> <li>Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step E1.</li> <li>Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step E1?</li> </ul>	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test F: LFC 53/DTC B1891 — Air Bag Tone Warning Indicator Circuit Shorted to Voltage

### **Normal Operation**

The connection between the instrument cluster module and RCM is used to signal a chime if the primary air bag indicator is inoperative and another SRS fault exists. The restraints control module (RCM) monitors this connection to the instrument cluster module at C220 pin 23.

If the RCM detects a circuit failure on the connection to the cluster, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B1891 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 53 (or a higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

### **Possible Causes**

An air bag tone warning indicator circuit short to voltage can be caused by:

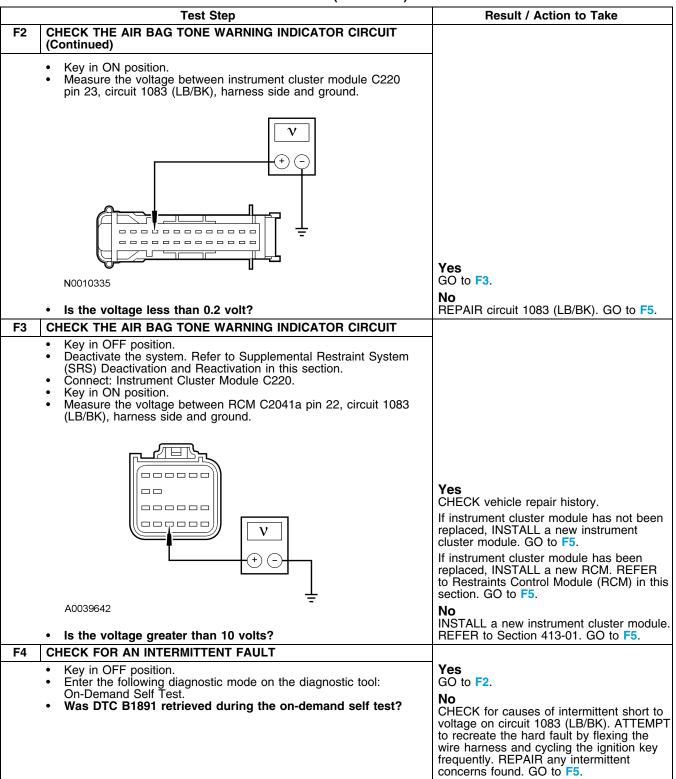
- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a short to voltage on circuit 1083 (LB/BK).
- a faulted instrument cluster module.
- a faulted RCM.

## PINPOINT TEST F: LFC 53/DTC B1891 — AIR BAG TONE WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT SHORTED TO VOLTAGE

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
F1	CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	110001117 110011011 10 101101
	WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
	WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
	WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.	
	<b>NOTE:</b> If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.	
	NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.  NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self
	<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.</li> <li>Was DTC B1891 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	test. GO to F2.  No This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to F4.
F2	CHECK THE AIR BAG TONE WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Disconnect: Instrument Cluster Module C220.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> </ul>	

# PINPOINT TEST F: LFC 53/DTC B1891 — AIR BAG TONE WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT SHORTED TO VOLTAGE (Continued)



# PINPOINT TEST F: LFC 53/DTC B1891 — AIR BAG TONE WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT SHORTED TO VOLTAGE (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
F5 CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step F1.     Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step F1?	Yes  Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No  RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this
	section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test G: LFC 53/DTC B1892 — Air Bag Tone Warning Indicator Circuit Failure

### **Normal Operation**

The connection between the instrument cluster module and RCM is used to signal a chime if the primary air bag indicator is inoperative and another SRS fault exists. The restraints control module (RCM) monitors this connection to the instrument cluster module at C220 pin 23.

If the RCM detects a circuit failure on the connection to the cluster, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B1891 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 53 (or a higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Possible Causes**

An air bag tone warning indicator circuit short to ground or open can be caused by:

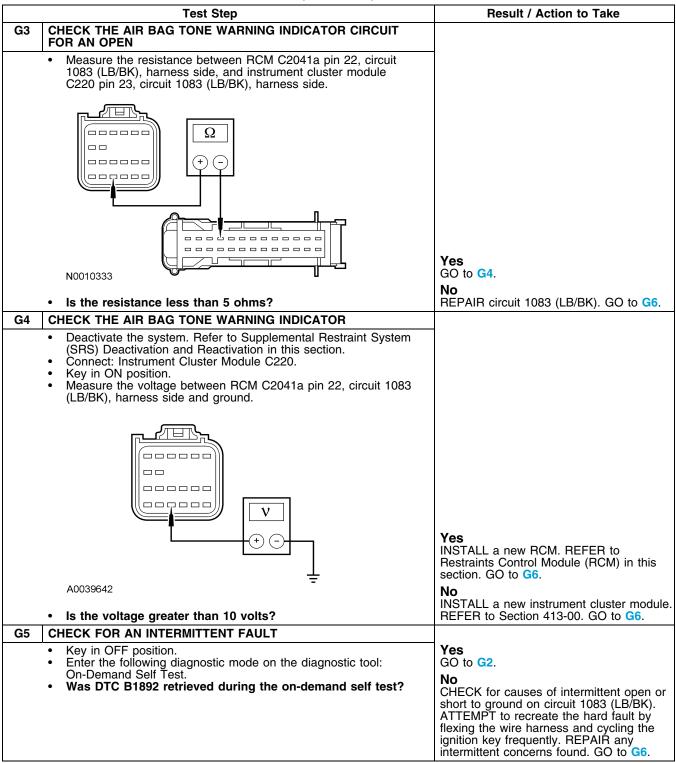
- a short to ground or open on circuit 1083 (LB/BK).
- a faulted instrument cluster module.
- a faulted RCM.

### PINPOINT TEST G: LFC 53/DTC B1892 — AIR BAG TONE WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT FAILURE

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
G1 CHECK FOR A HA	RD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	Tresult / Astion to Take
WARNING:   service only. Tools vehicle over the ro	Restraint system diagnostic tools are for smust be removed prior to operating the pad. Failure to remove restraint system buld result in injury and possible violation of	
WARNING: I module. Doing so result in personal	Never probe the connectors on the air bag can result in air bag deployment, which can injury.	
device. Always we equipped vehicle a pretensioner or sa a pretensioner or air personal injury.	The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic ar safety glasses when repairing an air bag and when handling a safety belt buckle fety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe extrical connector. Doing so could result in bag deployment and could result in	
(SRS) component is <b>NOTE:</b> After diagno	uipped with a supplemental restraint system being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered. sing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system ust be removed before operating the vehicle	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared
NOTE: The SRS me releasing the vehicle		until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to G2.
On-Demand Self • Enter the following Retrieve/Record/	ng diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: i Test. ng diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: 'Continuous DTCs. 2 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	No This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to G5.
G2 CHECK THE AIR B FOR A SHORT TO	AG TONE WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT GROUND	
(SRS) Depoweri Disconnect: RCN Disconnect: Insti Measure the res	tion.  stem. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System ng and Repowering in this section.  ### C2041a and C2041b.  rument Cluster Module C220. istance between instrument cluster module cuit 1083 (LB/BK), harness side and ground.	
	Ω + -	
N0010334		Yes GO to G3.
	e greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	No REPAIR circuit 1083 (LB/BK). GO to G6.
- is the resistance	e greater than 1,000,000 office:	(Continued)

# PINPOINT TEST G: LFC 53/DTC B1892 — AIR BAG TONE WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT FAILURE (Continued)



# PINPOINT TEST G: LFC 53/DTC B1892 — AIR BAG TONE WARNING INDICATOR CIRCUIT FAILURE (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
G6 CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step G1.     Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step G1?	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS)
	Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test H: LFC 14/DTC B1921 — Air Bag Diagnostic Monitor Ground Circuit Open

### **Normal Operation**

WARNING: The tightening torque of the restraints control module (RCM) retaining bolts is critical for correct air bag supplemental restraint system (SRS) operation. Refer to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section for correct torque values.

**NOTE:** A resistance difference as low as 10 ohms may set the LFC.

The restraints control module (RCM) monitors the resistance between the ground connections at the mounting bolts and the reference ground at C2041a pin 16, circuit 1203 (BK/LB). If the RCM detects a difference in resistance, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B1921 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 14 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Possible Causes**

A resistance difference between the RCM mounting bolts ground and harness ground can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- RCM not securely mounted.
- RCM is faulted.

### PINPOINT TEST H: LFC 14/DTC B1921 — AIR BAG DIAGNOSTIC MONITOR GROUND CIRCUIT OPEN

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Took Stop	Result / Action to Take
Test Step H1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	nesult / Action to Take
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.	
NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared
NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:	until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to H2.
On-Demand Self Test.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.  • Was DTC B1921 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	No This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to H5.
H2 INSPECT THE RCM MOUNTING AND MOUNTING SURFACE	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Inspect the RCM mounting and make sure that the retaining bolts are fully seated and tightened correctly.</li> <li>Remove the RCM. Refer to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section.</li> <li>Visually inspect the RCM and mounting surface for damage, corrosion or dirt.</li> <li>Was a significant amount of corrosion or dirt found, the RCM attached to the mounting surface incorrectly or were the RCM bolts not fully seated and tightened correctly?</li> </ul>	Yes CLEAN, TIGHTEN bolts or REPAIR the mounting surface as necessary. REINSTALL the RCM to the mounting surface. GO to H6. No GO to H3.
H3 INSTALL THE RCM AND CARRY OUT THE ON-DEMAND SELF TEST	
<ul> <li>Clean the RCM mounting surfaces and bolts.</li> <li>Install the RCM. Refer to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B1921 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to H4. No Fault corrected. GO to H6.
H4 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT 1203 (BK/LB) FOR HIGH RESISTANCE	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> </ul>	
	(Continued)

# PINPOINT TEST H: LFC 14/DTC B1921 — AIR BAG DIAGNOSTIC MONITOR GROUND CIRCUIT OPEN (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
H4	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT 1203 (BK/LB) FOR HIGH RESISTANCE (Continued)	
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between RCM C2041a pin 16, circuit 1203 (BK/LB), harness side and the RCM case ground.</li> </ul>	
	Ω + O A0039644 • Is the resistance less than 5 ohms?	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to H6. No REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to H6.
H5	CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B1921 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to H2.  No CHECK for causes of intermittent high resistance on circuit 1203 (BK/LB) or the chassis ground. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to H6.
Н6	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
	Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step H1.     Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step H1?	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — Occupant Classification System (OCS) Fault

### **Normal Operation**

**NOTE:** LFC 16 is shared between DTC B2290 and DTC B2909.

The OCS is used to classify the front passenger seat occupant in the event of a deployable impact. Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

The restraints control module (RCM) monitors for fault conditions reported by the occupant classification sensor (OCS) system. If the RCM detects one of the following faults reported by the OCS system, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B2290 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 16 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

The OCS system components (seat cushion foam pad, bladder with pressure sensor, electronic control unit (ECU) and seat wiring harness) are calibrated to each other and are serviced as an assembly. The OCS system components are not to be installed separately. If a new OCS system, OCS system component or seat cushion foam pad are needed, a new OCS system service kit (seat cushion foam pad, bladder with pressure sensor, electronic control unit (ECU) and seat wiring harness) must be installed as an assembly.

#### **Fault Conditions**

The OCS system reports the following fault conditions to the RCM:

- Low resistance
- · Circuit open
- · Circuit short to battery
- · Circuit short to ground
- A faulted pressure sensor
- A faulted ECU mounting condition

#### **Possible Causes**

An occupant classification sensor (OCS) circuit fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty OCS system component.
- a faulted RCM.

### PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT

**NOTE:** To identify between a production OCS system and a service OCS system (OCS service kit) inspect the OCS ECU electrical connector. A production OCS system allows the disconnect of the electrical connector from the OCS ECU. A service OCS system (OCS service kit) has the OCS ECU electrical connector glued to the ECU, it cannot and should not be disconnected or altered.

**NOTE:** Mounting and orientation of the OCS ECU is critical for correct system operation. Failure to correctly position and securely fasten the OCS ECU in place can set a diagnostic trouble code (DTC) in the restraints control module (RCM). If the vehicle has been in a collision in which the passenger seat may have been damaged, inspect the OCS ECU mounting area for deformation. If damaged, a new OCS service kit must be installed. In addition, make sure the mounting area of the OCS system is restored to the original production configuration (install new as necessary).

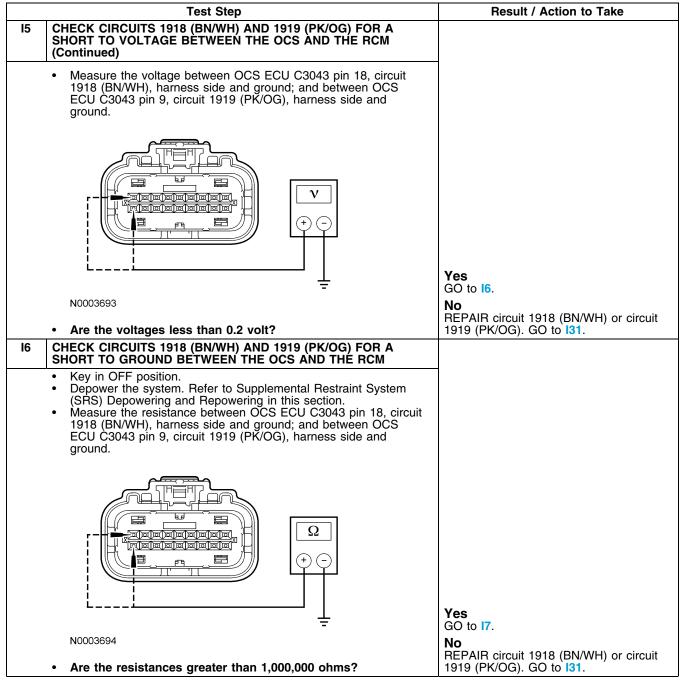
**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

#### Test Step Result / Action to Take CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC 11 Yes ✓ WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for This is a hard fault. The fault condition is service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the still present. This fault cannot be cleared vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system until it is corrected and the DTC is no diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of longer retrieved during the on-demand self vehicle safety standards. If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded, ✓! WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can test must be carried out. result in personal injury. Vehicles with a production OCS system MARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic For OCS system with a communications device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle fault, GO to 12. For OCS system with an internal fault, GO pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in to 119. pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in For OCS system with a calibration fault, GO to 129. personal injury. NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system For OCS system with a pressure sensor (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered. fault, GO to 111. NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system Vehicles with a service OCS system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle For OCS system with a communications over the road. fault, GO to 120. NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before For OCS system with an internal fault, GO releasing the vehicle to the customer. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: For OCS system with a calibration fault, On-Demand Self Test. GO to 129. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag DTC B2290/Record All Flagged Faults. For OCS system with a pressure sensor Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: fault, INSTALL a new OCS system service Retrieve/Flag/Record Continuous DTCs. kit. Refer to Occupant Classification Was DTC B2290 retrieved during the on-demand self test? Sensor, in this section. GO to I31. This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to **130**. 12 **CHECK THE SEAT WIRING AND CONNECTORS** Key in OFF position. Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. Carry out a thorough visual inspection of the OCS system wiring, terminals and connectors, the RCM wiring, terminals and connectors at RCM C2041b pins 17 and 18, and the related REPAIR the seat connectors and wiring as needed. GO to 131. seat wiring harness and body wiring harness terminals and No connectors. Were any problems noted? GO to 13.

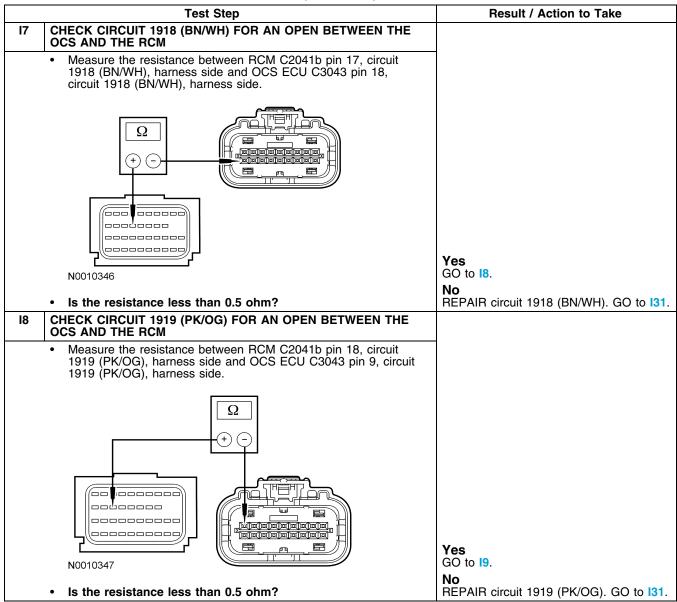
# PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
13 CHECK IGNITION CIRCUIT 937 (RD/WH) FOR AN OPEN	
For vehicles equipped with seat side air bags, carry out the following:         — Disconnect passenger seat side air bag C337.         — Connect restraint system diagnostic tool 418-133 to passenger seat side air bag C337.         • Disconnect: OCS ECU C3043.         • Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.         • Key in ON position.         • Measure the voltage between OCS ECU C3043 pin 1, circuit	
937 (RD/WH), harness side and ground.	Yes GO to I4.
1. 11	No
Is the voltage greater than 10 volts?  I4 CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT 1203 (BK/LB) FOR AN OPEN	REPAIR circuit 937 (RD/WH). GO to I31.
Key in OFF position.     Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.     Measure the resistance between OCS ECU C3043 pin 14, circuit 676 (PK/OG), harness side and ground.	
N0003692	Yes GO to I5. No
Is the resistance less than 5 ohms?    CHECK CIRCUITS 1010 (RN/OC) FOR A	REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to I31.
I5 CHECK CIRCUITS 1918 (BN/WH) AND 1919 (PK/OG) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE OCS AND THE RCM	
<ul> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> </ul>	
	(Continued)

# PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)



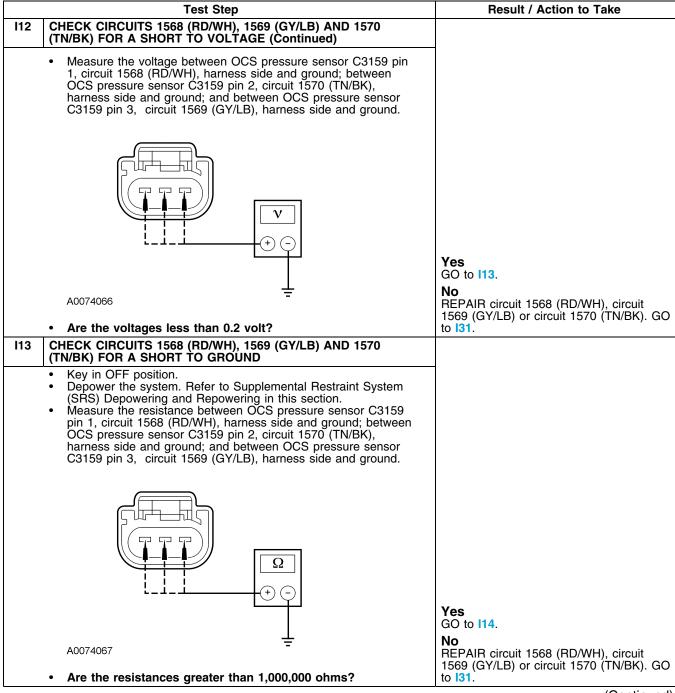
## PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)



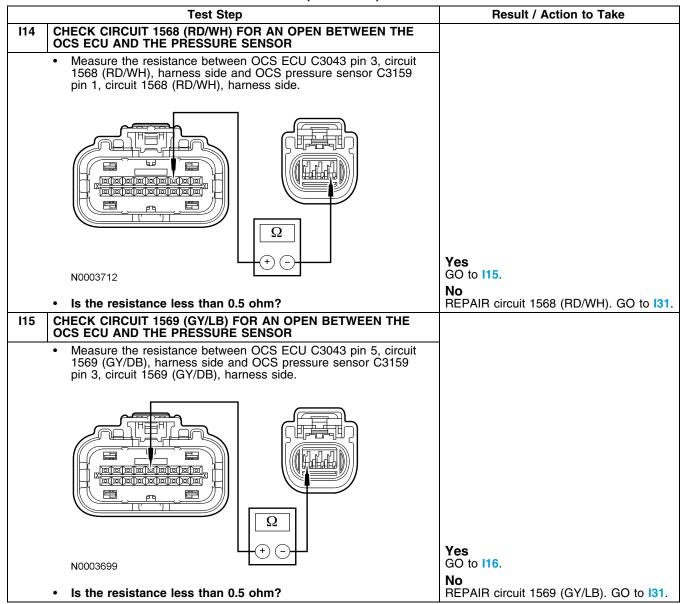
# PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)

(Continued)			
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take	
19	CHECK CIRCUIT 1918 (BN/WH) FOR A SHORT TO CIRCUIT 1919 (PK/OG) BETWEEN THE OCS AND THE RCM		
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between OCS ECU C3043 pin 18, circuit 1918 (BN/WH), harness side and OCS ECU C3043 pin 9, circuit 1919 (PK/OG), harness side.</li> </ul>		
		Yes	
		GO to I10.	
	N0003697  • Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	REPAIR circuits 1918 (BN/WH) and 1919 (PK/OG). GO to I31.	
l10	CHECK THE RCM		
	<ul> <li>NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.</li> <li>Install a known good RCM. Refer to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section.</li> <li>Connect: OCS ECU C3043.</li> <li>Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag DTC B2290/Record All Flagged Faults.</li> <li>Was DTC B2290 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded, multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint test must be carried out. INSTALL a new OCS service kit. Refer to Occupant Classification Sensor, in this section. GO to I31. No Fault corrected. GO to I31.	
l11	CHECK THE SEAT WIRING AND CONNECTORS		
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Carry out a thorough visual inspection of the OCS system wiring, terminals and connectors and the related seat wiring harness and body wiring harness terminals and connectors.</li> <li>Were any problems noted?</li> </ul>	Yes REPAIR the seat connectors and wiring as needed. GO to I31. No GO to I12.	
l12	CHECK CIRCUITS 1568 (RD/WH), 1569 (GY/LB) AND 1570 (TN/BK) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE		
	<ul> <li>For vehicles equipped with seat side air bags, carry out the following:         <ul> <li>Disconnect passenger seat side air bag C337.</li> <li>Connect restraint system diagnostic tool 418-133 to passenger seat side air bag C337.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Disconnect: OCS Pressure Sensor C3159.</li> <li>Disconnect: OCS ECU C3043.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> </ul>		
L	•	(Continued)	

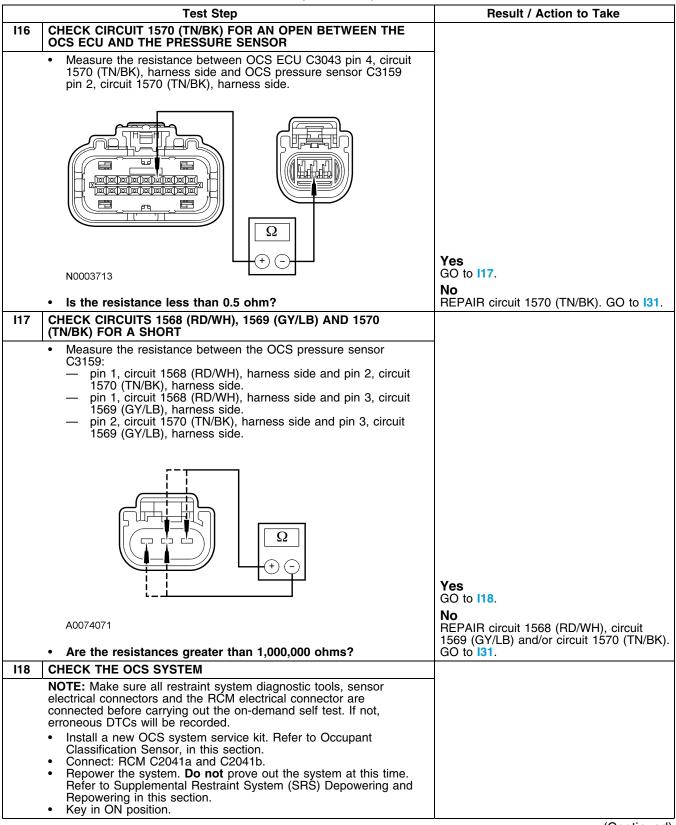
# PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)



## PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)



# PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)



## PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)

### **Result / Action to Take Test Step** 118 **CHECK THE OCS SYSTEM (Continued)** Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: OCS Rezeroing. CAUTION: It is necessary to rezero the OCS system when a front passenger seat cushion is disassembled, a new trim cover installed or an OCS service kit is installed. A diagnostic tool is used to trigger the active command to carry out rezeroing of the OCS system. CAUTION: Make sure the seat is completely assembled before rezeroing. ∠! CAUTION: The following precautions must be taken before rezeroing the OCS system: - Make sure the OCS system components are connected and no faults are present. Make sure the OCS system is not at a temperature below 0°C (32°F) or above 45°C (113°F) when initiating the rezeroing process. If the vehicle has been exposed to extreme cold or hot temperatures, the vehicle must be exposed and kept at a temperature within the limits (0°C to 45°C [32°F to 113°F]) for a minimum of 30 minutes. – Make sure nothing is present on the passenger seat before rezeroing and nothing is placed on the seat during the rezeroing process. Make sure a minimum 8-second time period has passed after cycling the ignition switch ON before the rezeroing NOTE: For best results in rezeroing, the OCS system should be at or near room temperature, 10°C to 29°C (50°F to 85°F). NOTE: When using a NGS+ (NGS with Vehicle Communication Module (VCM) and the latest software) to rezero the OCS system: select "FUNCTION TEST"select "SYSTEM RESET" • view the on-screen information then press "TRIGGER" The NGS+ screen will then display "OCS RESET: REZERO." Press "DONE" (button 8) to rezero the OCS system. The NGS+ will display "TEST/FUNCTION SUCCESSFUL" once rezeroing of the OCS system is complete. NOTE: To rezero the OCS system using the Worldwide Diagnostic System (WDS): · select the "Toolbox" icon select "Body" from the menuselect "Restraints" from the menu select "Seat Weight Sensor ReZero" After selecting "Seat Weight Sensor ReZero", follow the on-screen prompts to carry out rezeroing of the OCS system. NOTE: If the first attempt to rezero the OCS system is unsuccessful, a second attempt must be made. Carry out rezeroing of the OCS system using the diagnostic tool. If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded, multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint Key in OFF position. NOTE: The ignition switch must be cycled after rezeroing the test must be carried out. OCS system. INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this On-Demand Self Test. section. GO to 131. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag No DTC B2290/Record All Flagged Faults. Was DTC B2290 retrieved during the on-demand self test? Fault corrected. GO to I31.

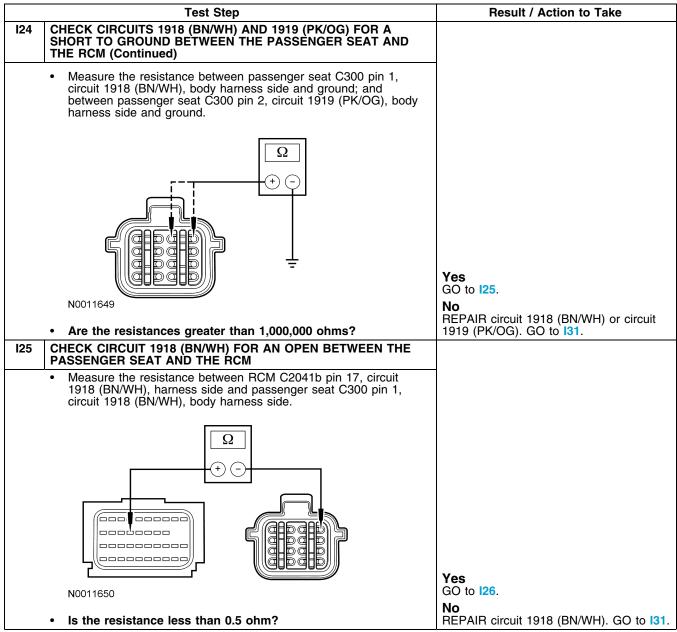
# PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)

(Continued)			
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take	
119	<ul> <li>CHECK FOR AN OCS MOUNTING FAULT</li> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>NOTE: The ECU must be correctly positioned and securely fastened in place. Failure to do so can set a diagnostic trouble code (DTC) in the restraints control module (RCM). Inspect the OCS ECU for correct mounting location and direction, for OCS fastener tightness, for damage to the OCS ECU and seat cushion pan.</li> <li>Is the OCS ECU correctly located and are the fasteners tight and is there no damage to components?</li> </ul>	Yes INSTALL a new OCS system service kit. REFER to Occupant Classification Sensor in this section. GO to I31.  No REPAIR as necessary. REFER to Occupant Classification Sensor in this section for correct mounting location/direction of the ECU, the correct fasteners for mounting of the ECU. If the seat cushion pan is damaged, refer to the appropriate procedure in Section 501-10 for repair. GO to I31.	
120	CHECK THE SEAT WIRING AND CONNECTORS		
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Carry out a thorough visual inspection of the OCS system wiring, terminals and connectors, the RCM wiring, terminals and connectors at RCM C2041b pins 17 and 18, and the related seat wiring harness and body wiring harness terminals and connectors.</li> <li>Were any problems noted?</li> </ul>	Yes REPAIR the seat connectors and wiring as needed. GO to I21.  No GO to I21.	
121	CHECK IGNITION CIRCUIT 937 (RD/WH) FOR AN OPEN		
	<ul> <li>For vehicles equipped with seat side air bags, carry out the following:         <ul> <li>Disconnect passenger seat side air bag C337.</li> <li>Connect restraint system diagnostic tool 418-133 to passenger seat side air bag C337.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Seat C300.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> <li>Measure the voltage between passenger seat C300 pin 14, circuit 937 (RD/WH), body harness side and ground.</li> </ul>		
		Yes	
	N0011646 <del>-</del>	GO to 122.	
	Is the voltage greater than 10 volts?	No REPAIR circuit 937 (RD/WH). GO to I31.	
122	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT 1203 (BK/LB) FOR AN OPEN		
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> </ul>		
		(Continued)	

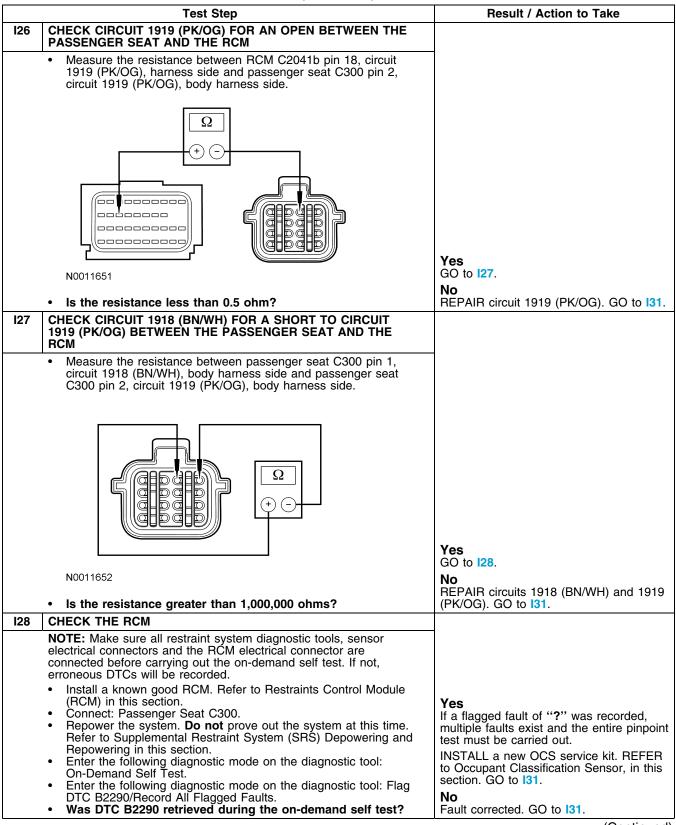
# PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)

	(Continued)	
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
122	CHECK GROUND CIRCUIT 1203 (BK/LB) FOR AN OPEN (Continued)	
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between passenger seat C300 pin 9, circuit 1203 (BK/LB), body harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	N0044047	Yes GO to I23.
	N0011647	No
100	Is the resistance less than 5 ohms?  OUEOU ORDOUTE 1010 (PM/OC) FOR A	REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to I31.
123	CHECK CIRCUITS 1918 (BN/WH) AND 1919 (PK/OG) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE PASSENGER SEAT AND THE RCM	
	<ul> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> <li>Measure the voltage between passenger seat C300 pin 1, circuit 1918 (BN/WH), body harness side and ground; and between passenger seat C300 pin 2, circuit 1919 (PK/OG), body harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	N0011648  • Are the voltages less than 0.2 volt?	Yes GO to I24. No REPAIR circuit 1918 (BN/WH) or circuit 1919 (PK/OG). GO to I31.
124	CHECK CIRCUITS 1918 (BN/WH) AND 1919 (PK/OG) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE PASSENGER SEAT AND	
	<ul> <li>THE RCM</li> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> </ul>	(Continued)

# PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)



### PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)



## PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)

Test Step		Result / Action to Take	
129	CHECK THE OCS SYSTEM		
	NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  • Key in OFF position.		

### PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)

#### **Test Step** Result / Action to Take 129 **CHECK THE OCS SYSTEM (Continued)** Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: OCS Rezeroing. CAUTION: It is necessary to rezero the OCS system when a front passenger seat cushion is disassembled, a new trim cover installed or an OCS service kit is installed. A diagnostic tool is used to trigger the active command to carry out rezeroing of the OCS system. CAUTION: Make sure the seat is completely assembled before rezeroing. **CAUTION:** The following precautions must be taken before rezeroing of the OCS system: Make sure the OCS system components are connected and no faults are present. Make sure the OCS system is not at a temperature below 0°C (32°F) or above 45°C (113°F) when initiating the rezeroing process. If the vehicle has been exposed to extreme cold or hot temperatures, the vehicle must be exposed and kept at a temperature within the limits, 0°C to 45°C (32°F to 113°F) for a minimum of 30 minutes. – Make sure nothing is present on the passenger seat before rezeroing and nothing is placed on the seat during the rezeroing process. Make sure a minimum 8-second time period has passed after cycling the ignition switch ON before the rezeroing NOTE: For best results in rezeroing, the OCS system should be at or near room temperature, 10°C to 29°C (50°F to 85°F). NOTE: When using a NGS+ (NGS with Vehicle Communication Module (VCM) and the latest software) to rezero the OCS system: select "FUNCTION TEST"select "SYSTEM RESET" • view the on-screen information then press "TRIGGER" The NGS+ screen will then display "OCS RESET: REZERO." Press "DONE" (button 8) to rezero the OCS system. The NGS+ will display "TEST/FUNCTION SUCCESSFUL" once rezeroing of the OCS system is complete. NOTE: To rezero the OCS system using the Worldwide Diagnostic System (WDS): · select the "Toolbox" icon select "Body" from the menuselect "Restraints" from the menu select "Seat Weight Sensor ReZero" After selecting "Seat Weight Sensor ReZero", follow the on-screen prompts to carry out rezeroing of the OCS system. NOTE: If the first attempt to rezero the OCS system is unsuccessful, a second attempt must be made. Using the diagnostic tool, carry out rezeroing of the OCS system. Key in OFF position. If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded, NOTE: The ignition switch must be cycled after rezeroing the multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint OCS system. test must be carried out. Key in ON position. INSTALL a new OCS system service kit. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test. REFER to Occupant Classification Sensor in this section. GO to 131. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag DTC B2290/Record All Flagged Faults. No Was DTC B2290 retrieved during the on-demand self test? Fault corrected. GO to I31.

## PINPOINT TEST I: LFC 16/DTC B2290 — OCCUPANT CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM (OCS) FAULT (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
130	CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>For vehicles equipped with seat side air bags, carry out the following:         <ul> <li>Disconnect passenger seat side air bag C337.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is now present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test.
	<ul> <li>Connect restraint system diagnostic tool 418-133 to passenger seat side air bag C337.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:</li> </ul>	Using the flagged faults, GO to the appropriate pinpoint test step.  If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded, multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint test must be carried out.
	On-Demand Self Test.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag DTC B2290/Record All Flagged Faults.  • Was DTC B2290 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	Vehicles with a production OCS system For OCS system with a communications fault, GO to 12.
	was bro bzza retrieved during the on-demand sen test:	For OCS system with an internal fault, GO to I19.
		For OCS system with a calibration fault, GO to 129.
		For OCS system with a pressure sensor fault, GO to I11.
		Vehicles with a service OCS system
		For OCS system with a communications fault, GO to 120.
		For OCS system with an internal fault, GO to I19.
		For OCS system with a calibration fault, GO to 129.
		For OCS system with a pressure sensor fault, INSTALL a new OCS system service kit. REFER to Occupant Classification Sensor in this section. GO to 131.
		No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to I31.
I31	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
	<ul> <li>Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step I1.</li> <li>Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step I1?</li> </ul>	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.
		RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test J: LFC 33 and 34/DTC B2292 — Restraint System — Safety Belt Pretensioner Status

#### **Normal Operation**

The safety belt pretensioners are activated by the RCM to remove excessive slack from the safety belt webbing when an impact exceeding preprogramed limits is detected. Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

The restraints control module (RCM) checks all of the safety belt pretensioners for faults. If the RCM detects one of the following faults on any of the safety belt pretensioner circuits, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B2292 in memory and flash, depending on the fault indicator, or lamp fault code (LFC) 33 or 34 depending on the fault (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Fault Conditions**

The RCM monitors for the following fault conditions:

- Low resistance
- High resistance or circuit open
- Circuit short to voltage
- · Circuit short to ground

#### **Possible Causes**

A safety belt pretensioner status fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty safety belt pretensioner.
- a faulted RCM.

### PINPOINT TEST J: LFC 33 AND 34/DTC B2292 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SAFETY BELT PRETENSIONER STATUS

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

	inspection and verification before proceeding with the philpoint	
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
J1	CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	
	WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
	WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
	WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.  NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system	
	diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.	Yes
	<b>NOTE:</b> The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.	This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared
	<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> </ul>	until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to J2.
	DTC B2292/Record All Flagged Faults.	No
	<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.</li> <li>Was DTC B2292 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to J12.

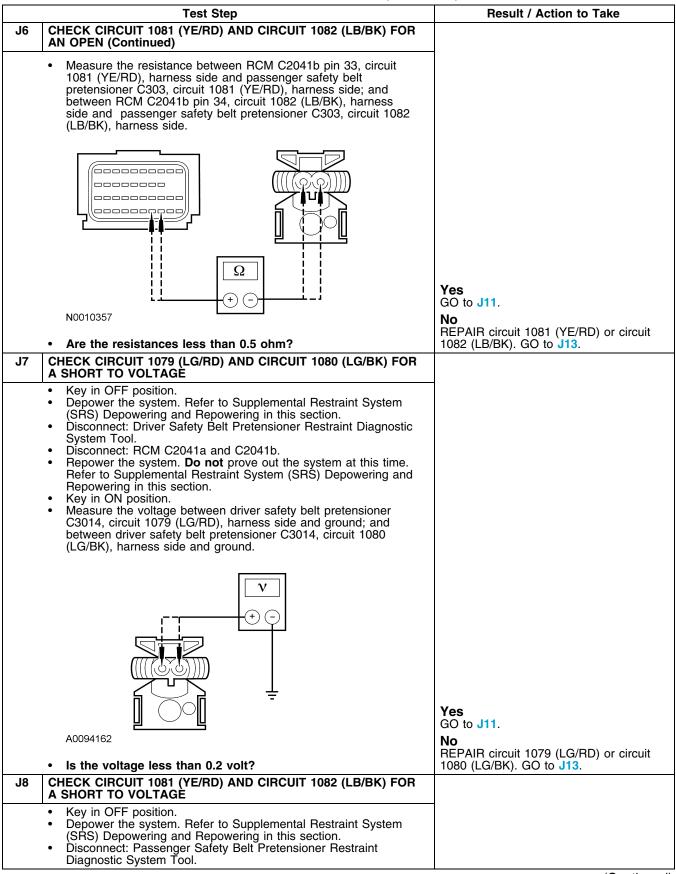
## PINPOINT TEST J: LFC 33 AND 34/DTC B2292 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SAFETY BELT PRETENSIONER STATUS (Continued)

Test Stars	·
Test Step	Result / Action to Take
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: The Affected Safety Belt Pretensioner C3014 (Driver) or C303 (Passenger).</li> <li>Connect: Restraint System Diagnostic Tool 418-F395 to the Affected Safety Belt Pretensioner C3014 (Driver) or C303 (Passenger).</li> <li>Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag DTC B2292/Record All Flagged Faults.</li> <li>Was DTC B2292 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Ves Using the flagged fault(s) recorded in Step J1, GO to the appropriate pinpoint test step.  If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded in Step J1, multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint test must be carried out.  For driver safety belt pretensioner (DF_RET) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to J3.  For DF_RET with an open circuit (O_CIR) fault, GO to J5.  For DF_RET with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to J7.  For DF_RET with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to J9.  For passenger safety belt pretensioner (PF_RET) with a low resistance (LOWRES), GO to J4.  For PF_RET with an open circuit (O_CIR) fault, GO to J6.  For PF_RET with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to J8.  For PF_RET with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to J10.  No  INSTALL a new driver or passenger safety belt pretensioner. REFER to Section
J3 CHECK THE DRIVER SAFETY BELT PRETENSIONER CIRCUITS FOR LOW RESISTANCE  • Key in OFF position. • Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. • Disconnect: Driver Safety Belt Pretensioner Restraint Diagnostic System Tool. • Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b. • Measure the resistance between driver safety belt pretensioner C3014, circuit 1079 (LG/RD), harness side and circuit 1080 (LG/BK), harness side.	501-20A. GO to <b>J13</b> .
A0030495  • Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	Yes GO to J11. No REPAIR circuits 1079 (LG/RD) and 1080 (LG/BK). GO to J13.
J4 CHECK THE PASSENGER SAFETY BELT PRETENSIONER CIRCUITS FOR LOW RESISTANCE  • Key in OFF position.	
<ul> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> </ul>	

## PINPOINT TEST J: LFC 33 AND 34/DTC B2292 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SAFETY BELT PRETENSIONER STATUS (Continued)

	PRETENSIONER STATUS (Contin	,
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
J4	CHECK THE PASSENGER SAFETY BELT PRETENSIONER CIRCUITS FOR LOW RESISTANCE (Continued)	
	<ul> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Safety Belt Pretensioner Restraint Diagnostic System Tool.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between passenger safety belt pretensioner C303, circuit 1081 (YE/RD) and circuit 1082 (LB/BK), harness side.</li> </ul>	
		Yes GO to J11.
	A0030495	No REPAIR circuits 1081 (YE/RD) and 1082
	• Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	(LB/BK). GO to <b>J13</b> .
J5	CHECK CIRCUIT 1079 (LG/RD) AND CIRCUIT 1080 (LG/BK) FOR AN OPEN	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Driver Safety Belt Pretensioner Restraint Diagnostic System Tool.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between RCM C2041b pin 31, circuit 1079 (LG/RD), harness side and driver safety belt pretensioner C3014, circuit 1079 (LG/RD), harness side; and between RCM C2041b pin 32, circuit 1080 (LG/BK), harness side and the driver safety belt pretensioner C3014, circuit 1080 (LG/BK), harness side</li> </ul>	
	Ω N0010356	Yes GO to J11.
		REPAIR circuit 1079 (LG/RD) or circuit
IC	Are the resistances less than 0.5 ohm?  CHECK CIRCUIT 1081 (VE/RD) AND CIRCUIT 1082 (LR/RK) FOR	1080 (LG/BK). GO to <b>J13</b> .
J6	CHECK CIRCUIT 1081 (YE/RD) AND CIRCUIT 1082 (LB/BK) FOR AN OPEN	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Safety Belt Pretensioner Restraint Diagnostic System Tool.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> </ul>	
		(Continued)

### PINPOINT TEST J: LFC 33 AND 34/DTC B2292 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SAFETY BELT PRETENSIONER STATUS (Continued)



## PINPOINT TEST J: LFC 33 AND 34/DTC B2292 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SAFETY BELT PRETENSIONER STATUS (Continued)

	PRETENSIONER STATUS (CONTIN	,
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
J8	CHECK CIRCUIT 1081 (YE/RD) AND CIRCUIT 1082 (LB/BK) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE (Continued)	
	<ul> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> <li>Measure the voltage between passenger safety belt pretensioner C303, circuit 1082 (LB/BK), harness side and ground; and between passenger safety belt pretensioner C303, circuit 1081 (YE/RD), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	A0094162  • Is the voltage less than 0.2 volt?	Yes GO to J11. No REPAIR circuit 1081 (YE/RD) or circuit 1082 (LB/BK). GO to J13.
J9	CHECK CIRCUIT 1079 (LG/RD) AND CIRCUIT 1080 (LG/BK) FOR	1002 (LB/BR). GO to 313.
	A SHORT TO GROUND     Key in OFF position.	
	<ul> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Driver Safety Belt Pretensioner Restraint Diagnostic System Tool.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between driver safety belt pretensioner C3014, circuit 1079 (LG/RD), harness side and ground; and between driver safety belt pretensioner C3014, circuit 1080 (LG/BK), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	$\Omega$	Yes
	시 시 시 시 시 시 시 시 시 시 시 시 시 시 시 시 시 시 시	GO to J11.
	• Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	<b>No</b>   REPAIR circuit 1079 (LG/RD) or circuit   1080 (LG/BK). GO to <b>J13</b> .
J10	CHECK CIRCUIT 1081 (YE/RD) AND CIRCUIT 1082 (LB/BK) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND	1000 (20/21)/ 00 10 10
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Safety Belt Pretensioner Restraint Diagnostic System Tool.</li> </ul>	
	Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.	
		(Continued)

### PINPOINT TEST J: LFC 33 AND 34/DTC B2292 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SAFETY BELT PRETENSIONER STATUS (Continued)

#### **Test Step** Result / Action to Take CHECK CIRCUIT 1081 (YE/RD) AND CIRCUIT 1082 (LB/BK) FOR J10 A SHORT TO GROUND (Continued) Measure the resistance between passenger safety belt pretensioner C303, circuit 1081 (YE/RD), harness side and ground; and between passenger safety belt pretensioner C303, circuit 1082 (LB/BK). Ω Yes GO to J11. A0094161 No REPAIR circuit 1081 (YE/RD) or circuit Is the resistance greater than 1.000.000 ohms? 1082 (LB/BK). GO to J13. **CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT** NOTE: Make sure the safety belt pretensioner restraint system diagnostic tool, sensor electrical connectors, and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self If a "?" was flagged by the diagnostic tool, CARRY OUT the entire pinpoint test. test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded. Key in OFF position. INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Connect: Driver and Passenger Safety Belt Pretensioner Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this Restraint System Diagnostic Tools. section. GO to J13. Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b. Repower the system. **Do not** prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. Repowering in this section. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: flexing the wire harness and cycling the On-Demand Self Test. ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag systems in the same wire harness. DTC B2292. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. Was DTC B2292 retrieved during the on-demand self test? GO to **J13**. **CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT** J12 Key in OFF position. Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. Disconnect: The Affected Safety Belt Pretensioner C3014 at or near the affected safety belt pretensioner connector. REPAIR any (Driver) C303 (Passenger). intermittent concerns found. Connect: Restraint System Diagnostic Tool 418-F395 to the If an intermittent concern was found and Affected Safety Belt Pretensioner C3014 (Driver) C303 repaired, GO to J13. If an intermittent concern was not found Repower the system. **Do not** prove out the system at this time. and repaired, GO to J2. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded, multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint Repowering in this section. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test. test must be carried out. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag DTC B2292 CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. Was DTC B2292 retrieved during the on-demand self test? ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to **J13**.

### PINPOINT TEST J: LFC 33 AND 34/DTC B2292 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SAFETY BELT PRETENSIONER STATUS (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
J13 CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step J1.     Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step J1?	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR

# Pinpoint Test K: LFC 19 and 21/DTC B2293 — Restraint System — Air Bag Status

#### **Normal Operation**

The front air bags will deploy upon receiving a flow of current from the restraints control module (RCM). Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

The restraints control module (RCM) checks all of the front air bag circuits for faults. If the RCM detects one of the following faults on any of the front air bag circuits, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B2293 in memory and flash either lamp fault code (LFC) 19 or 21 depending on the fault (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Fault Conditions**

The RCM monitors for the following fault conditions:

- Low resistance
- High resistance or circuit open
- Circuit short to voltage
- Circuit short to ground

#### **Possible Causes**

A driver air bag status fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty clockspring.
- a faulty driver air bag module.
- a faulted RCM.

A passenger air bag status fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty passenger air bag module.
- a faulted RCM.

### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.	
<b>NOTE:</b> If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.	
NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system	
diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.	Yes
<ul> <li>NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag DTC B2293/Record All Flagged Faults.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:</li> </ul>	This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to K2.  No This is an intermittent fault. The fault
Retrieve/Record Continuous DTCs.  • Was DTC B2293 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	condition is not present at this time. GO to K38.

### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

#### **Test Step** Result / Action to Take K2 CHECK THE DRIVER AND THE PASSENGER AIR BAG **MODULES** Key in OFF position. Yes Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System Using the flagged faults recorded in Step (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. K1, GO to the appropriate pinpoint test If the flagged fault was reported for the driver air bag module: step. Remove the driver air bag module. Refer to Driver Air Bag If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded in Module in this section. Step K1, multiple faults exist and the Connect restraint system diagnostic tools 418-F395 (2 entire pinpoint test must be carried out. required) to the driver air bag module squib 1 and squib 2 For driver air bag module squib 1 connectors. (D\_ABAG) with a short to ground (STG) If the flagged fault was reported for the passenger air bag fault. GO to K3. module: For driver air bag module squib 1 Disconnect passenger air bag module C256. (D\_ABAG) with a short to battery (STB) Connect restraint system diagnostic tool 418-F403 to passenger air bag module C256. Repower the system. **Do not** prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and fault. GO to K5. For driver air bag module squib 1 (D\_ABAG) with an open circuit (O\_CIR) Repowering in this section. fault, GO to K7. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test. For driver air bag module squib 1 (D\_ABAG) with a low resistance Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag (LOWRES) fault, GO to K11. DTC B2293/Record All Flagged Faults. Was DTC B2293 retrieved during the on-demand self test? For passenger air bag module squib 1 (P\_ABAG) with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to K14. For passenger air bag module squib 1 (P\_ABAG) with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to K15. For passenger air bag module squib 1 (P\_ABAG) with an open circuit (O\_CIR) fault, GO to K16. For passenger air bag module squib 1 (P\_ABAG) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to K18. For driver air bag module squib 2 (D\_ABAG2) with a short to ground (STG) fault. GO to K20. For driver air bag module squib 2 (D\_ABAG2) with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to K22. For driver air bag module squib 2 (D\_ABAG2) with an open circuit (O\_CIR) fault, GO to K24. For driver air bag module squib 2 (D\_ABAG2) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to K28. For passenger air bag module squib 2 (P\_ABAG2) with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to K31. For passenger air bag module squib 2 (P\_ABAG2) with a short to battery (STB) fault. GO to K32. For passenger air bag module squib 2 (P\_ABAG2) with an open circuit (O\_CIR) fault, GO to K33. For passenger air bag module squib 2 ABAG2) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to K35. If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded in Step K1, multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint test must be carried out. If a fault was flagged against driver air bag module in Step K1, INSTALL a new driver

## PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K2	CHECK THE DRIVER AND THE PASSENGER AIR BAG MODULES (Continued)	
		No (Continued)
		air bag module. REFER to Driver Air Bag Module in this section. GO to K39.
		If a fault was flagged against passenger air bag module in Step K1, INSTALL a new passenger air bag module. REFER to Passenger Air Bag Module in this section. GO to K39.
К3	CHECK CIRCUITS 614 (GY/OG) AND 615 (GY/WH) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 1	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Disconnect: Driver Air Bag Module Squib 1 Restraint System Diagnostic Tool.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between driver air bag module squib 1 electrical connector, circuit 614 (GY/OG), harness side and ground; and between driver air bag module squib 1 electrical connector, circuit 615 (GY/WH), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	Ω + + = A0088716	Yes GO to K37.
16.5	Are the resistances greater than 1,000,000 ohms?  OUTSU( OUTSU( OUTSU OAA (OV(OB) AND OAA (OV(AND) OAA)))  OUTSU( OUTSU( OUTSU OAA (OV(OB) AND OAA (OV(OB) OAA)))  OUTSU( OUTSU( OUTSU OAA (OV(OB) OAA)))  OUTSU( OUTSU( OUTSU( OUTSU OAA)))  OUTSU( OUTSU( OUTSU( OUTSU OAA (OV(OB) OAA))))  OUTSU( OUTS	GO to K4.
K4	CHECK CIRCUITS 614 (GY/OG) AND 615 (GY/WH) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE CLOCKSPRING	
	Disconnect: Clockspring C2274.	

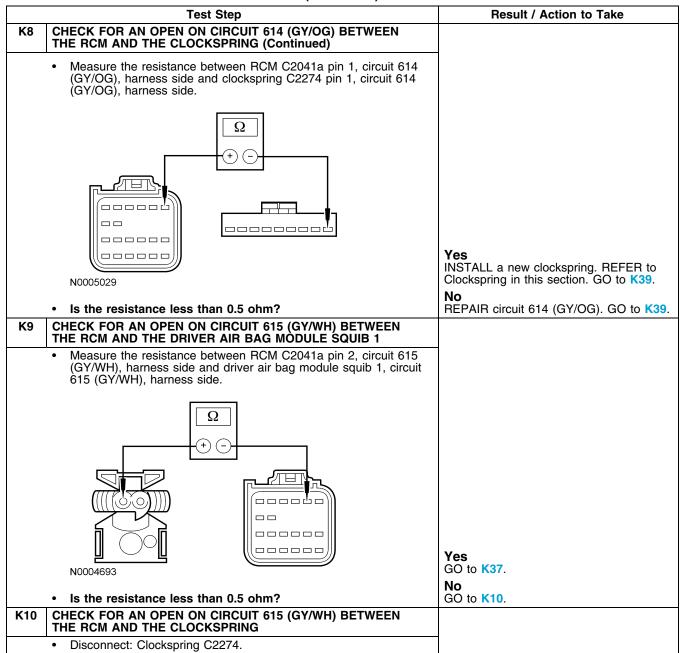
### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

	(Continued)	
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K4	CHECK CIRCUITS 614 (GY/OG) AND 615 (GY/WH) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE CLOCKSPRING (Continued)	
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between clockspring C2274 pin 1, circuit 614 (GY/OG), harness side and ground; and between clockspring C2274 pin 2, circuit 615 (GY/WH), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	Δ Φ Φ Φ Φ Φ Φ Φ Φ Φ Φ Φ Φ Φ	Yes INSTALL a new clockspring. REFER to Clockspring in this section. GO to K39.  No Due to the shorting bar feature in the electrical connector, the fault can exist in either circuit. Do not remove or defeat the shorting bar.  REPAIR circuit 614 (GY/OG) or 615
	<ul> <li>Are the resistances greater than 1,000,000 ohms?</li> </ul>	(GY/WH). GO to K39.
K5	CHECK CIRCUITS 614 (GY/OG) AND 615 (GY/WH) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 1	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Driver Air Bag Module Squib 1 Restraint System Diagnostic Tool.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> <li>Measure the voltage between driver air bag module squib 1 electrical connector, circuit 614 (GY/OG), harness side and ground; and between driver air bag module squib 1 electrical connector, circuit 615 (GY/WH), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	A0088715  • Are the voltages less than 0.2 volt?	Yes GO to K37. No GO to K6.
K6	CHECK CIRCUITS 614 (GY/OG) AND 615 (GY/WH) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE CLOCKSPRING	
	<ul><li>Key in OFF position.</li><li>Disconnect: Clockspring C2274.</li><li>Key in ON position.</li></ul>	
		(Continued)

## PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K6 CHECK CIRCUITS 614 (GY/OG) AND 615 (GY/WH) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE CLOCKSPRING (Continued)	Tiesuit / Action to Tune
<ul> <li>Measure the voltage between clockspring C2274 pin 1, circuit 614 (GY/OG), harness side and ground; and between clockspring C2274 pin 2, circuit 615 (GY/WH), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
V +	Yes INSTALL a new clockspring. REFER to Clockspring in this section. GO to K39.  No Due to the shorting bar feature in the electrical connector, the fault can exist in either circuit. Do not remove or defeat the shorting bar.
A0088718	REPAIR circuit 614 (GY/OG) or 615
Are the voltages less than 0.2 volt?      CHECK FOR AN OPEN ON CIPCUIT 614 (CV/OC) RETWEEN	(GY/WH). GO to K39.
K7 CHECK FOR AN OPEN ON CIRCUIT 614 (GY/OG) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 1	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Driver Air Bag Module Squib 1 Restraint System Diagnostic Tool.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between RCM C2041a pin 1, circuit 614 (GY/OG), harness side and driver air bag module squib 1, circuit 614 (GY/OG), harness side.</li> </ul>	
	Yes
N0004692	GO to K9.
Is the resistance less than 0.5 ohm?	GO to K8.
K8 CHECK FOR AN OPEN ON CIRCUIT 614 (GY/OG) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE CLOCKSPRING	
Disconnect: Clockspring C2274.	

### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)



## PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

	Tt Ot	Decole / Action to Tale
1715	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K10	CHECK FOR AN OPEN ON CIRCUIT 615 (GY/WH) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE CLOCKSPRING (Continued)	
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between RCM C2041a pin 2, circuit 615 (GY/WH), harness side and clockspring C2274 pin 2, circuit 615 (GY/WH), harness side.</li> </ul>	
	Ω + • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Yes INSTALL a new clockspring. REFER to Clockspring in this section. GO to K39. No
	<ul> <li>Is the resistance less than 0.5 ohm?</li> </ul>	REPAIR circuit 615 (GY/WH). GO to K39.
K11	CHECK FOR LOW RESISTANCE ON CIRCUITS 614 (GY/OG) AND 615 (GY/WH) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 1	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Driver Air Bag Module Squib 1 Restraint System Diagnostic Tool.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between driver air bag module squib 1, circuit 614 (GY/OG), harness side and circuit 615 (GY/WH), harness side.</li> </ul>	
	A0030492	Yes GO to K37. No
	Is the resistance greater than 10,000 ohms?	GO to K12.
K12	MEASURE THE RESISTANCE BETWEEN THE RCM CIRCUITS 614 (GY/OG) AND 615 (GY/WH)	
	Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.	

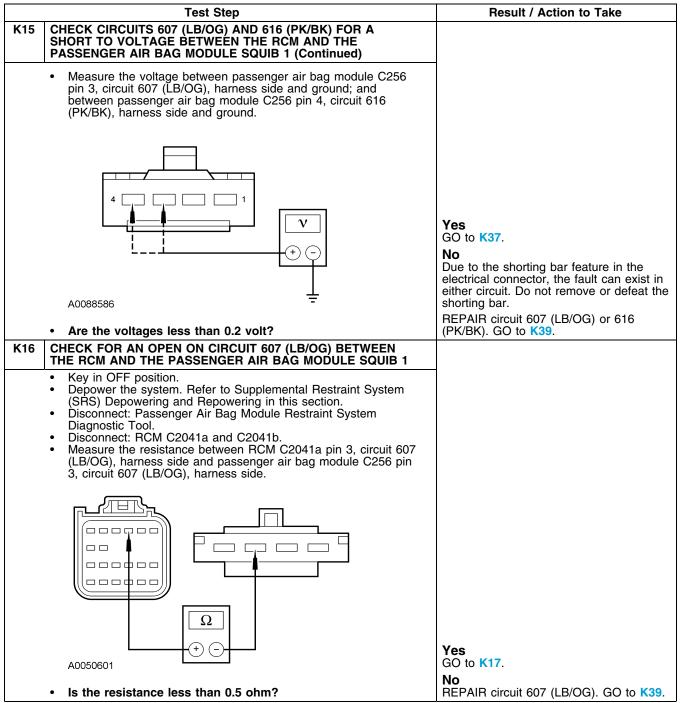
## PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K12	MEASURE THE RESISTANCE BETWEEN THE RCM CIRCUITS 614 (GY/OG) AND 615 (GY/WH) (Continued)	
	Measure the resistance between RCM C2041a pin 1, circuit 614 (GY/OG), component side and pin 2, circuit 615 (GY/WH), component side.	
	A0041266  • Is the resistance greater than 10,000 ohms?	Yes GO to K13. No GO to K37.
K13	CHECK FOR LOW RESISTANCE ON CIRCUITS 614 (GY/OG) AND 615 (GY/WH) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE CLOCKSPRING	
	<ul><li>Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li><li>Disconnect: Clockspring C2274.</li></ul>	

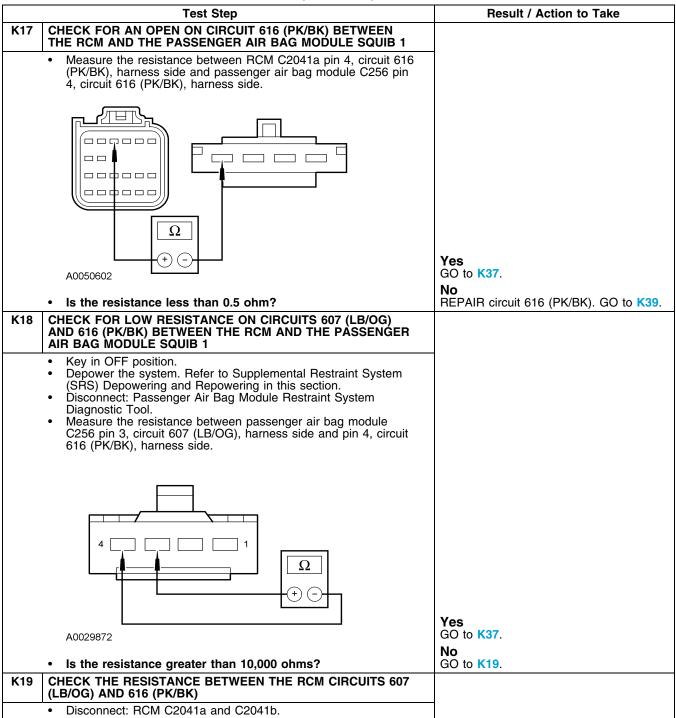
## PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

(Continue	<u>~,</u>
Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K13 CHECK FOR LOW RESISTANCE ON CIRCUITS 614 (GYAND 615 (GY/WH) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE CLOCKSPRING (Continued)	r/OG)
Measure the resistance between clockspring C2274 pir 614 (GY/OG), harness side and pin 2, circuit 615 (GY/harness side.	n 1, circuit WH),
Δ + -	Yes INSTALL a new clockspring. REFER to Clockspring in this section. GO to K39.
Is the resistance greater than 10,000 ohms?	No REPAIR circuit 614 (GY/OG) and 615 (GY/WH). GO to K39.
K14 CHECK CIRCUITS 607 (LB/OG) AND 616 (PK/BK) FOR SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 1	, ,
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Air Bag Module Restraint Syste Diagnostic Tool.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between RCM C2041a pin 3, c (LB/OG), harness side and ground; and between RCM pin 4, circuit 616 (PK/BK), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	em sircuit 607
Δ Δ 4 Δ 4 Δ 4 Δ 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	Yes GO to K37.  No Due to the shorting bar feature in the electrical connector, the fault can exist in either circuit. Do not remove or defeat the shorting bar.  REPAIR circuit 607 (LB/OG) or 616
• Are the resistances greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	(PK/BK). GO to K39.
K15 CHECK CIRCUITS 607 (LB/OG) AND 616 (PK/BK) FOR SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 1	A
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Air Bag Module Restraint Syste Diagnostic Tool.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at the Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depower Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> </ul>	em chis time.
	(Continued)

### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)



### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)



## PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K19	CHECK THE RESISTANCE BETWEEN THE RCM CIRCUITS 607 (LB/OG) AND 616 (PK/BK) (Continued)	
	Measure the resistance between RCM C2041a pin 3, circuit 607 (LB/OG), component side and pin 4, circuit 616 (PK/BK), component side.	
	A0041271 • Is the resistance greater than 10,000 ohms?	Yes REPAIR circuits 607 (LB/OG) and 616 (PK/BK). GO to K39.  No GO to K37.
K20	CHECK CIRCUITS 1516 (YE/WH) AND 1517 (RD/OG) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 2	GO TO NOT.
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Disconnect: Driver Air Bag Module Squib 2 Restraint System Diagnostic Tool.</li> </ul>	

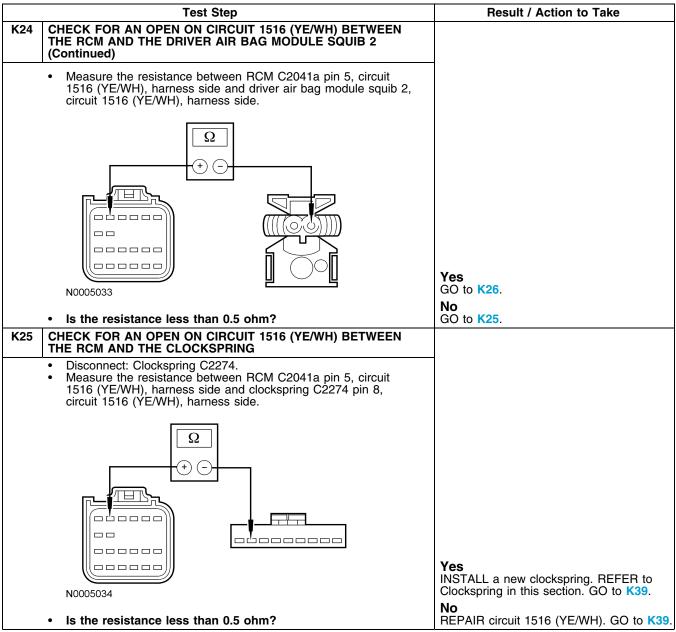
### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

(Continued)		
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K20	CHECK CIRCUITS 1516 (YE/WH) AND 1517 (RD/OG) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 2 (Continued)	
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between driver air bag module squib 2, circuit 1516 (YE/WH), harness side and ground; and between driver air bag module squib 2, circuit 1517 (RD/OG), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	Ω + - - A0094161	Yes GO to K37.
	And the mediates are much as the set 000,000 above 0	No
K21	Are the resistances greater than 1,000,000 ohms?  CHECK CIRCUITS 1516 (YE/WH) AND 1517 (RD/OG) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE CLOCKSPRING	GO to K21.
	<ul> <li>Disconnect: Clockspring C2274.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between clockspring C2274 pin 8, circuit 1516 (YE/WH), harness side and ground; and between clockspring C2274 pin 9, circuit 1517 (RD/OG), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	Δ (+) (-)	Yes INSTALL a new clockspring. REFER to Clockspring in this section. GO to K39.  No Due to the shorting bar feature in the electrical connector, the fault can exist in either circuit. Do not remove or defeat the shorting bar.  REPAIR circuit 1516 (YE/WH) or 1517
	Are the resistances greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	(RD/OG). GO to K39.
K22	CHECK CIRCUITS 1516 (YE/WH) AND 1517 (RD/OG) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 2	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Driver Air Bag Module Squib 2 Restraint System Diagnostic Tool.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> </ul>	

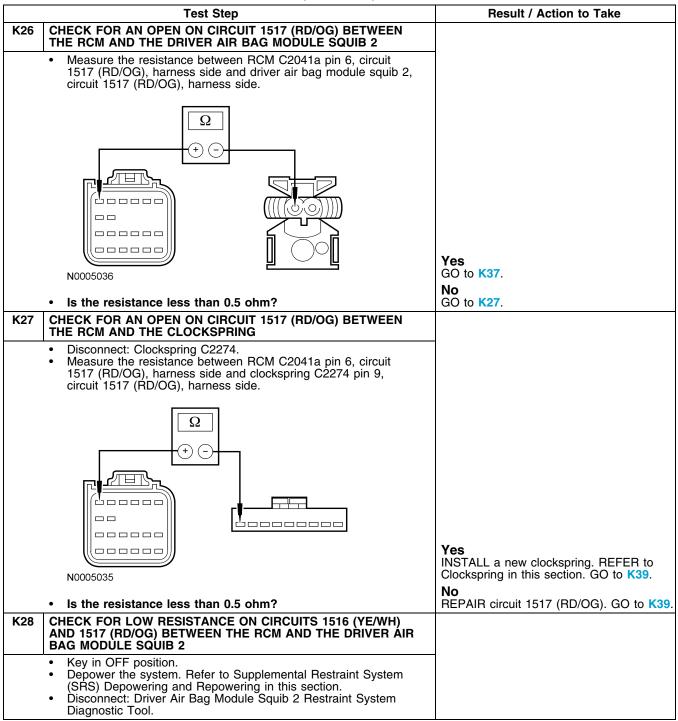
## PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

(Continued)	
Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K22 CHECK CIRCUITS 1516 (YE/WH) AND 1517 (RD/OG) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 2 (Continued)	
<ul> <li>Measure the voltage between driver air bag module squib 2, circuit 1516 (YE/WH), harness side and ground; and between driver air bag module squib 2, circuit 1517 (RD/OG), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
V + -	
	Yes
A0094162	GO to K37.
Are the voltages less than 0.2 volt?	GO to K23.
K23 CHECK CIRCUITS 1516 (YE/WH) AND 1517 (RD/OG) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE CLOCKSPRING	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Disconnect: Clockspring C2274.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> <li>Measure the voltage between clockspring C2274 pin 8, circuit 1516 (YE/WH), harness side and ground; and between clockspring C2274 pin 9, circuit 1517 (RD/OG), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
V + -	Yes INSTALL a new clockspring. REFER to Clockspring in this section. GO to K39. No Due to the shorting bar feature in the
A0088722	electrical connector, the fault can exist in either circuit. Do not remove or defeat the shorting bar.  REPAIR circuit 1516 (YE/WH) or 1517
Are the voltages less than 0.2 volt?	(RD/OG). GO to K39.
K24 CHECK FOR AN OPEN ON CIRCUIT 1516 (YE/WH) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 2	
Key in OFF position.     Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.     Disconnect: Driver Air Bag Module Squib 2 Restraint System Diagnostic Tool.	
Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.	(Continued)

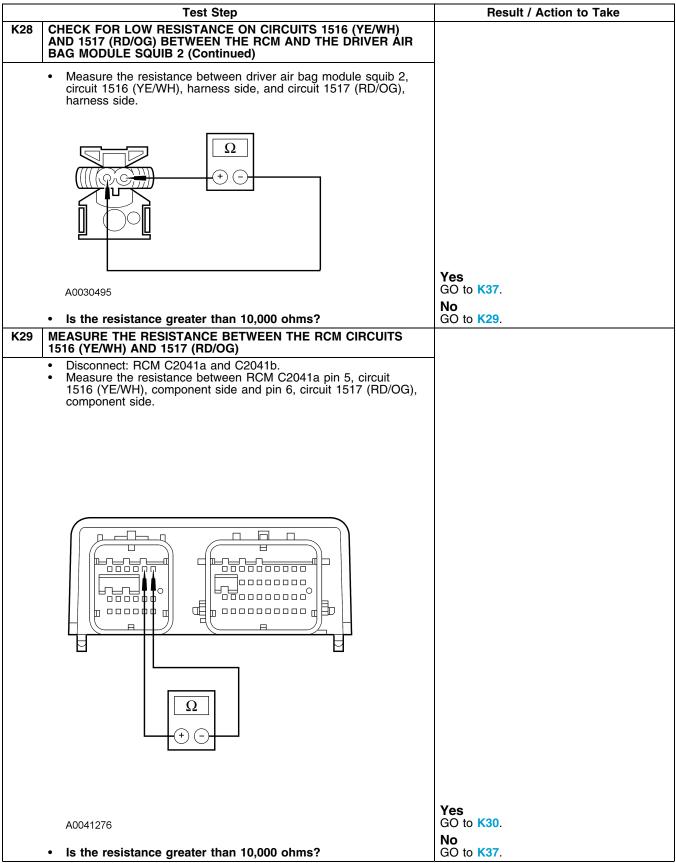
### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)



### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)



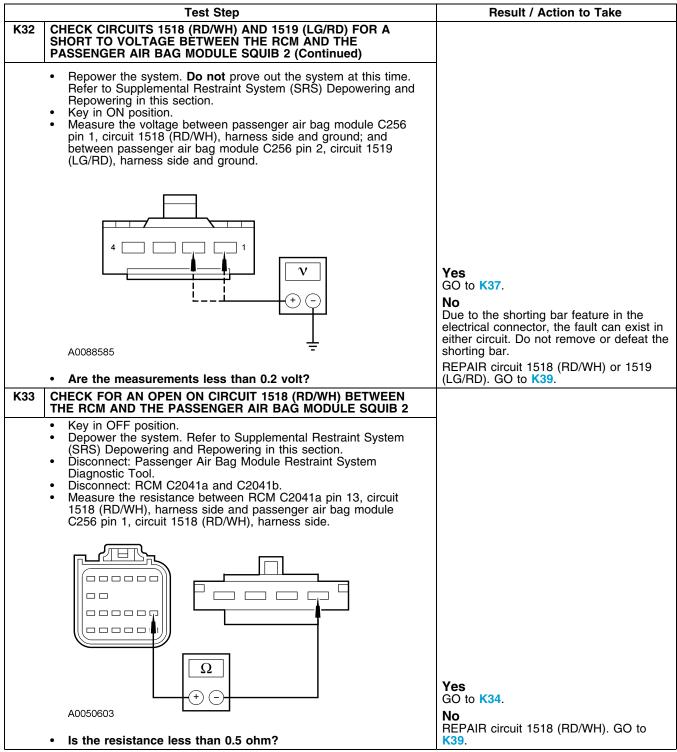
### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)



### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

(Continued)		
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K30	CHECK FOR LOW RESISTANCE ON CIRCUITS 1516 (YE/WH) AND 1517 (RD/OG) BETWEEN THE DRIVER AIR BAG MODULE AND THE CLOCKSPRING	
	<ul> <li>Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Disconnect: Clockspring C2274.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between clockspring C2274 pin 8, circuit 1516 (YE/WH), harness side and pin 9, circuit 1517 (RD/OG), harness side.</li> </ul>	
		<b>Yes</b> INSTALL a new clockspring. REFER to
	40000705	Clockspring in this section. GO to K39.
	• Is the resistance greater than 10,000 ohms?	REPAIR circuits 1516 (YE/WH) and 1517 (RD/OG). GO to K39.
K31	CHECK CIRCUITS 1518 (RD/WH) AND 1519 (LG/RD) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 2	(HD/OG). GO to K39.
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Air Bag Module Restraint System Diagnostic Tool.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between passenger air bag module C256 pin 1, circuit 1518 (RD/WH), harness side and ground; and between passenger air bag module C256 pin 2, circuit 1519 (LG/RD), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	A0088789  Ava the vaciety was a vacator than 1 000 000 above 2	Yes GO to K37.  No Due to the shorting bar feature in the electrical connector, the fault can exist in either circuit. Do not remove or defeat the shorting bar.  REPAIR circuit 1518 (RD/WH) or 1519
Kaa	Are the resistances greater than 1,000,000 ohms?  CHECK CIRCUITS 1518 (PDWH) AND 1519 (LC/PD) FOR A	(LG/RD). GO to K39.
K32	CHECK CIRCUITS 1518 (RD/WH) AND 1519 (LG/RD) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 2	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Air Bag Module Restraint System Diagnostic Tool.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> </ul>	
		(Continued)

### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)



## PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

	(Continued)	
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K34	CHECK FOR AN OPEN ON CIRCUIT 1519 (LG/RD) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER AIR BAG MODULE	
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between RCM C2041a pin 14, circuit 1519 (LG/RD), harness side and passenger air bag module C256 pin 2, circuit 1519 (LG/RD), harness side.</li> </ul>	
	Δ A0050604 • Is the resistance less than 0.5 ohm?	Yes GO to K37. No REPAIR circuit 1519 (LG/RD). GO to K39.
K35	CHECK FOR LOW RESISTANCE ON CIRCUITS 1518 (RD/WH) AND 1519 (LG/RD) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER AIR BAG MODULE SQUIB 2	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Air Bag Module Restraint System Diagnostic Tool.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between passenger air bag module C256 pin 1, circuit 1518 (RD/WH), harness side and pin 2, circuit 1519 (LG/RD), harness side.</li> </ul>	
	4 Π Π Π Π Π Π Π Π Π Π Π Π Π Π Π Π Π Π Π	Yes
	A0029882	GO to <b>K37</b> .
	Is the resistance greater than 10,000 ohms?	GO to K36.
K36	MEASURE THE RESISTANCE BETWEEN THE RCM CIRCUITS 1518 (RD/WH) AND 1519 (LG/RD)	
	Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.	

## PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K36 MEASURE THE RESISTANCE BETWEEN THE RCM CIRCUITS 1518 (RD/WH) AND 1519 (LG/RD) (Continued)	
Measure the resistance between RCM C2041a pin 13, circuit 1518 (RD/WH), component side and pin 14, circuit 1519 (LG/RD), component side.	
• Is the resistance greater than 10,000 ohms?	Yes REPAIR circuit 1518 (RD/WH) and 1519 (LG/RD). GO to K39. No GO to K37.
K37 CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT  NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor	_
electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  Key in OFF position.  Connect: Driver or Passenger Air Bag Module Restraint System Diagnostic Tool(s).	
<ul> <li>Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Connect: Clockspring C2274 (if previously disconnected).</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and</li> </ul>	Yes If a "?" was flagged by the diagnostic tool, CARRY OUT the entire pinpoint test.
Repowering in this section.  Inter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  Inter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag	INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to K39.
<ul> <li>DTC B2293.</li> <li>Was DTC B2293 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	No Fault corrected. GO to K39.
	(Continued)

### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

#### **Test Step** Result / Action to Take K38 **CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT** Key in OFF position. Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. at or near the affected air bag module If the flagged fault was reported for the driver air bag module: connector. REPAIR any intermittent Remove the driver air bag module. Refer to Driver Air Bag concerns found. Module in this section. If an intermittent concern was found and Connect restraint system diagnostic tools 418-F395 (2) repaired, GO to K39. required) to driver air bag module squib 1 and squib 2 If an intermittent concern was not found connectors. and repaired, use the flagged faults If the flagged fault was reported for the passenger air bag recorded and GO to the appropriate module: pinpoint test step. Disconnect passenger air bag module C256. If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded, Connect restraint system diagnostic tool 418-F403 to passenger air bag module C256. Repower the system. **Do not** prove out the system at this time. multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint test must be carried out. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and For driver air bag module squib 1 Repowering in this section. (D\_ABAG) with a short to ground (STG) Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test. fault, GO to K3. For driver air bag module squib 1 Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag (D\_ABAG) with a short to battery (STB) DTC B2293/Record All Flagged Faults. fault, GO to K5. Was DTC B2293 retrieved during the on-demand self test? For driver air bag module squib 1 (D\_ABAG) with an open circuit (O\_CIR) fault, GO to K7. For driver air bag module squib 1 (D\_ABAG) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to K11. For passenger air bag module squib 1 (P\_ABAG) with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to K14. For passenger air bag module squib 1 (P\_ABAG) with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to K15. For passenger air bag module squib 1 (P\_ABAG) with an open circuit (O\_CIR) fault. GO to K16. For passenger air bag module squib 1 (P\_ABAG) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to K18. For driver air bag module squib 2 (D\_ABAG2) with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to K20. For driver air bag module squib 2 (D\_ABAG2) with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to K22. For driver air bag module squib 2 (D\_ABAG2) with an open circuit (O\_CIR) fault, GO to K24. For driver air bag module squib 2 (D\_ABAG2) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to K28. For passenger air bag module squib 2 (P\_ABAG2) with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to K31. For passenger air bag module squib 2 (P\_ABAG2) with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to K32. For passenger air bag module squib 2 (P\_ABAG2) with an open circuit (O\_CIR) fault, GO to K33. For passenger air bag module squib 2 (P\_ABAG2) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to K35.

### PINPOINT TEST K: LFC 19 AND 21/DTC B2293 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
K38	CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT (Continued)	
		No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness, cycling the ignition key frequently, and rotating the steering wheel (driver air bag module fault). REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to K39.
K39	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
	<ul> <li>Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step K1.</li> <li>Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step K1?</li> </ul>	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.
		No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test L: LFC 22 and 23/DTC B2295 — Restraint System — Side Air Bag Status

#### **Normal Operation**

The seat side air bags will deploy upon receiving a flow of current from the restraints control module (RCM). Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

The restraints control module (RCM) checks all of the seat side air bag circuits for faults. If the RCM detects one of the following faults on any of the seat side air bag circuits, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B2295 in memory and flash either lamp fault code (LFC) 22 or 23 depending on the fault (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Fault Conditions**

The RCM monitors for the following fault conditions:

- Low resistance
- High resistance or circuit open
- Circuit short to voltage
- Circuit short to ground

#### **Possible Causes**

A seat side air bag status fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty seat side air bag module.
- a faulted RCM.

### PINPOINT TEST L: LFC 22 AND 23/DTC B2295 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SIDE AIR BAG STATUS

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
L1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.  NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.	Yes Vehicles with seat side air bag modules This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to L3. Vehicles without seat side air bag modules
<ul> <li>NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag DTC B2295/Record all flagged faults.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Flag/Record Continuous DTCs.</li> <li>Was DTC B2295 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to L2.  No This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to L17.

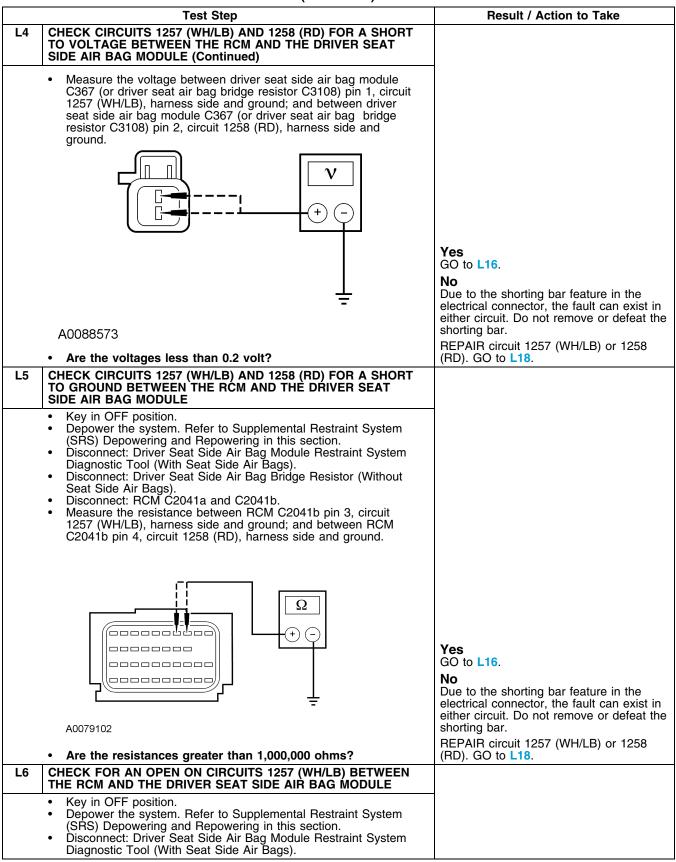
## PINPOINT TEST L: LFC 22 AND 23/DTC B2295 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SIDE AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
L2 CHECK THE SEAT SIDE AIR BAG BRIDGE RESISTOR	
·	Yes INSTALL a new seat side air bag bridge resistor. GO to L18.  No Using the flagged faults recorded, GO to the appropriate pinpoint test step. If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded in Step L1, multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint test must be carried out. For driver seat side air bag module (DFSIDE) with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to L4. For driver seat side air bag module (DFSIDE) with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to L5. For driver seat side air bag module (DFSIDE) with an open circuit (O_CIR) fault, GO to L6. For driver seat side air bag module (DFSIDE) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to L8. For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to L10. For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to L11. For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with an open circuit (O_CIR)
	fault, GO to L12.  For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to L14.

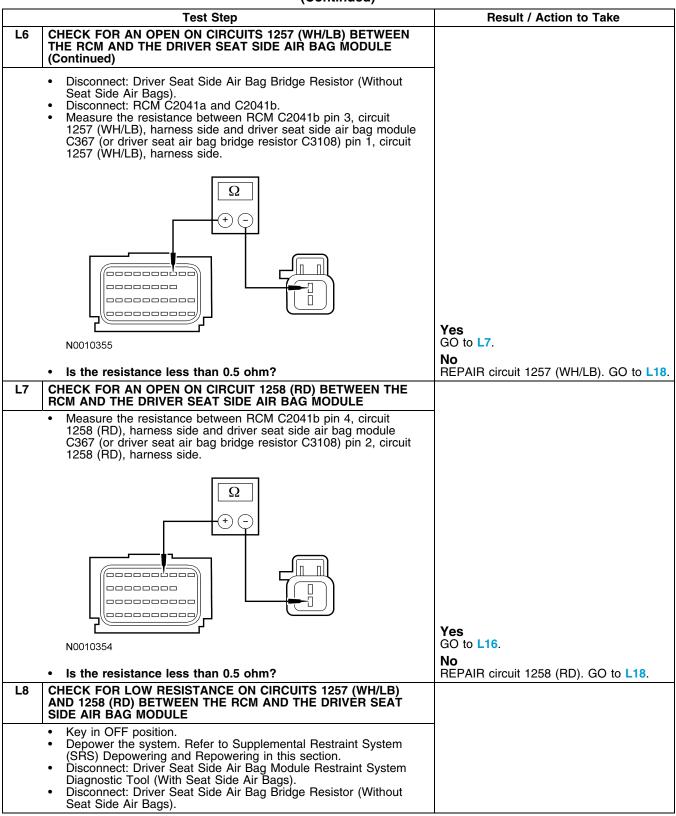
# PINPOINT TEST L: LFC 22 AND 23/DTC B2295 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SIDE AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
L3 CHEK THE DRIVER AND PASSENGER SEAT SIDE AIR BAG MODULES	
MODULES  Rey in OFF position.  Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  Disconnect: The Affected Seat Side Air Bag Module C367 (Driver) or C337 (Passenger).  Connect: Restraint System Diagnostic Tool 418-133 to the Affected Seat Side Air Bag Module C367 (Driver) or C337 (Passenger).  Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag DTC B2295/Record All Flagged Faults.  Was DTC B2295 retrieved during the on-demand self test?  L4 CHECK CIRCUITS 1257 (WH/LB) AND 1258 (RD) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER SEAT SIDE AIR BAG MODULE  Key in OFF position.  Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  Disconnect: Driver Seat Side Air Bags).  Disconnect: Driver Seat Side Air Bags).  Disconnect: Driver Seat Side Air Bags).  Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.  Repower the System. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.	Ves Using the flagged faults recorded in Step L1, GO to the appropriate pinpoint test step.  If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded in Step L1, multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint test must be carried out.  For driver seat side air bag module (DFSIDE) with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to L4.  For driver seat side air bag module (DFSIDE) with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to L5.  For driver seat side air bag module (DFSIDE) with an open circuit (O_CIR) fault, GO to L6.  For driver seat side air bag module (DFSIDE) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to L8.  For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to L10.  For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to L11.  For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with an open circuit (O_CIR) fault, GO to L12.  For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to L12.  For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to L14.  No  REMOVE and INSPECT the seat side air bag module jumper harness for damage. If a concern is found, REPAIR the harness. If no problem is found in the harness or the harness cannot be repaired, INSTALL a new seat side air bag module. REFER to Side Air Bag Module in this section. GO to L18.
Key in ON position.	(Continued)

## PINPOINT TEST L: LFC 22 AND 23/DTC B2295 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SIDE AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)



## PINPOINT TEST L: LFC 22 AND 23/DTC B2295 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SIDE AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)



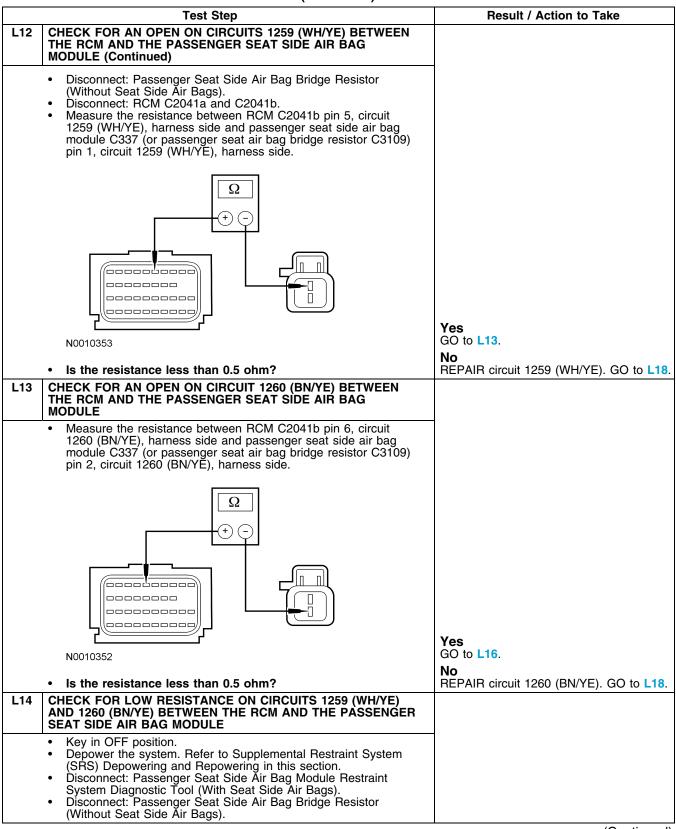
## PINPOINT TEST L: LFC 22 AND 23/DTC B2295 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SIDE AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

(Continued)			
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take	
L8	CHECK FOR LOW RESISTANCE ON CIRCUITS 1257 (WH/LB) AND 1258 (RD) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER SEAT SIDE AIR BAG MODULE (Continued)		
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between driver seat side air bag module C367 (or driver seat air bag bridge resistor C3108) pin 1, circuit 1257 (WH/LB), harness side and pin 2, circuit 1258 (RD), harness side.</li> </ul>		
		W	
	A0029887	Yes GO to L16.	
		No .	
L9	Is the resistance greater than 10,000 ohms?  MEASURE THE RESISTANCE BETWEEN RCM CIRCUITS 1257	GO to L9.	
	(WH/LB) AND 1258 (RD)		
	<ul> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between RCM C2041b pin 3, circuit 1257 (WH/LB), component side and pin 4, circuit 1258 (RD), component side.</li> </ul>		
		Yes  Due to the shorting bar feature in the electrical connector, the fault can exist in either circuit. Do not remove or defeat the shorting bar.	
	<b>└</b> +⊕ (-) <b>-</b>  -	REPAIR circuit 1257 (WH/LB) and circuit	
	A0079100	1258 (RD). GO to <b>L18</b> .	
140	Is the resistance greater than 10,000 ohms?  OUTON OURSELECTION OF A CONTROL O	GO to <b>L16</b> .	
L10	CHECK CIRCUITS 1259 (WH/YE) AND 1260 (BN/YE) FOR A SHORT TO BATTERY BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER SEAT SIDE AIR BAG MODULE		
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Seat Side Air Bag Module Restraint System Diagnostic Tool (With Seat Side Air Bags).</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Seat Side Air Bag Bridge Resistor (Without Seat Side Air Bags).</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> </ul>	(Continued)	

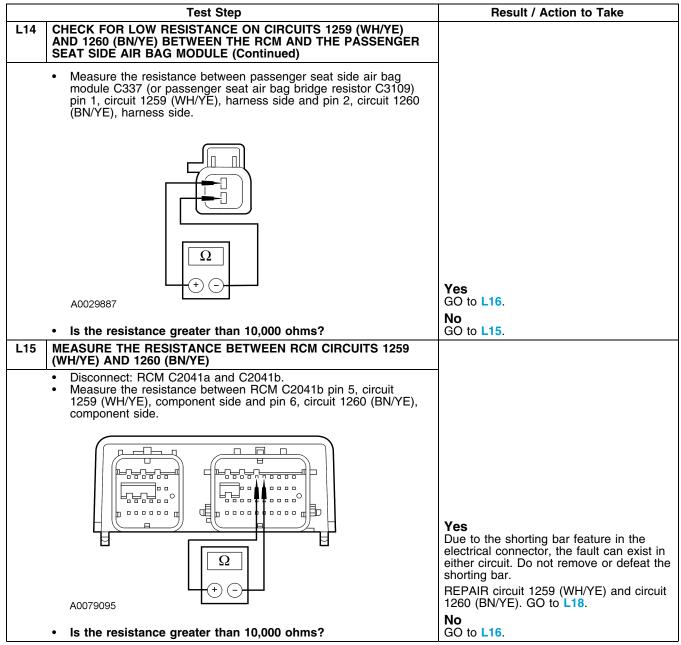
## PINPOINT TEST L: LFC 22 AND 23/DTC B2295 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SIDE AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

### **Test Step** Result / Action to Take CHECK CIRCUITS 1259 (WH/YE) AND 1260 (BN/YE) FOR A L10 SHORT TO BATTERY BÈTWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER SEAT SIDE AIR BAG MODULE (Continued) Measure the voltage between passenger seat air bag module C337 (or passenger seat air bag bridge resistor C3109) pin 1, circuit 1259 (WH/YE), harness side and ground; and between passenger seat air bag module C337 pin 2, circuit 1260 (BN/YE), harness side and ground. Yes GO to L16. No Due to the shorting bar feature in the electrical connector, the fault can exist in either circuit. Do not remove or defeat the shorting bar. A0088573 REPAIR circuit 1259 (WH/YE) or 1260 · Are the voltages less than 0.2 volt? (BN/YE). GO to L18. CHECK CIRCUITS 1259 (WH/YE) AND 1260 (BN/YE) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE L11 PASSENGER SEAT SIDE AIR BAG MODULE Key in OFF position. Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. Disconnect: Passenger Seat Side Air Bag Module Restraint System Diagnostic Tool (With Seat Side Air Bags). Disconnect: Passenger Seat Side Air Bag Bridge Resistor (Without Seat Side Air Bags). Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b. Measure the resistance between RCM C2041b pin 5, circuit 1259 (WH/YE), harness side and ground; and between RCM C2041b pin 6, circuit 1260 (BN/YE), harness side and ground. Ω Yes GO to **L16**. \_\_\_\_\_ No \_\_\_\_\_ Due to the shorting bar feature in the electrical connector, the fault can exist in either circuit. Do not remove or defeat the A0079098 shorting bar. REPAIR circuit 1259 (WH/YE) or 1260 Are the resistances greater than 1,000,000 ohms? (BN/YE). GO to L18. CHECK FOR AN OPEN ON CIRCUITS 1259 (WH/YE) BETWEEN L12 THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER SEAT SIDE AIR BAG MODULE Key in OFF position. Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. Disconnect: Passenger Seat Side Air Bag Module Restraint System Diagnostic Tool (With Seat Side Air Bags).

## PINPOINT TEST L: LFC 22 AND 23/DTC B2295 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SIDE AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)



## PINPOINT TEST L: LFC 22 AND 23/DTC B2295 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SIDE AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)



# PINPOINT TEST L: LFC 22 AND 23/DTC B2295 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SIDE AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
L16   CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT	
<ul> <li>NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.</li> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Connect: Driver and Passenger Seat Side Air Bag Module Restraint System Diagnostic Tool (With Seat Side Air Bags).</li> <li>Connect: Driver and Passenger Seat Side Air Bag Bridge Resistor (Without Seat Side Air Bags).</li> <li>Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag DTC B2295.</li> <li>Was DTC B2295 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes If a "?" was flagged by the diagnostic tool, CARRY OUT the entire pinpoint test. INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to L18.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to L18.

## PINPOINT TEST L: LFC 22 AND 23/DTC B2295 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SIDE AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

#### **Test Step** Result / Action to Take L17 **CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT** Key in OFF position. Yes Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System All vehicles (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault Disconnect: The Affected Seat Side Air Bag Module C367 at or near the affected seat side air bag (Driver) or C337 (Passenger). connector. REPAIR any intermittent Connect: Restraint System Diagnostic Tool 418-133 to the concerns found. Affected Seat Side Air Bag Module C367 (Driver) or C337 If an intermittent concern was found and (Passenger). repaired, GO to L18. Repower the system. **Do not** prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and If an intermittent concern was not found Repowering in this section. and repaired, USE the flagged faults Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test. recorded and GO to the appropriate pinpoint test step. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded in Retrieve/Record/Flag DTC B2295. Step L1, multiple faults exist and the entire Was DTC B2295 retrieved during the on-demand self test? pinpoint test must be carried out. Vehicles with seat side air bag modules For driver seat side air bag module (DFSIDE) with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to L4. For driver seat side air bag module (DFSIDE) with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to L5. For driver seat side air bag module (DFSIDE) with an open circuit (O\_CIR) fault, GO to L6. For driver seat side air bag module (DFSIDE) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to L8. For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with a short to battery (STB) fault, GO to L10. For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with a short to ground (STG) fault, GO to L11. For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with an open circuit (O\_CIR) fault, GO to L12. For passenger seat side air bag module (PFSIDE) with a low resistance (LOWRES) fault, GO to L14. Vehicles without seat side air bag modules GO to L2. CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to L18.

## PINPOINT TEST L: LFC 22 AND 23/DTC B2295 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — SIDE AIR BAG STATUS (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
L18	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
	<ul> <li>Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step L1.</li> <li>Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step L1?</li> </ul>	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.
		No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test M: LFC 42, 43 and 44/DTC B2296 — Restraint System — Impact Sensor Status

### **Normal Operation**

The impact sensor(s) provide data to the RCM for use in calculating impact severity. This is accomplished using various electrical and electro-mechanical sensor(s) throughout the vehicle. Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

The restraints control module (RCM) checks all of the impact sensor circuits for faults. If the RCM detects one of the following faults on any of the impact sensor circuits, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B2296 in memory and flash either lamp fault code (LFC) 42, 43 or 44 depending on the fault (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Fault Conditions**

The RCM monitors for the following fault conditions:

- Mounting resistance high
- Low resistance (short) between feed and return circuits

- Circuit open
- Circuit short to battery
- · Circuit short to ground

### **Possible Causes**

A front impact severity sensor status fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty front impact severity sensor.
- incorrect front impact severity sensor mounting.
- a faulted RCM.

A side impact sensor status fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty side impact sensor.
- incorrect side impact sensor mounting.
- a faulty RCM.

# PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS

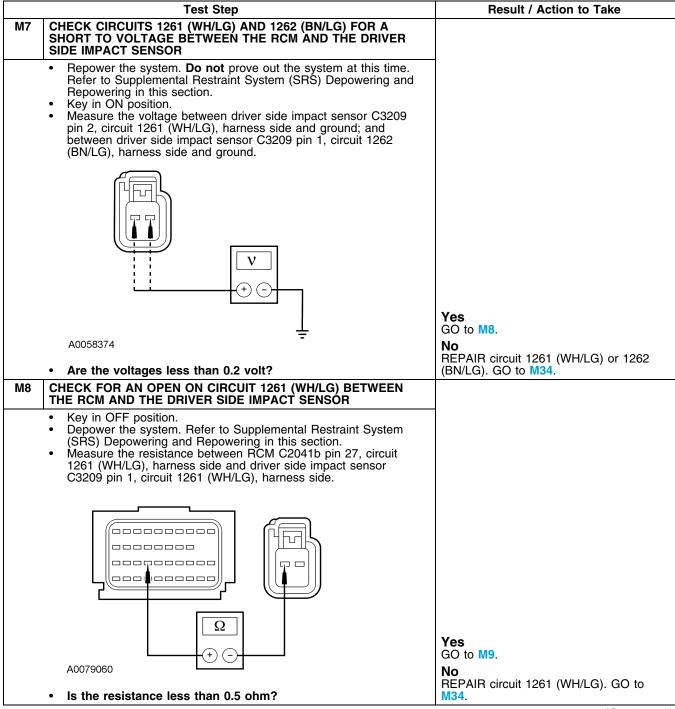
**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

1	Test Sten	Result / Action to Take
M1 CHECK FOR	Test Step  A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	nesuit / Action to Take
WARN service only. vehicle over diagnostic to	ING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for . Tools must be removed prior to operating the the road. Failure to remove restraint system pols could result in injury and possible violation of the standards.	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test.
warn module. Doin result in persult in persu	AllNG: Never probe the connectors on the air baging so can result in air bag deployment, which can sonal injury.  AllNG: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic tys wear safety glasses when repairing an air baginicle and when handling a safety belt buckle for safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probeing electrical connector. Doing so could result in the original result in the	If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded in Step M1, multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint test must be carried out.  For driver side impact sensor with a mounting/communications (COMM) fault, GO to M2.  For driver side impact sensor with a internal fault (INT) fault, INSTALL a new driver side impact sensor. GO to M34.  For passenger side impact sensor with a mounting/communications (COMM) fault, GO to M12.  For passenger side impact sensor with a internal fault (INT) fault, INSTALL a new passenger side impact sensor. GO to M34.  For front severity crash impact sensor with a mounting/communications (COMM) fault, GO to M22.  For front severity crash impact sensor with an internal fault (INT) fault, INSTALL a new front severity crash impact sensor. GO to M34.  No  This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to M33.
MOUNTING I  Key in OF Depower in (SRS) De Inspect the that the re Remove it Sensor in Visually in and mounting sensor both  M3 INSTALL THOUT AN ON- Clean and Clean the Install the Sensor. Repower in Refer to Sensor in the sensor in the sensor in the sensor.	F position. the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System powering and Repowering in this section. e driver side impact sensor mounting and make sure etaining bolt is fully seated and tightened correctly. The driver side impact sensor. Refer to Side Impact this section. Espect the driver side impact sensor, mounting bracket this section. Espect the driver side impact sensor, mounting bracket thing surface for damage, corrosion or dirt. Espificant amount of corrosion or dirt found, the le impact sensor mounting bracket attached to the surface incorrectly or was the driver side impact tolt not fully seated and tightened correctly?  E DRIVER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR AND CARRY DEMAND SELF TEST  If repair the mounting surface as necessary. If repair the mounting surface as necessar	Yes CLEAN, TIGHTEN bolt or REPAIR the mounting surface as necessary. REINSTALL the driver side impact sensor. GO to M34.  No GO to M3.

# PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS (Continued)

Tost Ston	Result / Action to Take
Test Step  M3 INSTALL THE DRIVER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR AND CARRY	nesult / Action to Take
OUT AN ON-DEMAND SELF TEST (Continued)	_
Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:	Yes
On-Demand Self Test.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:	GO to M4.
Retrieve/Record/Flag DTC B2296.	No
Was DTC B2296 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	Fault corrected. GO to M34.
M4   CHECK THE DRIVER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT 1262 (BN/LG) FOR HIGH RESISTANCE	
Key in OFF position.	
<ul> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> </ul>	
Disconnect: Driver Side Impact Sensor C3209.	Yes
Measure the resistance between driver side impact sensor  COOCO min 1 singuit 1000 (PN// C) hormoon side and the driver.	GO to M6.
C3209 pin 1, circuit 1262 (BN/LG), harness side and the driver side impact sensor case ground.	No
Is the resistance less than 100 ohms?	GO to M5.
M5 CLEAN THE DRIVER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR MOUNTING SURFACE AND CARRY OUT AN ON-DEMAND SELF TEST	
Remove the driver side impact sensor. Refer to Side Impact	
Sensor.	
<ul> <li>Clean and repair the mounting surface as necessary.</li> <li>Clean the driver side impact sensor mounting bolt.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Install the driver side impact sensor. Refer to Side Impact</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>Sensor.</li><li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time.</li></ul>	
Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and	
Repowering in this section.	
<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> </ul>	Yes
Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:	GO to M6.
Retrieve/Record/Flag DTC B2296.  • Was DTC B2296 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	No Fault corrected. GO to M34.
M6 CHECK CIRCUITS 1261 (WH/LG) AND 1262 (BN/LG) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR	
Key in OFF position.	
<ul> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Disconnect: Driver Side Impact Sensor C3209.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between driver side impact sensor C3209 pin 2, circuit 1261 (WH/LG), harness side and ground;</li> </ul>	
and between driver side impact sensor C3209 pin 1, circuit 1262 (BN/LG), harness side and ground.	
	Yes
—————————————————————————————————————	GO to M7.
<ul> <li>Are the resistances greater than 1,000,000 ohms?</li> </ul>	REPAIR circuit 1261 (WH/LG) or 1262 (BN/LG). GO to M34.
	(Continued)

## PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS (Continued)



# PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS (Continued)

	STATUS (Continued)			
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take		
М9	CHECK FOR AN OPEN ON CIRCUIT 1262 (BN/LG) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR			
	Measure the resistance between RCM C2041b pin 28, circuit 1262 (BN/LG), harness side and driver side impact sensor C3209 pin 1, circuit 1262 (BN/LG), harness side.			
	Δ A0079059  • Is the resistance less than 0.5 ohm?	Yes GO to M10. No REPAIR circuit 1262 (BN/LG). GO to M34.		
M10	CHECK CIRCUIT 1261 (WH/LG) FOR A SHORT TO CIRCUIT 1262 (BN/LG) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR			
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between driver side impact sensor C3209 pin 2, circuit 1261 (WH/LG) and pin 1, circuit 1262 (BN/LG), harness side.</li> </ul>			
	$\Omega$			
	A0058377	Yes GO to M11. No REPAIR circuits 1261 (WH/LG) and 1262		
	Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	(BN/LG). GO to M34.		
M11	Install a known good driver side impact sensor. Refer to Side Impact Sensor in this section.     Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.     Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and			
	<ul> <li>Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Flag DTC B2296.</li> <li>Were any faults flagged against the driver side impact sensor?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to M32. No Fault corrected. GO to M34.		
M12	INSPECT THE PASSENGER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR MOUNTING, MOUNTING BRACKET AND MOUNTING SURFACE			
	Key in OFF position.     Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.			
-		(Continued)		

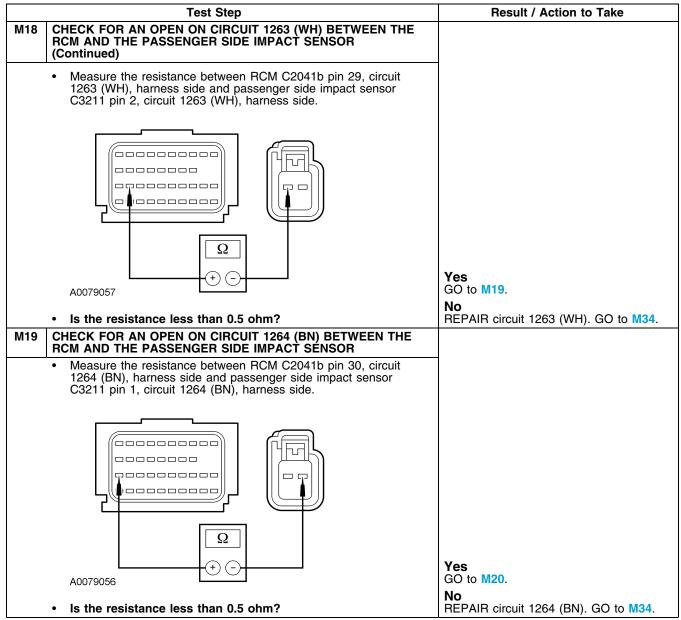
# PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS (Continued)

STATOS (CONTINUES)	
Test Step	Result / Action to Take
M12 INSPECT THE PASSENGER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR MOUNTING, MOUNTING BRACKET AND MOUNTING SURFACE (Continued)	
<ul> <li>Inspect the passenger side impact sensor mounting and make sure that the retaining bolt is fully seated and tightened correctly.</li> <li>Remove the passenger side impact sensor. Refer to Side Impact Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Visually inspect the passenger side impact sensor, mounting bracket and mounting surface for damage, corrosion or dirt.</li> <li>Was a significant amount of corrosion or dirt found, the passenger side impact sensor mounting bracket attached to the mounting surface incorrectly or was the passenger side impact sensor bolt not fully seated and tightened correctly?</li> </ul>	Yes CLEAN, TIGHTEN bolt or REPAIR the mounting surface as necessary. REINSTALL the passenger side impact sensor. GO to M34. No GO to M13.
M13 INSTALL THE PASSENGER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR AND CARRY OUT THE ON-DEMAND SELF TEST	
<ul> <li>Clean and repair the mounting surface as necessary.</li> <li>Clean the passenger side impact sensor mounting bolt.</li> <li>Install the passenger side impact sensor. Refer to Side Impact Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Flag DTC B2296.</li> <li>Was DTC B2296 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to M14. No Fault corrected. GO to M34.
M14 CHECK THE PASSENGER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT 1264 (BN) FOR HIGH RESISTANCE	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Side Impact Sensor C3211.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between passenger side impact sensor C3211 pin 1, circuit 1264 (BN), harness side and the passenger side impact sensor case ground.</li> <li>Is the resistance less than 100 ohms?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to M16. No GO to M15.
M15 CLEAN THE PASSENGER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR MOUNTING SURFACE AND CARRY OUT THE ON-DEMAND SELF TEST	
<ul> <li>Remove the passenger side impact sensor. Refer to Side Impact Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Clean and repair the mounting surface as necessary.</li> <li>Clean the passenger side impact sensor mounting bolt.</li> <li>Install the passenger side impact sensor. Refer to Side Impact Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Flag DTC B2296.</li> <li>Was DTC B2296 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to M16. No Fault corrected. GO to M34.
M16 CHECK CIRCUITS 1263 (WH) AND 1264 (BN) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Passenger Side Impact Sensor C3211.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> </ul>	(Continued)

# PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS (Continued)

	STATUS (CONTINUES)	
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
M16	CHECK CIRCUITS 1263 (WH) AND 1264 (BN) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR (Continued)	
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between passenger side impact sensor C3211 pin 2, circuit 1263 (WH), harness side and ground; and between passenger side impact sensor C3211 pin 1, circuit 1264 (BN), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
		Yes
	A0059373	GO to M17.
	A0058373	No REPAIR circuit 1263 (WH) or 1264 (BN).
	Are the resistances greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	GO to M34.
M17	CHECK CIRCUITS 1263 (WH) AND 1264 (BN) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR	
	<ul> <li>Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> <li>Measure the voltage between passenger side impact sensor C3211 pin 2, circuit 1263 (WH), harness side and ground; and between passenger side impact sensor C3211 pin 1, circuit 1264 (BN), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	V + -	
		Yes
	<u>_</u>	GO to M18.
	A0058374	No REPAIR circuit 1263 (WH) or 1264 (BN).
	Are the voltages less than 0.2 volt?	GO to M34.
M18	CHECK FOR AN OPEN ON CIRCUIT 1263 (WH) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> </ul>	
		(Continued)

## PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS (Continued)



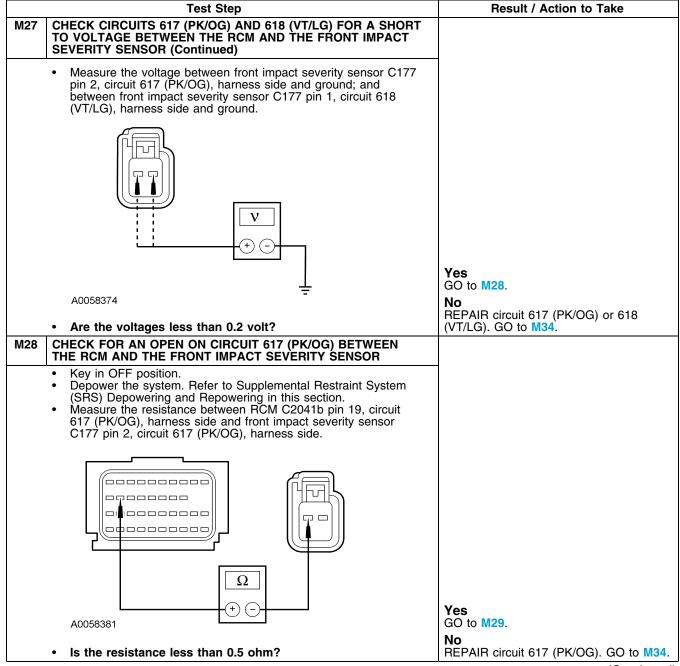
# PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS (Continued)

STATUS (Continued)			
Test Step	Result / Action to Take		
M20 CHECK CIRCUIT 1263 (WH) FOR A SHORT TO CIRCUIT 1264 (BN) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR			
Measure the resistance between passenger side impact sensor C3211 pin 2, circuit 1263 (WH) and pin 1, circuit 1264 (BN), harness side.			
ΔΩ059277	Yes GO to M21.		
• Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	No REPAIR circuits 1263 (WH) and 1264 (BN). GO to M34.		
M21 CHECK THE PASSENGER SIDE IMPACT SENSOR			
<ul> <li>Install a known good passenger side impact sensor. Refer to Side Impact Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Flag DTC B2296.</li> <li>Were any faults flagged against the passenger side impact sensor?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to M32. No Fault corrected. GO to M34.		
M22 INSPECT THE FRONT IMPACT SEVERITY SENSOR MOUNTING, MOUNTING BRACKET AND MOUNTING SURFACE			
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Inspect the front impact severity sensor mounting and make sure that the retaining nut is fully seated and tightened correctly.</li> <li>Remove the front impact severity sensor. Refer to Front Impact Severity Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Visually inspect the front impact severity sensor, mounting bracket and mounting surface for damage, corrosion or dirt.</li> <li>Was a significant amount of corrosion or dirt found, the front impact severity sensor mounting bracket attached to the mounting surface incorrectly or was the front impact severity sensor nut not fully seated and tightened correctly?</li> </ul>	Yes CLEAN, TIGHTEN nut or REPAIR the mounting surface as necessary. REINSTALL the front impact severity sensor. GO to M34. No GO to M23.		
M23 INSTALL THE FRONT IMPACT SEVERITY SENSOR AND CARRY OUT THE ON-DEMAND SELF TEST			
<ul> <li>Clean and repair the mounting surface as necessary.</li> <li>Clean the front impact severity sensor retaining nut.</li> <li>Install the front impact severity sensor. Refer to Front Impact Severity Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:</li> </ul>	Yes GO to M24.		
Retrieve/Record/Flag DTC B2296.  • Was DTC B2296 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	No Fault corrected. GO to M34.		

# PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS (Continued)

	STATUS (Continued)	T
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
M24	CHECK THE FRONT IMPACT SEVERITY SENSOR GROUND CIRCUIT 618 (VT/LG) FOR HIGH RESISTANCE	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Front Impact Severity Sensor C177.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between front impact severity sensor C177 pin 1, circuit 618 (VT/LG), harness side and the front impact severity sensor case ground.</li> <li>Is the resistance less than 100 ohms?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to M26. No GO to M25.
M25	CLEAN THE FRONT IMPACT SEVERITY SENSOR MOUNTING SURFACE AND CARRY OUT THE ON-DEMAND SELF TEST	
	<ul> <li>Remove the front impact severity sensor. Refer to Front Impact Severity Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Clean and repair the mounting surface as necessary.</li> <li>Clean the front impact severity sensor retaining nut.</li> <li>Install the front impact severity sensor. Refer to Front Impact Severity Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Flag DTC B2296.</li> <li>Was DTC B2296 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to M26. No Fault corrected. GO to M34.
M26	CHECK CIRCUITS 617 (PK/OG) AND 618 (VT/LG) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE FRONT IMPACT SEVERITY SENSOR	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Front Impact Severity Sensor C177.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between front impact severity sensor C177 pin 2, circuit 617 (PK/OG), harness side and ground; and between front impact severity sensor C177 pin 1, circuit 618 (VT/LG), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	A0058373	Yes GO to M27. No
	Are the resistances greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	REPAIR circuit 617 (PK/OG) or 618 (VT/LG). GO to M34.
M27	CHECK CIRCUITS 617 (PK/OG) AND 618 (VT/LG) FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE FRONT IMPACT SEVERITY SENSOR	
	<ul> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> </ul>	(Continued)

## PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS (Continued)



# PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
M29 CHECK FOR AN OPEN ON CIRCUIT 618 (VT/LG) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE FRONT IMPACT SEVERITY SENSOR	
<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between RCM C2041b pin 20, circuit 618 (VT/LG), harness side and front impact severity sensor C177 pin 1, circuit 618 (VT/LG), harness side.</li> </ul>	
Δ 40058382	Yes GO to M30.
a le the registeres less than 0.5 abm?	No
• Is the resistance less than 0.5 ohm?	REPAIR circuit 618 (VT/LG). GO to M34.
M30 CHECK CIRCUIT 617 (PK/OG) FOR A SHORT TO CIRCUIT 618 (VT/LG) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE FRONT IMPACT SEVERITY SENSOR	
Measure the resistance between RCM C2041b pin 19, circuit 617 (PK/OG), harness side and front impact severity sensor C177 pin 1, circuit 618 (VT/LG), harness side.	
Ω + -	Yes GO to M31.
. In the verictories averter than 1 000 000 above 2	REPAIR circuits 617 (PK/OG) and 618
Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?  M31 CHECK THE EDON'T IMPACT SEVERITY SENSOR.	(VT/LG). GO to M34.
M31 CHECK THE FRONT IMPACT SEVERITY SENSOR	_
<ul> <li>Install a known good front impact severity sensor. Refer to Front Impact Severity Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time.</li> </ul>	
Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:	
On-Demand Self Test.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Flag DTC B2296.	Yes GO to M32.
<ul> <li>Were any faults flagged against the front impact severity sensor?</li> </ul>	No Fault corrected. GO to M34.

## PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS (Continued)

#### **Test Step** Result / Action to Take M32 **CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT** NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, If a "?" was flagged by the diagnostic erroneous DTCs will be recorded. tool, CARRY OUT the entire pinpoint test. Key in OFF position. INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. section. GO to M34. Install the original impact sensor. Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. No Refer to Supplémental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. Repowering in this section. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other On-Demand Self Test. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. Retrieve/Record/Flag DTC B2296. Was DTC B2296 retrieved during the on-demand self test? GO to M34. **CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT** M33 Key in OFF position. Yes Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Flag DTC B2296. This is a hard fault. The fault condition is now present. This fault cannot be cleared Was DTC B2296 retrieved during the on-demand self test? until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded, multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint test must be carried out. For driver side impact sensor with a mounting/communications (COMM) fault, GO to M2. For driver side impact sensor with a internal fault (INT) fault, INSTALL a new driver side impact sensor. GO to M34. For passenger side impact sensor with a mounting/communications (COMM) fault, GO to M12. For passenger side impact sensor with a internal fault (INT) fault, INSTALL a new passenger side impact sensor. GO to For front severity crash impact sensor with a mounting/communications (COMM) fault, GO to M22. For front severity crash impact sensor with an internal fault (INT) fault, INSTALL a new front severity crash impact sensor. GO to M34. No VISUALLY INSPECT the affected impact sensor, mounting brackets and mounting surface for damage, corrosion or dirt. INSPECT the wiring, terminals and connectors for damage, corrosion or dirt. CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to M34.

## PINPOINT TEST M: LFC 42, 43 AND 44/DTC B2296 — RESTRAINT SYSTEM — IMPACT SENSOR STATUS (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
M34 CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step M1.     Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step M1?	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test N: LFC 51/DTC B2434 — Driver Safety Belt Buckle Switch Circuit Short to Ground

### **Normal Operation**

As part of the SRS, the driver and passenger safety belt buckles are equipped with Hall-effect switches. The safety belt switches indicate to the RCM whether the safety belts are buckled or unbuckled. Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

The restraints control module (RCM) checks the driver safety belt buckle switch circuits for faults. If the RCM detects a short to ground fault, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B2434 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 51 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Possible Causes**

A driver safety belt buckle switch open circuit fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty driver safety belt buckle switch.
- a faulted RCM.

# PINPOINT TEST N: LFC 51/DTC B2434 — DRIVER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT SHORT TO GROUND

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Test Step	
•	Result / Action to Take
N1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.	
NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system	
(SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system	Yes
diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle	This is a hard fault. The fault condition is
over the road. NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.	still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to N2.
<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> </ul>	No
<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:         Retrieve/Record Continuous DTCs.</li> <li>Was DTC B2434 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to N5.
N2 CHECK FOR A SHORT TO GROUND ON CIRCUIT 85 (BN/LB) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Driver Safety Belt Buckle Switch C323.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between RCM C2041b pin 25, circuit 85 (BN/LB), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
Ω	
+ -	Yes
A0041580	GO to N3.
<ul> <li>Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?</li> </ul>	No REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to N6.
N3 CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH	T.E. 7 III C. COLIC CO (DIVIED). GO to IV.
NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.	

# PINPOINT TEST N: LFC 51/DTC B2434 — DRIVER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT SHORT TO GROUND (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
N3 CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH (Continued)	
<ul> <li>Install a known good driver safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A.</li> <li>Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B2434 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to N4. No Fault corrected. GO to N6.
N4   CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT	
<ul> <li>NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.</li> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Reinstall the original safety belt buckle.</li> <li>Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self-Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B2434 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to N6.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to N6.
N5 CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:         On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B2434 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to N2. No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to N6.
N6 CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
<ul> <li>Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step N1.</li> <li>Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step N1?</li> </ul>	Pes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test O: LFC 51/DTC B2435 — Driver Safety Belt Buckle Switch Resistance Out of Range

### **Normal Operation**

As part of the SRS, the driver and passenger safety belt buckles are equipped with Hall-effect switches. The safety belt switches indicate to the RCM whether the safety belts are buckled or unbuckled. Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

The restraints control module (RCM) checks the driver safety belt buckle switch circuits for faults. If the RCM detects a current out of range fault, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B2435 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 51 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

### **Possible Causes**

A driver safety belt buckle switch current out of range fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty driver safety belt buckle switch.
- a faulted RCM.

## PINPOINT TEST O: LFC 51/DTC B2435 — DRIVER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH RESISTANCE OUT OF RANGE

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
O1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.  NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system	
<ul> <li>(SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.</li> <li>NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.</li> <li>NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record Continuous DTCs.</li> <li>Was DTC B2435 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to O2.  No This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to O4.
O2 CHECK THE DRIVER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Install a known good driver safety belt buckle switch. Refer to Section 501-20A.</li> </ul>	(Combinued)

# PINPOINT TEST O: LFC 51/DTC B2435 — DRIVER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH RESISTANCE OUT OF RANGE (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
O2 CHECK THE DRIVER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH (Continued)	
<ul> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B2435 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to 03. No Fault corrected. GO to 05.
O3   CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT	
NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  • Key in OFF position.  • Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  • Reinstall the original safety belt buckle.  • Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self-Test.  • Was DTC B2435 retrieved during the on-demand self test?  O4 CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT  • Key in OFF position.	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to 05.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to 05.
Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:	GO to O2.
On-Demand Self Test.  • Was DTC B2435 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to O5.
O5 CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step O1.     Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step O1?	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test P: LFC 52/DTC B2438 — Passenger Safety Belt Buckle Switch Circuit Short to Ground

### **Normal Operation**

As part of the SRS, the driver and passenger safety belt buckles are equipped with Hall-effect switches. The safety belt switches indicate to the RCM whether the safety belts are buckled or unbuckled. Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

The restraints control module (RCM) checks the passenger safety belt buckle switch circuits for faults. If the RCM detects a short to ground fault, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B2438 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 52 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Possible Causes**

A driver safety belt buckle switch open circuit fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty passenger safety belt buckle switch.
- a faulted RCM.

## PINPOINT TEST P: LFC 52/DTC B2438 — PASSENGER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT SHORT TO GROUND

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
P1	CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	
	WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
	WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
	WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.  NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.  NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to P2.  No
	<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.</li> <li>Was DTC B2438 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to P5.
P2	CHECK FOR A SHORT TO GROUND ON CIRCUIT 1514 (RD/BK) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Disconnect: Safety Belt Buckle Switch C3066.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> </ul>	

## PINPOINT TEST P: LFC 52/DTC B2438 — PASSENGER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT SHORT TO GROUND (Continued)

SHORT TO GROUND (Continued)		
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
P2	CHECK FOR A SHORT TO GROUND ON CIRCUIT 1514 (RD/BK) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE PASSENGER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH (Continued)	
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between RCM C2041b pin 26, circuit 1514 (RD/BK), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
		Yes
	A0041581 = 1 000 000 obmo?	GO to P3.
P3	Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?  CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH	REPAIR circuit 1514 (RD/BK). GO to P6.
F3	NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  Install a known good passenger safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A.  Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.	
	<ul> <li>Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B2438 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to P4. No Fault corrected. GO to P6.
P4	CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT	
	NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  • Key in OFF position.  • Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  • Reinstall the original safety belt buckle.  • Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self-Test.  • Was DTC B2438 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to P6.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to P6.
P5	CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	Yes
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:         On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B2438 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	GO to P2.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to P6.

## PINPOINT TEST P: LFC 52/DTC B2438 — PASSENGER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT SHORT TO GROUND (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
P6 CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step P1.     Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step P1?	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system,
	REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test Q: LFC 52/DTC B2439 — Passenger Safety Belt Buckle Switch Resistance Out of Range

### **Normal Operation**

As part of the SRS, the driver and passenger safety belt buckles are equipped with Hall-effect switches. The safety belt switches indicate to the RCM whether the safety belts are buckled or unbuckled. Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

The restraints control module (RCM) checks the passenger safety belt buckle switch circuits for faults. If the RCM detects a current out of range fault, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B2439 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 52 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Possible Causes**

A passenger safety belt buckle switch current out of range fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty passenger safety belt buckle switch.
- a faulted RCM.

# PINPOINT TEST Q: LFC 52/DTC B2439 — PASSENGER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH RESISTANCE OUT OF RANGE

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
Q1 (	CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	Hesuit / Action to Take
	WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
	WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
	WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.	
(	NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.	
	NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.  NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self
	<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:</li> <li>On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:</li> </ul>	test. GO to Q2.
	Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.  Was the DTC B2439 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to Q4.
Q2 (	CHECK THE PASSENGER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Install a known good passenger safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B2439 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to Q3. No Fault corrected. GO to Q5.
Q3 (	CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT	
(	On-Demand Self-Test.	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to Q5.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to Q5.

## PINPOINT TEST Q: LFC 52/DTC B2439 — PASSENGER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH RESISTANCE OUT OF RANGE (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
Q4	Key in OFF position.     Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.     Was the DTC B2439 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	Yes GO to Q2. No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to Q5.
Q5	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
	<ul> <li>Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step Q1.</li> <li>Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step Q1?</li> </ul>	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test R: LFC 51/DTC B2691 — Driver Safety Belt Buckle Switch Circuit Fault

### **Normal Operation**

As part of the SRS, the driver and passenger safety belt buckles are equipped with Hall-effect switches. The safety belt switches indicate to the RCM whether the safety belts are buckled or unbuckled. Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

The restraints control module (RCM) checks the driver safety belt buckle switch circuits for faults. If the RCM detects an open circuit or short to voltage fault, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B2691 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 51 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

### **Possible Causes**

A driver safety belt buckle switch open circuit or short to voltage fault can be caused by:

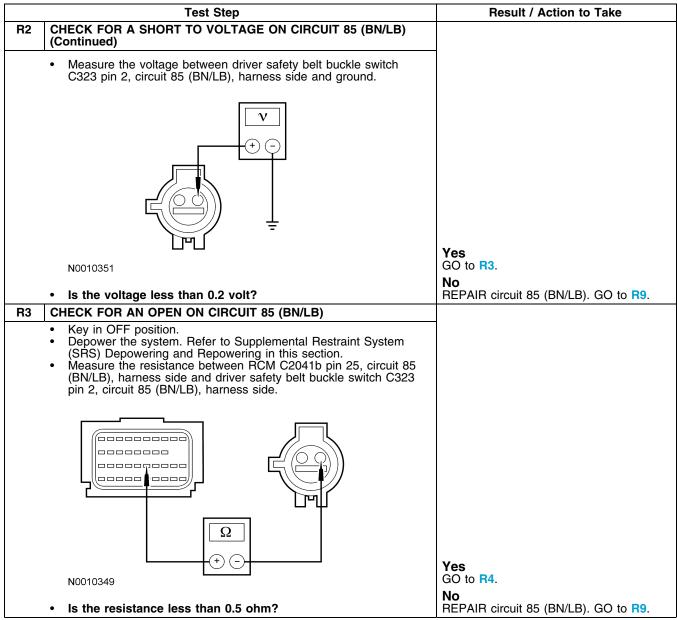
- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty driver safety belt buckle switch.
- a faulted RCM.

### PINPOINT TEST R: LFC 51/DTC B2691 — DRIVER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT FAULT

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
R1	CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	
	WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.  WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can	
	result in personal injury.  WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.  NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.  NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to R2.  No This is an intermittent fault. The fault
	<ul> <li>Was the DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	condition is not present at this time. GO to R8.
R2	CHECK FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE ON CIRCUIT 85 (BN/LB)	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>For vehicles equipped with seat side air bags, carry out the following:         <ul> <li>Disconnect driver seat side air bag C367.</li> <li>Connect restraint system diagnostic tool 418-133 to driver seat side air bag C367.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Disconnect: Driver Safety Belt Buckle Switch C323.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> </ul>	
		(Continued)

## PINPOINT TEST R: LFC 51/DTC B2691 — DRIVER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT FAULT (Continued)



# PINPOINT TEST R: LFC 51/DTC B2691 — DRIVER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT FAULT (Continued)

PAGE CHECK FOR AN OPEN GROUND CIRCUIT  Measure the resistance between driver safety belt buckle switch C381 pin 1, circuit 1203 (BK/LB), harness side and ground.  Yes G0 to R5. No REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to R8.  THE CHECK CIRCUIT 55 (BN/LB) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND  Measure the resistance between driver safety belt buckle switch C323 pin 2, circuit 85 (BN/LB), harness side and ground.  Yes G0 to R5. No REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to R8.  The CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH  NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connectors are connected before can ordered and the resistance between the connected before can order and self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  Install a known good driver safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A.  Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b. Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  Was DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test?  (Continued)  Yes G0 to R7. No Fault corrected. G0 to R9.	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
Yes GO to R5. No REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to R9.  **To Resistance less than 0.5 ohm?*  **R5 CHECK CIRCUIT 85 (BN/LB) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND*  **Measure the resistance between driver safety belt buckle switch C323 pin 2, circuit 85 (BN/LB), harness side and ground.  **Yes GO to R5. No REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to R9.  **Yes GO to R6. No REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to R9.  **Yes GO to R6. No REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  **Yes GO to R6. No REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  **Yes GO to R6. No REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  **Yes Connected before carrying out the on-demand self test.! frot, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  **Instal a known good driver safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A. Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.  **Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  **Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  **Yes GO to R6. No REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  **Yes GO to R7. No PART CIRCUIT 85 (BN/LB) and REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.		
N0010409  • Is the resistance less than 0.5 ohm?  RS   CHECK CIRCUIT 85 (BN/LB) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND  • Measure the resistance between driver safety belt buckle switch C323 pin 2, circuit 85 (BN/LB), harness side and ground.  Ves GO to R5.  No REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to R9.  Yes GO to R6. No REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  Post CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH  NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connectors are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, error and the RCM electrical connectors are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test.  Yes GO to R7.  No Check THE ACM Electrical Connectors are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test.  Yes GO to R7.  No Check THE CHICAL ELECTR	Measure the resistance between driver safety belt buckle switch C381 pin 1, circuit 1203 (BK/LB), harness side and ground.	
* Is the resistance less than 0.5 ohm?  **R5 CHECK CIRCUIT 85 (BN/LB) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND  **Measure the resistance between driver safety belt buckle switch C323 pin 2, circuit 85 (BN/LB), harness side and ground.  **Yes GO to R6.  **No.  **R6 CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH  **No.  **No.  **No.  **R6 CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH  **No.  **No.  **No.  **REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  **No.  **REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  **Yes GO to R6.  **No.  **REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  **Yes GO to R6.  **No.  **REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  **Yes GO to R6.  **No.  **REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  **Yes GO to R6.  **No.  **REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  **Yes GO to R6.  **No.  **REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  **Yes GO to R7.  **No.  **No.  **Po.  **Po		
REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to R9.  Pes GO to R6.  No.  REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  Pes GO to R6.  No.  REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to R9.  Pes GO to R6.  No.  REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  Pes GO to R6.  No.  REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  Pes GO to R6.  No.  REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.  Per GO to R9.  Pes GO to R9.	N0010409	GO to R5.
R5 CHECK CIRCUIT 85 (BN/LB) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND  • Measure the resistance between driver safety belt buckle switch C323 pin 2, circuit 85 (BN/LB), harness side and ground.  Yes GO to R6.  No  • Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?  R6 CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH  NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RGM electrical connectors are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  • Install a known good driver safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A.  • Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b. • Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  • Was DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	<ul> <li>Is the resistance less than 0.5 ohm?</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between driver safety belt buckle switch C323 pin 2, circuit 85 (BN/LB), harness side and ground.</li> <li>Yes GO to R6.</li> <li>Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?</li> <li>R6 CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH</li> <li>NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connectors are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.</li> <li>Install a known good driver safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A.</li> <li>Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	R5 CHECK CIRCUIT 85 (BN/LB) FOR A SHORT TO GROUND	
N0010350  • Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?  R6 CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH  NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connectors are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  • Install a known good driver safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A.  • Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.  • Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  • Was DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test?		
Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?  R6 CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH  NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connectors are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  Install a known good driver safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A. Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b. Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test. Was DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test?  GO to R6. No REPAIR circuit 85 (BN/LB). GO to R9.		
Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?  R6 CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH  NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connectors are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  Install a known good driver safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A. Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b. Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  Was DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test?  No Fault corrected. GO to R9.	N0010350	
R6 CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH  NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connectors are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  Install a known good driver safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A.  Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.  Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  Was DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test?  Yes GO to R7. No Fault corrected. GO to R9.		
NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connectors are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  Install a known good driver safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A.  Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.  Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  Was DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test?  Yes GO to R7. No Fault corrected. GO to R9.		25 (21.0.22). 33 13
Repowering in this section.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  • Was DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test?  Test GO to R7. No Fault corrected. GO to R9.	NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connectors are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  Install a known good driver safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A.  Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.  Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time.	
• Was DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test? Fault corrected. GO to R9.	Repowering in this section.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:	GO to R7.
		Fault corrected. GO to R9.

## PINPOINT TEST R: LFC 51/DTC B2691 — DRIVER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT FAULT (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
R7	CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT	
	NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  • Key in OFF position.  • Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  • Reinstall the original safety belt buckle.  • Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self-Test.  • Was DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to R9.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to R9.
R8	CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	<b>」</b>
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was the DTC B2691 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to R2.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to R9.
R9	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
	<ul> <li>Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step R1.</li> <li>Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step R1?</li> </ul>	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test S: LFC 52/DTC B2692 — Passenger Safety Belt Buckle Switch Circuit Fault

### **Normal Operation**

As part of the SRS, the driver and passenger safety belt buckles are equipped with Hall-effect switches. The safety belt switches indicate to the RCM whether the safety belts are buckled or unbuckled. Refer to Air Bag and Safety Belt Pretensioner Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) in this section.

The restraints control module (RCM) checks the passenger safety belt buckle switch circuits for faults. If the RCM detects an open circuit or short to voltage fault, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B2692 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 52 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Possible Causes**

A passenger safety belt buckle switch open circuit or short to voltage fault can be caused by:

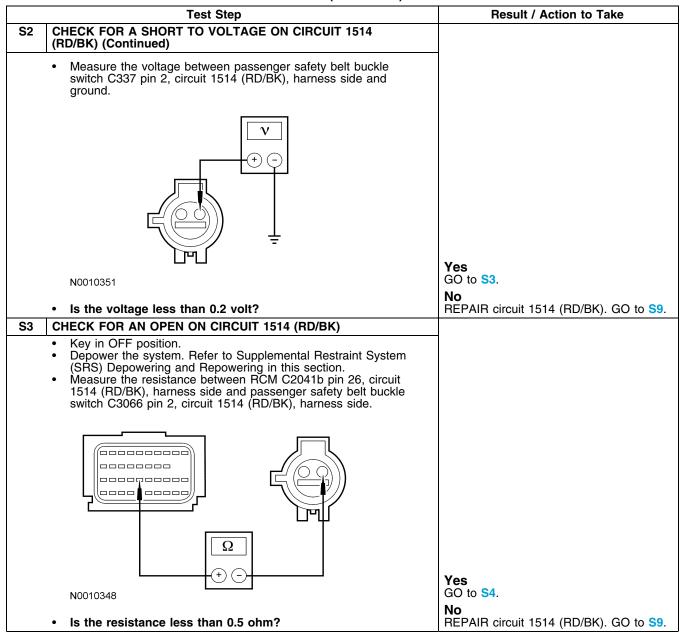
- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty passenger safety belt buckle switch.
- a faulted RCM.

# PINPOINT TEST S: LFC 52/DTC B2692 — PASSENGER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT FAULT

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
S1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.	
NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.	
NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is
NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.	still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no
Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:     On-Demand Self Test.	longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to S2.
<ul> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:         Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.</li> <li>Was the DTC B2692 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	No This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to \$8.
S2 CHECK FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE ON CIRCUIT 1514 (RD/BK)	30.
Key in OFF position.     Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.     For vehicles equipped with seat side air bags, carry out the following:     Disconnect passenger seat side air bag C337.     Connect restraint system diagnostic tool 418-133 to passenger seat side air bag C337.     Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.     Disconnect: Passenger Safety Belt Buckle Switch C337.     Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.     Key in ON position.	

# PINPOINT TEST S: LFC 52/DTC B2692 — PASSENGER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT FAULT (Continued)



# PINPOINT TEST S: LFC 52/DTC B2692 — PASSENGER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT FAULT (Continued)

TAOLT (Continued)		
	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
S4	CHECK FOR AN OPEN GROUND CIRCUIT 1203 (BK/LB)	
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between passenger safety belt buckle switch C3066 pin 1, circuit 1203 (BK/LB), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	N0040400	Yes GO to S5.
	N0010409	No
	<ul><li>Is the resistance less than 0.5 ohm?</li></ul>	REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to \$9.
S5	CHECK FOR A SHORT TO GROUND ON CIRCUIT 1514 (RD/BK)	
	<ul> <li>Measure the resistance between passenger safety belt buckle switch C3066 pin 2, circuit 1514 (RD/BK), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	Ω + -	Yes
	N0010350	GO to S6.
	• Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	No   REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to S9.
S6	CHECK THE SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH	
	NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connectors are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  Install a known good passenger safety belt buckle. Refer to Section 501-20A.  Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.  Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and	Yes
	Repowering in this section.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:	GO to S7.
	On-Demand Self Test.  • Was DTC B2692 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	No Fault corrected, GO to S9.
L	The Die Deve Tealered during the on-demand sen test:	(Continued)

# PINPOINT TEST S: LFC 52/DTC B2692 — PASSENGER SAFETY BELT BUCKLE SWITCH CIRCUIT FAULT (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
<b>S7</b>	CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT	
	<ul> <li>NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.</li> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Reinstall the original safety belt buckle.</li> <li>Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self-Test.</li> <li>Was DTC B2692 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to \$9.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to \$9.
S8	CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was the DTC B2692 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to \$2.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to \$9.
S9	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
	<ul> <li>Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step S1.</li> <li>Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step S1?</li> </ul>	Pes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test T: LFC 16/DTC B2909 — Belt Tension Sensor Fault

### **Normal Operation**

**NOTE:** LFC 16 is shared between DTC B2290 and DTC B2909.

The belt tension sensor is part of the occupant classification sensor (OCS) system. The OCS system interprets a variable voltage signal provided by the safety belt tension sensor to identify the possible presence of a child safety seat in the front passenger seat. The voltage output of the belt tension sensor is proportional to the amount of tension applied to the sensor by the belt, no tension-low voltage (approximately 0.95 volt), high tension-high voltage, (approximately 3.8 volts).

The occupant classification sensor (OCS) system checks the belt tension sensor circuits for faults. If the OCS detects one of the following faults on any of the belt tension sensor circuits, it will report the failure to the RCM. The RCM will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) B2909 in memory and flash either lamp fault code (LFC) 16 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

The occupant classification sensor (OCS) system components (seat cushion foam pad, bladder with pressure sensor and electronic control unit) are calibrated to each other and are serviced as an assembly. The OCS system components are not to be installed separately with the exception of the belt tension sensor. If a new OCS system, OCS system component or seat cushion foam pad are needed, a new OCS system service kit (seat cushion foam pad, bladder with pressure sensor and electronic control unit) must be installed as an assembly.

#### **Possible Causes**

A belt tension sensor circuit fault can be caused by one of the following:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulted belt tension sensor.
- a faulted OCS ECU.

### PINPOINT TEST T: LFC 16/DTC B2909 — BELT TENSION SENSOR FAULT

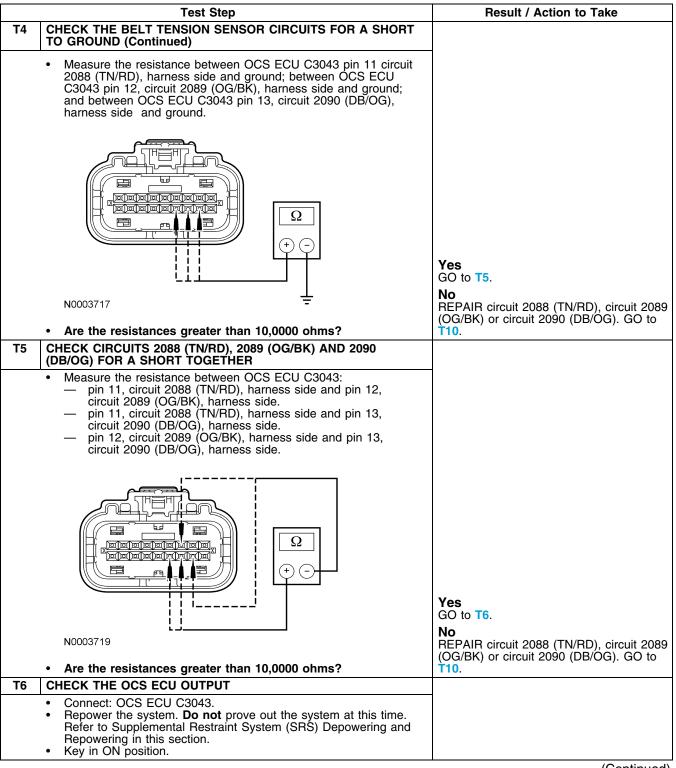
**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
T1	CHECK FOR CONTINUOUS OR ON-DEMAND SELF TEST DTCs	
	WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
	WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
	WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test.
	NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle	Using the flagged faults recorded, GO to the appropriate pinpoint test step.  If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded,
	over the road.	multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint test must be carried out.
	<ul> <li>NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag DTC B2909/Record All Flagged Faults.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Flag/Record Continuous DTCs.</li> <li>Was DTC B2909 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	For Belt tension sensor with a circuit fault (FPTS_F), GO to T2.  For belt tension sensor with a short to ground fault (FPTS_SG), GO to T4.  No This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to T9.
T2	CHECK THE BELT TENSION SENSOR CIRCUITS FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>For vehicles equipped with seat side air bags, carry out the following:         <ul> <li>Disconnect passenger seat side air bag C337.</li> <li>Connect restraint system diagnostic tool 418-133 to passenger seat side air bag C337.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Disconnect: Belt Tension Sensor C3238.</li> <li>Disconnect: OCS ECU C3043.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> </ul>	
		(Continued)

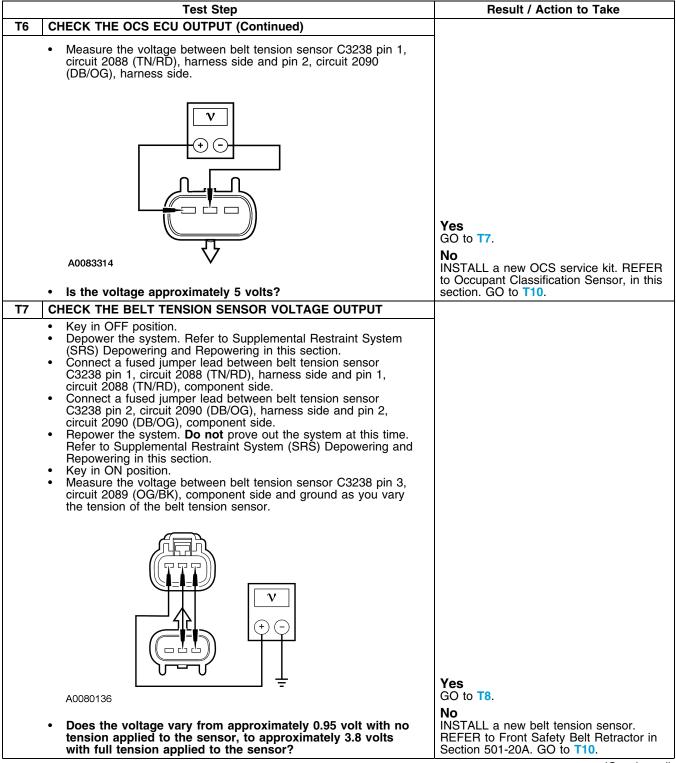
### PINPOINT TEST T: LFC 16/DTC B2909 — BELT TENSION SENSOR FAULT (Continued)

### Result / Action to Take Test Step CHECK THE BELT TENSION SENSOR CIRCUITS FOR A SHORT **T2** TO VOLTAGE (Continued) Measure the voltage between OCS ECU C3043 pin 11, circuit 2088 (TN/RD), harness side and ground; between OCS ECU C3043 pin 13, circuit 2090 (DB/OG), harness side and ground; and between OCS ECU C3043 pin 12, circuit 2089 (OG/BK), harness side and ground. 1()o( Yes GO to T3. No N0003715 REPAIR circuit 2088 (TN/RD), circuit 2089 (OG/BK) or circuit 2090 (DB/OG). GO to Are the voltages less than 0.2 volt? CHECK THE BELT TENSION SENSOR CIRCUITS FOR AN OPEN **T3** Key in OFF position. Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. Measure the resistance between OCS C3043 pin 11, circuit 2088 (TN/RD), harness side and belt tension sensor C3238 pin 1, circuit 2088 (TN/RD), harness side; between OCS C3043 pin 13, circuit 2000 (DB/OG), harness side and belt tension sensor C3238 pin 2, circuit 2090 (DB/OG), harness side; and between OCS C3043 pin 12, circuit 2089 (OG/BK), harness side and belt tension sensor C3238 pin 3, circuit 2089 (OG/BK), harness side. Ω Yes GO to T5. REPAIR circuit 2088 (TN/RD), circuit 2089 N0011641 (OG/BK) or circuit 2090 (DB/OG). GO to T10. Are the resistances less than 0.5 ohm? CHECK THE BELT TENSION SENSOR CIRCUITS FOR A SHORT **T4 TO GROUND** Key in OFF position. Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. For vehicles equipped with seat side air bags, carry out the following: Disconnect passenger seat side air bag C337. Connect restraint system diagnostic tool 418-133 to passenger seat side air bag C337. Disconnect: OCS ECU C3043.

### PINPOINT TEST T: LFC 16/DTC B2909 — BELT TENSION SENSOR FAULT (Continued)



#### PINPOINT TEST T: LFC 16/DTC B2909 — BELT TENSION SENSOR FAULT (Continued)



### PINPOINT TEST T: LFC 16/DTC B2909 — BELT TENSION SENSOR FAULT (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
T8	CONFIRM THE BELT TENSION SENSOR FAULT	
	<b>NOTE:</b> Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Connect: Belt Tension Sensor C3238.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag</li> </ul>	Yes INSTALL a new OCS service kit. REFER to Occupant Classification Sensor in this section. GO to T10.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness.
	<ul><li>DTC B2909/Record All Flagged Faults.</li><li>Was DTC B2909 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li></ul>	REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to T10.
Т9	CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Flag DTC B2909/Record All Flagged Faults.</li> <li>Was DTC B2909 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is now present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test.
		Using the flagged faults recorded, GO to the appropriate pinpoint test step.
		If a flagged fault of "?" was recorded, multiple faults exist and the entire pinpoint test must be carried out.
		For belt tension sensor with a circuit fault (FPTS_F), GO to T2.
		For belt tension sensor with a short to ground fault (FPTS_SG), GO to T4.
		No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to T10.
T10	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
	<ul> <li>Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step T1.</li> <li>Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step T1?</li> </ul>	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.
		RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test U: LFC 15/DTC C1414 — Incorrect Module Design Level

### **Normal Operation**

The RCM monitors the communication condition and circuits of the OCS sensor for an embedded vehicle ID. If the RCM detects an unexpected condition or code from the OCS system, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) C1414 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 15 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Possible Causes**

An incorrect vehicle identification code can be caused by:

- incorrect RCM for vehicle.
- incorrect OCS system for vehicle.

#### PINPOINT TEST U: LFC 15/DTC C1414 — INCORRECT MODULE DESIGN LEVEL

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
U1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.  WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can	
result in personal injury.  WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.	
NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.  NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.  • Was DTC C1414 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to U2.  No This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to U5.
CHECK THE OCS PART NUMBER     Key in OFF position.     Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.     Check the part number of the OCS against the part number listed in the master parts catalog.     Did the part number on the OCS match the part number listed in the master parts catalog?	Yes GO to U3. No INSTALL a new OCS with the correct part number. REFER to Occupant Classification Sensor in this section. GO to U6.
U3 CHECK THE RCM PART NUMBER	
Check the part number on the RCM against the part number listed in the master parts catalog.     Did the part number on the RCM match the part number listed in the master parts catalog?	Yes GO to U4. No INSTALL a new RCM with the correct part number. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to U6.

### PINPOINT TEST U: LFC 15/DTC C1414 — INCORRECT MODULE DESIGN LEVEL (Continued)

Test Step		Result / Action to Take
U4   CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT		
NOTE: Make sure all restraint system di- electrical connectors and the RCM electr connected before carrying out the on-del erroneous DTCs will be recorded.	rical connector are	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to U6.
<ul> <li>Repower the system. Do not prove of Refer to Supplemental Restraint Syst Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode of On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was the DTC C1414 retrieved during test?</li> </ul>	em (SRS) Depowering and on the diagnostic tool:	No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to U6.
U5 CHECK FOR INTERMITTENT FAULTS		
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode of On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode of Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.</li> <li>Was DTC C1414 retrieved during the Continuous of Continuous DTCs.</li> </ul>	on the diagnostic tool:	Yes GO to U2.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to U6.
U6 CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs		
Refer to the continuous DTCs records     Were any continuous DTCs retrieve		Pes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test V: LFC 49/DTC C1947 — Seat Track Position Switch Circuit Short to Ground

### **Normal Operation**

The seat track position sensor informs the RCM of the driver seat position.

The restraints control module (RCM) monitors the driver seat track position sensor circuits. If the RCM detects a short to ground, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) C1947 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 49 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Possible Causes**

A driver seat track position sensor short to ground fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty driver seat track position sensor.
- a faulted RCM.

# PINPOINT TEST V: LFC 49/DTC C1947 — SEAT TRACK POSITION SWITCH CIRCUIT SHORT TO GROUND

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint	1
Test Step  V1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	Result / Action to Take
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of	
vehicle safety standards.  WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.  NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.	
NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.  NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.  • Was the DTC C1947 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self test. GO to V2.  No This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to V5.
V2 CHECK FOR A SHORT TO GROUND ON CIRCUITS 1520 (LG) AND 1203 (BK/LG) BETWEEN THE RCM AND THE DRIVER SEAT	V 3.
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>For vehicles equipped with seat side air bags, carry out the following:  — Disconnect driver seat side air bag C367.  — Connect restraint system diagnostic tool 418-133 to driver seat side air bag C367.</li> <li>Disconnect: Driver Seat Track Position Sensor C356.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between RCM C2041b pin 23, circuit 1520 (LG), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
	Yes
A0074754	GO to V3.
Is the resistance greater than 1,000,000 ohms?	No REPAIR circuit 1520 (LG). GO to V6.

# PINPOINT TEST V: LFC 49/DTC C1947 — SEAT TRACK POSITION SWITCH CIRCUIT SHORT TO GROUND (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
V3	CHECK THE SEAT TRACK POSITION SENSOR	
	<b>NOTE:</b> Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.	
	<ul> <li>Install a known good seat track position sensor. Refer to Seat Position Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was the DTC C1947 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to V4. No Fault corrected. GO to V6.
V4	CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT	
	NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  • Key in OFF position.  • Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  • Reinstall the original seat track position sensor.	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to V6. No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault.
	<ul> <li>Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self-Test.</li> <li>Was DTC C1947 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to V6.
V5	CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC C1947 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to V2.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to V6.
V6	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
	<ul> <li>Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step V1.</li> <li>Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step V1?</li> </ul>	Ves Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section.
		section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test W: LFC 49/DTC C1948 — Seat Track Position Switch Circuit Resistance Out of Range

**NOTE:** Due to the seat track position sensor being a Hall-effect type sensor, this pinpoint test will be diagnosing a current out of range fault instead of the current DTC definition for a resistance out of range fault.

### **Normal Operation**

The seat track position sensor informs the RCM of the driver seat position.

The restraints control module (RCM) monitors the driver seat track position sensor circuits. If the RCM detects a current out of range condition, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) C1948 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 49 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Possible Causes**

A seat track position sensor current out of range fault can be caused by:

- a faulty seat track position sensor.
- RCM is faulted.

### PINPOINT TEST W: LFC 49/DTC C1948 — SEAT TRACK POSITION SWITCH CIRCUIT RESISTANCE OUT OF RANGE

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
W1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.	
NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system	
(SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system	Yes
diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.  NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before	This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no longer retrieved during the on-demand self
releasing the vehicle to the customer.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:	test. GO to W2.
Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.	No
Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:     On-Demand Self Test.	This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to
Was DTC C1948 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	W4.
W2 CHECK THE SEAT TRACK POSITION SENSOR	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Install a known good seat track position sensor. Refer to Seat Position Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and</li> </ul>	Yes
Repowering in this section.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool:	GO to W3.
On-Demand Self Test.  • Was DTC C1948 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	No Fault corrected. GO to W5.

# PINPOINT TEST W: LFC 49/DTC C1948 — SEAT TRACK POSITION SWITCH CIRCUIT RESISTANCE OUT OF RANGE (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
W3 CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT	
NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic electrical connectors and the RCM electrical conconnected before carrying out the on-demand se erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  Ney in OFF position. Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this seat track position sense. Reinstall the original seat track position sense. Repower the system. Do not prove out the sefer to Supplemental Restraint System (SR Repowering in this section. Enter the following diagnostic mode on the don-Demand Self Test.	rector are self test. If not,  Restraint System section.  or. ystem at this time. S) Depowering and siagnostic tool:  Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to W5.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found.
W4 CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the d On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC C1948 retrieved during the on-demand self the conditions of the conditions o</li></ul>	No
W5   CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded durin     Were any continuous DTCs retrieved durin	

# Pinpoint Test X: LFC 49/DTC C1981 — Seat Track Position Switch Circuit Fault

#### **Normal Operation**

The seat track position sensor informs the RCM of the drivers seat position.

The restraints control module (RCM) monitors the driver seat track position sensor circuits. If the RCM detects an open circuit or short to voltage, it will store diagnostic trouble code (DTC) C1981 in memory and flash lamp fault code (LFC) 49 (or higher priority code if one exists) on the air bag indicator.

#### **Possible Causes**

A seat track position sensor open circuit or short to voltage fault can be caused by:

- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulted seat track position switch.
- a faulted RCM.

### PINPOINT TEST X: LFC 49/DTC C1981 — SEAT TRACK POSITION SWITCH CIRCUIT FAULT

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
X1 CHECK FOR A HARD OR INTERMITTENT DTC	nesult / Action to Take
WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards.	
WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury.	
WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury.  NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system	
(SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered.  NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle over the road.	Yes This is a hard fault. The fault condition is still present. This fault cannot be cleared until it is corrected and the DTC is no
NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  • Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: Retrieve/Record/Continuous DTCs.	longer retrieved during the on-demand self test.  GO to X2.  No  This is an intermittent fault. The fault condition is not present at this time. GO to
Was DTC C1981 retrieved during the on-demand self test?  X2 CHECK FOR A SHORT TO VOLTAGE ON CIRCUIT 1520 (LG)	X7.
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>For vehicles equipped with seat side air bags, carry out the following:         <ul> <li>Disconnect driver seat side air bag C367.</li> <li>Connect restraint system diagnostic tool 418-133 to driver seat side air bag C367.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Disconnect: Driver Seat Track Position Sensor C356.</li> <li>Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Key in ON position.</li> <li>Measure the voltage between driver seat track position sensor C356 pin 2, circuit 1520 (LG), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
A0088603	Yes GO to X3.
Is the voltage less than 0.2 volt?	No REPAIR circuit 1520 (LG). GO to X8.

### PINPOINT TEST X: LFC 49/DTC C1981 — SEAT TRACK POSITION SWITCH CIRCUIT FAULT (Continued)

Test Step	Result / Action to Take
X3 CHECK FOR AN OPEN ON CIRCUIT 1203 (BK/LB)	
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between driver seat track position sensor C356 pin 1, circuit 1203 (BK/LB), harness side and ground.</li> </ul>	
A0088601  • Is the resistance less than 5 ohms?	Yes GO to X4. No REPAIR circuit 1203 (BK/LB). GO to X8.
X4 CHECK FOR AN OPEN ON CIRCUIT 1520 (LG)	HEPAIR CITCUIT 1203 (BR/LB). GO to Ao.
<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Measure the resistance between RCM C2041b pin 23, circuit 1520 (LG), harness side and driver seat track position sensor C356 pin 2, circuit 1520 (LG), harness side.</li> </ul>	Yes GO to X5. No
Is the resistance less than 0.5 ohm?	REPAIR circuit 1520 (LG). GO to X8.
X5 CHECK THE SEAT TRACK POSITION SENSOR	_
<ul> <li>Install a known good seat track position sensor. Refer to Seat Position Sensor in this section.</li> <li>Connect: RCM C2041a and C2041b.</li> <li>Repower the system. <b>Do not</b> prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC C1981 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to X6. No Fault corrected. GO to X8.

#### PINPOINT TEST X: LFC 49/DTC C1981 — SEAT TRACK POSITION SWITCH CIRCUIT FAULT (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
Х6	CONFIRM THE RCM FAULT	
	NOTE: Make sure all restraint system diagnostic tools, sensor electrical connectors and the RCM electrical connector are connected before carrying out the on-demand self test. If not, erroneous DTCs will be recorded.  Key in OFF position.  Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  Reinstall the original seat track position sensor.  Repower the system. Do not prove out the system at this time. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section.  Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.  Was DTC C1981 retrieved during the on-demand self test?	Yes INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. GO to X8.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to X8.
X7	CHECK FOR AN INTERMITTENT FAULT	
	<ul> <li>Key in OFF position.</li> <li>Enter the following diagnostic mode on the diagnostic tool: On-Demand Self Test.</li> <li>Was DTC C1981 retrieved during the on-demand self test?</li> </ul>	Yes GO to X2.  No CHECK for causes of the intermittent fault. ATTEMPT to recreate the hard fault by flexing the wire harness and cycling the ignition key frequently. ACTIVATE other systems in the same wire harness. REPAIR any intermittent concerns found. GO to X8.
X8	CHECK FOR ADDITIONAL DTCs	
	<ul> <li>Refer to the continuous DTCs recorded during Step X1.</li> <li>Were any continuous DTCs retrieved during Step X1?</li> </ul>	Yes Do not clear any DTCs until all DTCs have been resolved. GO to the Restraints Control Module (RCM) Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) Table in this section for pinpoint test direction.  No RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.

# Pinpoint Test Y: No Communication With The Restraints Control Module (RCM)

#### **Normal Operation**

The diagnostic tool communicates with the restraints control module (RCM) monitors through the data link connector (DLC) C251 pin 7, 70 (LB/WH).

#### **Possible Causes**

A no communication with the RCM fault can be caused by:

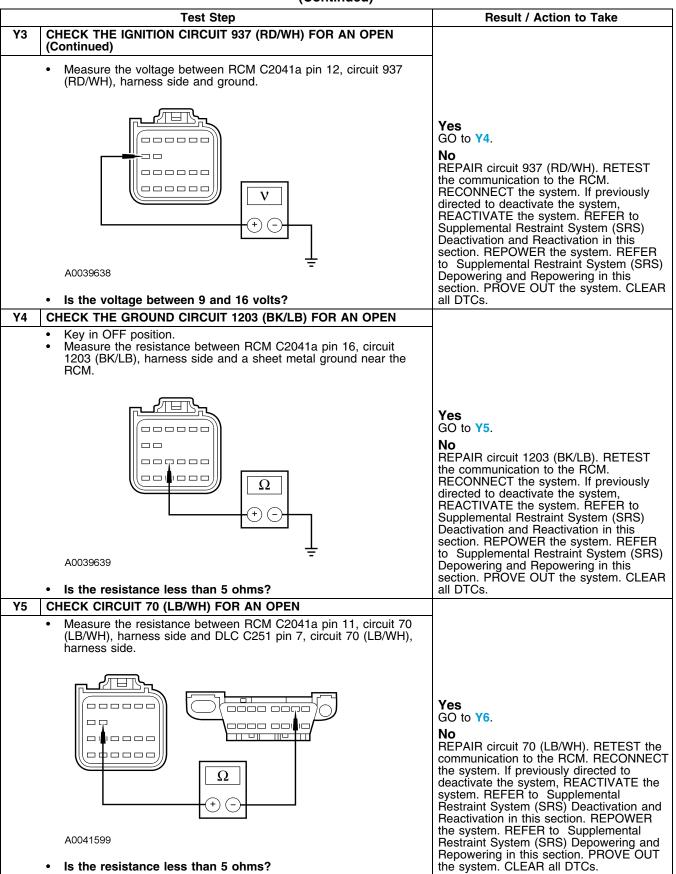
- wiring, terminals or connectors.
- a faulty data link connector (DLC).
- RCM is faulted.

#### PINPOINT TEST Y: NO COMMUNICATION WITH THE RESTRAINTS CONTROL MODULE (RCM)

**NOTE:** Most faults are due to connector and/or wiring concerns. Carry out a thorough Inspection and Verification before proceeding with the pinpoint test.

#### Test Step Result / Action to Take CHECK RCM C2041a PIN 11 FOR DAMAGE **Y1** WARNING: Restraint system diagnostic tools are for service only. Tools must be removed prior to operating the vehicle over the road. Failure to remove restraint system diagnostic tools could result in injury and possible violation of vehicle safety standards. ✓! WARNING: Never probe the connectors on the air bag module. Doing so can result in air bag deployment, which can result in personal injury. ✓! WARNING: The safety belt pretensioner is a pyrotechnic device. Always wear safety glasses when repairing an air bag equipped vehicle and when handling a safety belt buckle pretensioner or safety belt retractor pretensioner. Never probe a pretensioner electrical connector. Doing so could result in pretensioner or air bag deployment and could result in personal injury. Yes NOTE: If a seat equipped with a supplemental restraint system GO to Y2. (SRS) component is being serviced, the (SRS) must be depowered. No NOTE: After diagnosing or repairing an SRS, the restraint system REPAIR RCM C2041a or RCM C2041a diagnostic tools must be removed before operating the vehicle pin 11 as necessary. RETEST the over the road. communication to the RCM. RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and NOTE: The SRS must be fully operational and free of faults before releasing the vehicle to the customer. Key in OFF position. Depower the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. Disconnect: RCM C2041a and C2041b. Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Inspect RCM C2041a, harness side and RCM C2041a, component side, pin 11 for damage. Are RCM C2041a and RCM C2041a pin 11 OK? Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs. **CHECK DLC C251 PIN 7 FOR DAMAGE Y2** Inspect DLC C251 and DLC C251 pin 7 for damage. Yes GO to Y3. REPAIR DLC C251 or DLC C251 pin 7 as necessary. RETEST the communication to the RCM. RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) A0030459 Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR Are DLC C251 and DLC C251 pin 7 OK? all DTCs. **Y3** CHECK THE IGNITION CIRCUIT 937 (RD/WH) FOR AN OPEN Deactivate the system. Refer to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. Key in ON position.

## PINPOINT TEST Y: NO COMMUNICATION WITH THE RESTRAINTS CONTROL MODULE (RCM) (Continued)



# PINPOINT TEST Y: NO COMMUNICATION WITH THE RESTRAINTS CONTROL MODULE (RCM) (Continued)

	Test Step	Result / Action to Take
Y6	_ <del>,</del>	Yes Fault corrected. RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this
		section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.  No INSTALL a new RCM. REFER to Restraints Control Module (RCM) in this section. RETEST the communication to the RCM. RECONNECT the system. If previously directed to deactivate the system, REACTIVATE the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Deactivation and Reactivation in this section. REPOWER the system. REFER to Supplemental Restraint System (SRS) Depowering and Repowering in this section. PROVE OUT the system. CLEAR all DTCs.